118TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	S.	
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To provide for consumer protection and responsible financial innovation, to bring crypto assets within the regulatory perimeter, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Ms. Lummis (for herself and Mrs. Gillibrand) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To provide for consumer protection and responsible financial innovation, to bring crypto assets within the regulatory perimeter, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Lummis-Gillibrand Responsible Financial Innovation
- 6 Act".
- 7 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 8 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—DEFINITIONS

Sec. 101. Definitions.

TITLE II—PUTTING CONSUMER PROTECTION FIRST

- Sec. 201. Sense of Congress relating to crypto asset enforcement powers.
- Sec. 202. Enforcement of consumer protection requirements.
- Sec. 203. Mandatory proof of reserves; annual verification.
- Sec. 204. Plain language crypto asset customer agreements.
- Sec. 205. Basic consumer protection standards for crypto assets.
- Sec. 206. Cleaning up crypto asset lending.
- Sec. 207. Settlement finality.
- Sec. 208. Advertisements of crypto asset intermediaries and certain other persons.
- Sec. 209. Cybersecurity standards for crypto asset intermediaries.

TITLE III—COMBATING ILLICIT FINANCE

- Sec. 301. Higher penalties for crypto asset crimes.
- Sec. 302. Anti-money laundering examination standards.
- Sec. 303. Crypto asset kiosks.
- Sec. 304. Independent Financial Technology Working Group to Combat Terrorism and Illicit Financing.
- Sec. 305. Sanctions compliance responsibilities of payment stablecoin issuers.
- Sec. 306. Crypto asset mixers and tumblers.
- Sec. 307. Financial Crimes Enforcement Network Innovation Laboratory.

TITLE IV—RESPONSIBLE COMMODITIES REGULATION

- Sec. 401. Definitions.
- Sec. 402. Reporting and recordkeeping.
- Sec. 403. Jurisdiction over crypto asset transactions.
- Sec. 404. Registration of crypto asset exchanges.
- Sec. 405. Supervision of affiliates.
- Sec. 406. Violations.
- Sec. 407. Market reports.
- Sec. 408. Bankruptcy treatment of crypto assets.
- Sec. 409. Identified banking products.
- Sec. 410. Financial institutions definition.
- Sec. 411. Offsetting the costs of crypto asset regulation.

TITLE V—RESPONSIBLE SECURITIES REGULATION

- Sec. 501. Securities offerings involving certain intangible assets.
- Sec. 502. Guidance relating to satisfactory control location.

TITLE VI—CUSTOMER PROTECTION AND MARKET INTEGRITY AUTHORITY

- Sec. 601. Customer protection and market integrity authority.
- Sec. 602. Registration, rulemaking, and supervision of customer protection and market integrity authorities.
- Sec. 603. Records and reports; duties and powers of customer protection and market integrity authorities.

TITLE VII—RESPONSIBLE PAYMENTS INNOVATION

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- Sec. 701. Issuance of payment stablecoins.
- Sec. 702. Treatment of endogenously referenced crypto assets.
- Sec. 703. Certificate of authority to commence banking.
- Sec. 704. Holding company supervision of covered depository institutions.
- Sec. 705. Codifying custodial principles for financial institutions.
- Sec. 706. Implementation rules to preserve adequate competition in payment stablecoins.
- Sec. 707. Study on use of distributed ledger technology for reduction of risk in depository institutions.
- Sec. 708. Clarifying application review times with respect to the Federal banking agencies.
- Sec. 709. Conforming amendments.

TITLE VIII—RESPONSIBLE TAXATION OF CRYPTO ASSETS

- Sec. 801. De minimis gain from sale or exchange of crypto assets.
- Sec. 802. Information reporting requirements imposed on brokers with respect to crypto assets.
- Sec. 803. Sources of income.
- Sec. 804. Tax treatment of crypto asset lending agreements and related matters
- Sec. 805. Loss from wash sales of crypto assets.
- Sec. 806. Mark-to-market election.
- Sec. 807. Forks, airdrops, and subsidiary value.
- Sec. 808. Crypto asset mining and staking.
- Sec. 809. Charitable contributions and qualified appraisals.

TITLE IX—RESPONSIBLE INTERAGENCY COORDINATION

- Sec. 901. Timeline for interpretive guidance issued by Federal financial agencies.
- Sec. 902. State money transmission coordination relating to crypto assets.
- Sec. 903. Information sharing among Federal and State financial regulators.
- Sec. 904. Report on energy consumption in crypto asset markets.
- Sec. 905. Analysis of energy consumption by distributed ledger technologies.
- Sec. 906. Report on distributed ledger applications in energy.
- Sec. 907. Permitting Federal Government employees to gain experience with crypto asset technologies.
- Sec. 908. Advisory Committee on Financial Innovation.

TITLE X—EQUIPPING AGENCIES TO PROTECT CONSUMERS AND PROMOTE RESPONSIBLE INNOVATION

- Sec. 1001. Executive Office of the President appropriations.
- Sec. 1002. Financial Crimes Enforcement Network appropriations.
- Sec. 1003. Commodity Futures Trading Commission appropriations.
- Sec. 1004. Securities and Exchange Commission appropriations.
- Sec. 1005. Federal Trade Commission appropriations.
- Sec. 1006. Advisory Commission on Financial Innovation appropriations.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

2 In this Act:

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1	(1) Commodity.—The term "commodity" has
2	the meaning given the term in section 1a of the
3	Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1a).
4	(2) CRYPTO ASSET; CRYPTO ASSET INTER-
5	MEDIARY; DISTRIBUTED LEDGER TECHNOLOGY; PAY-
6	MENT STABLECOIN; SMART CONTRACT.—.—The
7	terms "crypto asset", "crypto asset intermediary",
8	"distributed ledger technology", "payment
9	stablecoin" and "smart contract" have the meanings
10	given the terms in section 9801 of title 31, United
11	States Code, as added by section 101 of this Act.
12	(3) Security.—Except as otherwise expressly
13	provided, the term "security" has the meaning given
14	the term in section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange
15	Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)).
16	TITLE I—DEFINITIONS
17	SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.
18	(a) In General.—Subtitle VI of title 31, United
19	States Code, is amended by adding after chapter 97 the
20	following:
21	"CHAPTER 98—CRYPTO ASSETS
	"Sec. "9801. Definitions.

23 "In this chapter:

²² **"§ 9801. Definitions**

1	"(1) APPROPRIATE COMMISSION.—The term
2	'appropriate commission' means the Commodity Fu-
3	tures Trading Commission or the Securities and Ex-
4	change Commission, or both, if applicable, based on
5	the commission that has statutory jurisdiction over
6	a crypto asset intermediary and acts as the primary
7	registration or licensing authority for that inter-
8	mediary.
9	"(2) Crypto Asset.—The term 'crypto
10	asset'—
11	"(A) means a natively electronic asset
12	that—
13	"(i) confers economic, proprietary, or
14	access rights or powers;
15	"(ii) is recorded using cryptographi-
16	cally secured distributed ledger technology,
17	or any similar analogue; and
18	"(iii) does not represent, derive value
19	from, or maintain backing by, a financial
20	asset (except other crypto assets); and
21	"(B) does not include—
22	"(i) a payment stablecoin, except as
23	otherwise provided by this chapter; and
24	"(ii) other interests in financial assets
25	(except other crypto assets) represented on

1	a distributed ledger or any similar ana-
2	logue.
3	"(3) Crypto asset intermediary.—The term
4	'crypto asset intermediary'—
5	"(A) means—
6	"(i) a person who holds a license, reg-
7	istration, or other similar authorization, as
8	specified by this chapter, the Commodity
9	Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.), the Se-
10	curities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et
11	seq.), the Corporation of Foreign Bond-
12	holders Act, 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77bb et
13	seq.), the Trust Indenture Act of 1939 (15
14	U.S.C. 77aaa et seq.), the Securities Ex-
15	change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et
16	seq.), the Securities Investor Protection
17	Act of 1970 (15 U.S.C. 78aaa et seq.), the
18	Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
19	U.S.C. 80a-1 et seq.), the Investment Ad-
20	visers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-1), or
21	the Omnibus Small Business Capital For-
22	mation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 80c), that
23	conducts market activities relating to
24	crypto assets; or

1	"(ii) a person who is required by law
2	to hold a license, registration, or other
3	similar authorization described in clause
4	(i); and
5	"(B) does not include a depository institu-
6	tion.
7	"(4) Depository institution.—The term 'de-
8	pository institution' has the meaning given the term
9	in section $19(b)(1)$ of the Federal Reserve Act (12
10	U.S.C. $461(b)(1)$).
11	"(5) DISTRIBUTED LEDGER TECHNOLOGY.—
12	The term 'distributed ledger technology' means tech-
13	nology that enables the operation and use of a ledger
14	that—
15	"(A) is shared across a set of distributed
16	nodes that participate in a network and store a
17	complete or partial replica of the ledger;
18	"(B) is synchronized between the nodes;
19	"(C) has data appended to the ledger by
20	following the specified consensus mechanism of
21	the ledger;
22	"(D) may be accessible to anyone or re-
23	stricted to a subset of participants; and

1	"(E) may require participants to have au-
2	thorization to perform certain actions or require
3	no authorization.
4	"(6) Payment Stablecoin.—The term 'pay-
5	ment stablecoin' means a claim represented on a dis-
6	tributed ledger or a similar analogue that is—
7	"(A) redeemable, on demand, on a 1-to-1
8	basis for instruments denominated in United
9	States dollars;
10	"(B) issued by a business entity;
11	"(C) accompanied by a statement from the
12	issuer that the asset is redeemable, as specified
13	in subparagraph (A), from the issuer or another
14	identified person;
15	"(D) backed by 1 or more financial assets
16	(excluding other crypto assets), consistent with
17	subparagraph (A); and
18	"(E) intended to be used as a medium of
19	exchange.
20	"(7) Security.—The term 'security' has the
21	meaning given the term in section 3(a) of the Secu-
22	rities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)).
23	"(8) SMART CONTRACT.—The term 'smart con-
24	tract'—
25	"(A) means—

1	"(i) computer code deployed to a dis-
2	tributed ledger technology network that
3	executes an instruction based on the occur-
4	rence or nonoccurrence of specified condi-
5	tions; or
6	"(ii) any similar analogue; and
7	"(B) includes taking possession or control
8	of a crypto asset and transferring the asset or
9	issuing executable instructions for these ac-
10	tions.".
11	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
12	The table of contents for subtitle VI of title 31, United
13	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
14	lowing:
	lowing:
14	lowing: "98. Crypto assets
14 15	lowing: "98. Crypto assets 9801". TITLE II—PUTTING CONSUMER PROTECTION FIRST
141516	lowing: "98. Crypto assets 9801". TITLE II—PUTTING CONSUMER PROTECTION FIRST
14151617	lowing: "98. Crypto assets 9801". TITLE II—PUTTING CONSUMER PROTECTION FIRST SEC. 201. SENSE OF CONGRESS RELATING TO CRYPTO
1415161718	lowing: "98. Crypto assets 9801". TITLE II—PUTTING CONSUMER PROTECTION FIRST SEC. 201. SENSE OF CONGRESS RELATING TO CRYPTO ASSET ENFORCEMENT POWERS.
14 15 16 17 18 19	lowing: "98. Crypto assets 9801". TITLE II—PUTTING CONSUMER PROTECTION FIRST SEC. 201. SENSE OF CONGRESS RELATING TO CRYPTO ASSET ENFORCEMENT POWERS. (1) Congress finds the following relating to the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"98. Crypto assets
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	lowing: "98. Crypto assets
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	"98. Crypto assets

1	promote responsible innovation through a prin-
2	ciples-based approach and to police fraud,
3	scams, and wrongdoing.
4	(B) The authority of the Commodity Fu-
5	tures Trading Commission described in sub-
6	paragraph (A) includes the following:
7	(i) Recommending criminal prosecu-
8	tion to the Department of Justice and
9	State prosecutors for fraud and conspiracy.
10	(ii) Bringing civil actions to enjoin
11	violations of this Act and other commod-
12	ities laws.
13	(iii) Seeking civil monetary penalties,
14	disgorgement of benefits, and restitution
15	and freezing assets.
16	(iv) Revoking exchange trading privi-
17	leges, registration, licenses, and other au-
18	thorizations.
19	(v) Issuing cease and desist orders.
20	(C) Congress has granted the authorities
21	described in this paragraph to the Commodity
22	Futures Trading Commission to—
23	(i) ensure fair and transparent com-
24	modities markets with accurate price dis-

1	covery and appropriate risk management
2	and
3	(ii) facilitate responsible innovation.
4	(D) The Commodity Futures Trading
5	Commission has a duty to use the authorities
6	provided to the Commission to protect all mar-
7	ket participants, regardless of sophistication
8	level, from fraud, scams, and wrongdoing relat-
9	ing to crypto assets that are not securities, as
10	defined in this Act, the Commodity Exchange
11	Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.), and case law.
12	(2) Congress finds the following relating to the
13	authority of the Securities and Exchange Commis-
14	sion:
15	(A) The Securities and Exchange Commis-
16	sion has enforcement tools to—
17	(i) ensure compliance with the securi-
18	ties laws of the United States, which have
19	made United States markets the envy of
20	the world; and
21	(ii) police fraud, scams, and wrong-
22	doing.
23	(B) The authority of the Securities and
24	Exchange Commission described in subpara-
25	graph (A) includes the following:

1	(i) Recommending criminal pro-
2	ceedings to the Department of Justice or
3	State prosecutors for fraud, investment
4	scams, insider trading, conspiracy, and
5	other violations of the securities laws of
6	the United States.
7	(ii) Bringing civil actions to enjoin
8	violations of this Act and the other securi-
9	ties laws.
10	(iii) Seeking civil monetary penalties,
11	disgorgement of profits, and restitution.
12	(iv) Barring individuals from the se-
13	curities industry and from serving as an
14	officer or director of a particular company.
15	(v) Revoking registrations, licenses, or
16	other authorizations.
17	(vi) Issuing cease and desist orders.
18	(C) Congress has granted the authorities
19	described in this paragraph to the Securities
20	and Exchange Commission to ensure fair, hon-
21	est, and transparent securities markets that en-
22	able robust capital formation and a thriving
23	economy.
24	(D) The Securities and Exchange Commis-
25	sion has a duty to use the authorities provided

1	to the Commission appropriately and propor-
2	tionately to protect consumers from fraud,
3	scams, and wrongdoing relating to crypto assets
4	that are securities, as defined in this Act, the
5	Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et seq.),
6	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
7	U.S.C. 78a et seq.), and case law, while pro-
8	viding clear guidance to innovators and market
9	participants so that those innovators and mar-
10	ket participants are able to clearly determine
11	their legal obligations pursuant to the laws en-
12	acted by Congress.
10	SEC. 202. ENFORCEMENT OF CONSUMER PROTECTION RE-
13	
13 14	QUIREMENTS.
14	QUIREMENTS.
14 15	QUIREMENTS. (a) In General.—Chapter 98 of title 31, United
14151617	QUIREMENTS. (a) In General.—Chapter 98 of title 31, United States Code, as added by section 101(a) of this Act, is
14151617	QUIREMENTS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 98 of title 31, United States Code, as added by section 101(a) of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following:
14 15 16 17 18	QUIREMENTS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 98 of title 31, United States Code, as added by section 101(a) of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following: "§ 9802. Enforcement; rules
141516171819	QUIREMENTS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 98 of title 31, United States Code, as added by section 101(a) of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following: "§ 9802. Enforcement; rules "(a) Enforcement of Standards.—Except as
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	QUIREMENTS. (a) In General.—Chapter 98 of title 31, United States Code, as added by section 101(a) of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following: "§ 9802. Enforcement; rules "(a) Enforcement of Standards.—Except as otherwise provided by this chapter, the standards of this
1415161718192021	QUIREMENTS. (a) In General.—Chapter 98 of title 31, United States Code, as added by section 101(a) of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following: "§ 9802. Enforcement; rules "(a) Enforcement of Standards.—Except as otherwise provided by this chapter, the standards of this chapter shall be enforced in an appropriate manner, com-

tegrity authority has been chartered, by that author-1 2 ity; "(2) in the case of crypto asset intermediary, if 3 4 a crypto asset customer protection and market integ-5 rity authority has not been chartered, by the Federal 6 or State licensing, registration, or chartering author-7 ity of the intermediary; and 8 "(3) in the case of a depository institution or 9 other chartered financial institution, by the appro-10 priate State or Federal banking supervisor. 11 "(b) Rulemaking.—The Federal agencies specified in paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (a) shall promulgate final rules to implement this title not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section.". 14 (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.— 15 The table of sections for chapter 98 of title 31, United 16 17 States Code, as added by section 101(a) of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following: 18 "9802. Enforcement; rules.". SEC. 203. MANDATORY PROOF OF RESERVES; ANNUAL 20 VERIFICATION. 21 (a) In General.—Chapter 98 of title 31, United 22 States Code, as amended by section 202 of this Act, is

amended by adding at the end the following:

1 "§ 9803. **Mandatory** proof of reserves: 2 verification 3 "(a) Mandatory Proof of Reserves.—A crypto asset intermediary shall maintain a system, and the req-4 5 uisite policies and procedures, to demonstrate cryptographically verifiable possession or control of all crypto 6 7 assets under custody or otherwise provided for safekeeping by a customer to the intermediary. A system created under this subsection shall be protected against disclosure of cus-10 tomer data, proprietary intermediary information, and 11 other data which may lead to operational or cybersecurity 12 risk. 13 "(b) REGULAR FINANCIAL AUDIT.—An independent public accountant retained by the intermediary shall an-15 nual verify possession or control of all crypto assets under custody, or otherwise provided for safekeeping by the consistent with subsection 17 intermediary, (a). This verification shall include an examination of the system and 18 19 the policies and procedures required by subsection (a) and 20 shall take place pursuant to a written agreement between 21 the intermediary and the accountant, at a time chosen by 22 the accountant without prior notice which is irregular from year to year. 23 24 "(c) Report and Material Discrepancies.— Within 120 days of conducting a verification under sub-25 section (b), the independent public accountant retained

- 1 under subsection (b) shall file a report with the appro-
- 2 priate commission and the applicable customer protection
- 3 and market integrity authority, stating that the account-
- 4 ant has verified proof of reserves consistent with this sec-
- 5 tion. If material discrepancies in the verification have been
- 6 found by the independent public accountant, the account-
- 7 ant shall inform the appropriate commission and the cus-
- 8 tomer protection and market integrity authority within 1
- 9 day of the conclusion of the verification.
- 10 "(d) STANDARDS.—The Public Company Accounting
- 11 Oversight Board shall adopt standards to implement sub-
- 12 sections (a) and (b), in consultation with the Securities
- 13 and Exchange Commission and Commodity Futures Trad-
- 14 ing Commission.".
- 15 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
- 16 The table of sections for chapter 98 of title 31, United
- 17 States Code, as amended by section 202, is amended by
- 18 adding at the end the following:
 - "9803. Mandatory proof of reserves; annual verification.".
- 19 SEC. 204. PLAIN LANGUAGE CRYPTO ASSET CUSTOMER
- 20 AGREEMENTS.
- 21 (a) In General.—Chapter 98 of title 31, United
- 22 States Code, as amended by section 203 of this Act, is
- 23 amended by adding at the end the following:

1 "§ 9804. Plain language crypto asset customer agree	1	"§ 9804.	Plain	language	crypto	asset	customer	agree-
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1	3 3004. I fam fanguage crypto asset customer agree-
2	ments
3	"(a) Plain Language Customer Agreements.—

5 sion and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,

In consultation with the Securities and Exchange Commis-

6 the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection shall issue

7 guidance setting forth best practices for crypto asset inter-

8 mediary standard customer agreements and all disclosures

9 required to be made under title II of the Lummis-Gilli-

10 brand Responsible Financial Innovation Act and other ap-

11 plicable law, which shall require the customer agreements

12 and disclosures, in accordance with applicable law, to be

13 written in plain language that is easily comprehensible to

14 customers. Not later than 180 days after the date of en-

15 actment of this section, the Bureau shall create a publicly

16 available database for the filing of all required documents

17 under this section.

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18 "(b) Ancillary Asset Disclosures.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Securities and Exchange Commission, in consultation with the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection, shall issue guidance setting forth best practices for issuers under section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to create plain language summaries of disclosures required to be made to customers under that section.

1	"(2) Contents.—Each summary described in
2	paragraph (1) shall be—
3	"(A) not more than 2 pages in length; and
4	"(B) filed by the applicable issuer with the
5	Securities and Exchange Commission at the
6	same time as disclosures are filed under section
7	42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
8	"(c) Requirement to File.—Crypto asset inter-
9	mediaries shall file the following with the Bureau of Con-
10	sumer Financial Protection:
11	"(1) Not later than 180 days after the date of
12	enactment of this section, the standard customer
13	agreement used by the intermediary on the date of
14	enactment.
15	"(2) Any standard customer agreement used
16	after the date of enactment of this section, but be-
17	fore the database under subsection (a) becomes
18	operational, to be filed not more than 60 days after
19	the date on which the database under subsection (a)
20	becomes operational.
21	"(3) Any standard customer agreement used
22	after the database under subsection (a) becomes
23	operational, not more than 30 days after the date on
24	which the agreement is first used by customers.

- 1 "(4) For all crypto assets supported by the 2 crypto asset intermediary, all disclosures made 3 under section 42 of the Securities Exchange Act of 4 1934 and the accompanying summaries. 5 "(5) Any other document that contains required 6 disclosures under title II of the Lummis-Gillibrand 7 Responsible Financial Innovation Act, not more than 8 30 days after the date on which the document is 9 made available to customers. 10 "(d) FILING AND SUMMARY.—When filing a stand-11 ard customer agreement under subsection (c), a crypto 12 asset intermediary shall include a summary of changes (as 13 compared to the previous filed version) that is in plain language, as determined by the Bureau of Consumer Fi-14 15 nancial Protection. 16 "(e) Rule of Construction.—A filing under this 17 section may not be construed to permit the Bureau of 18 Consumer Financial Protection to approve the contents of 19 any standard customer agreement. 20 "(f) Rules.—The Bureau of Consumer Financial 21 Protection shall adopt rules to implement this section, 22 with a comment period of not less than 90 days.".
- 23 (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—
- The table of sections for chapter 98 of title 31, United

1	States Code, as amended by section 203 of this Act, is
2	amended by adding at the end the following:
	"9804. Plain language crypto asset customer agreements.".
3	SEC. 205. BASIC CONSUMER PROTECTION STANDARDS FOR
4	CRYPTO ASSETS.
5	(a) In General.—Chapter 98 of title 31, United
6	States Code, as amended by section 203 of this Act, is
7	amended by adding at the end the following:
8	"§ 9805. Basic consumer protection standards for
9	crypto assets
10	"(a) In General.—Each crypto asset intermediary
11	shall ensure that the scope of permissible transactions that
12	may be undertaken with crypto assets belonging to a cus-
13	tomer is disclosed clearly in a customer agreement.
14	"(b) Notice.—Each crypto asset intermediary shall
15	provide clear notice to each customer and require acknowl-
16	edgment of the following:
17	"(1) Whether customer crypto assets are seg-
18	regated from other customer assets and the manner
19	of segregation.
20	"(2) How the crypto assets of the customer
21	would be treated in a bankruptcy or insolvency sce-
22	nario and the risk of loss.
23	"(3) The time period and manner in which the
24	intermediary is obligated to return the crypto asset
25	of the customer upon request.

1	"(4) Applicable fees imposed on a customer.
2	"(5) The dispute resolution process of the inter-
3	mediary.
4	"(c) Subsidiary Proceeds.—
5	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
6	"(A) AGREEMENT.—The term 'agreement'
7	includes the standard terms of service of a
8	crypto asset intermediary.
9	"(B) Subsidiary Proceeds.—The term
10	'subsidiary proceeds' includes forks, airdrops,
11	staking, and other gains that accrue to a crypto
12	asset through market transactions as a finan-
13	cial asset or as a result of being held in custody
14	or safekeeping by a crypto asset intermediary.
15	"(2) ACCRUAL TO CUSTOMER.—Except as oth-
16	erwise specified by an agreement with a customer,
17	all subsidiary proceeds relating to crypto asset serv-
18	ices provided to a customer shall accrue to the ben-
19	efit of the customer in accordance with paragraph
20	(3).
21	"(3) Election.—A crypto asset intermediary
22	may elect not to collect certain subsidiary proceeds
23	if the election is disclosed in an agreement with the
24	customer.

1 "(4) WITHDRAWAL.—A customer may request 2 return of a crypto asset from an intermediary in a 3 method that permits the collection of the subsidiary 4 proceeds of the crypto asset. 5 AGREEMENT.—A crypto asset inter-6 mediary shall enter into an agreement with a cus-7 tomer, if desired by the customer, regarding the 8 manner in which to invest subsidiary proceeds or 9 other gains attributable to the crypto assets of the 10 customer. 11 "(d) CEO ATTESTATIONS.—Each year, the chief ex-12 ecutive officer of a crypto asset intermediary shall, under 13 penalty of perjury, certify compliance with the following, to the best of the knowledge and belief of the chief execu-14 15 tive officer: "(1) Applicable anti-money laundering, cus-16 17 tomer identification, prevention of terrorist financ-18 ing, and sanctions laws. 19 "(2) Applicable custodial and safekeeping laws, 20 including proof of reserve requirements. 21 "(3) The other provisions of this chapter.". 22 (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.— 23 The table of sections for chapter 98 of title 31, United 24 States Code, as amended by section 204 of this Act, is 25 amended by adding at the end the following:

[&]quot;9805. Basic consumer protection standards for crypto assets.".

1	SEC. 206. CLEANING UP CRYPTO ASSET LENDING.
2	(a) In General.—Chapter 98 of title 31, United
3	States Code, as amended by section 205 of this Act, is
4	amended by adding at the end the following:
5	"§ 9806. Crypto asset lending arrangements
6	"(a) Lending Arrangements.—A crypto asset
7	intermediary shall ensure that any lending arrangements
8	relating to crypto assets are—
9	"(1) clearly disclosed to customers before any
10	lending services take place, including the potential
11	bankruptcy treatment of customer assets in the
12	event of insolvency;
13	"(2) subject to the affirmative consent of the
14	customer;
15	"(3) fully enforceable as a matter of State com-
16	mercial law, including the Uniform Commercial
17	Code;
18	"(4) accompanied by full disclosures of applica-
19	ble terms and risks, yield, and the manner in which
20	the yield is calculated;
21	"(5) accompanied by appropriate disclosures re-
22	lating to collateral requirements and policies, includ-
23	ing—
24	"(A) possible reductions in value and
25	overcollateralization requirements with respect

to a crypto asset;

26

1	"(B) collateral the intermediary accepts
2	when calling for additional collateral from a
3	customer, including collateral substitution;
4	"(C) whether customer collateral is com-
5	mingled with the collateral of other customers
6	or of the intermediary; and
7	"(D) how customer collateral is invested
8	and whether the yield belongs to the customer
9	or to the intermediary;
10	"(6) accompanied by disclosures of mark-to-
11	market and monitoring arrangements, including—
12	"(A) the frequency of mark-to-market
13	monitoring and how frequently the intermediary
14	will call for additional collateral from a cus-
15	tomer;
16	"(B) the time period in which the customer
17	must supply additional collateral to the inter-
18	mediary after a collateral call is conducted con-
19	sistent with subparagraph (A);
20	"(C) whether the intermediary permits
21	failures to deliver customer crypto assets or
22	other collateral; and
23	"(D) in the event of a failure to deliver,
24	the period of time in which the failure must be
25	cured; and

1 "(7) compliant with all applicable Federal and 2 State laws. "(b) Rehypothecation.— 3 "(1) Definition.—In this subsection, the term 4 5 'rehypothecation' means the pledging of an asset as 6 collateral for a financial transaction multiple times 7 by a person, including the pledging of a customer 8 asset by a crypto asset intermediary as collateral for 9 a subsequent financial transaction after delivery of 10 the crypto asset to the intermediary by a customer. 11 "(2) REHYPOTHECATION.—No rehypothecation 12 of crypto assets by a crypto asset intermediary shall 13 be permitted.". 14 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.— 15 The table of sections for chapter 98 of title 31, United States Code, as amended by section 202, is amended by 16 17 adding at the end the following: "9806. Crypto asset lending arrangements.". 18 SEC. 207. SETTLEMENT FINALITY. 19 (a) In General.—Chapter 98 of title 31, United 20 States Code, as amended by section 206 of this Act, is 21 amended by adding at the end the following: 22 "§ 9807. Settlement finality 23 "To promote legal certainty and customer protection, a crypto asset intermediary and a customer shall, upon

the opening of an account, agree on the terms of settle-

- 1 ment finality for all transactions with respect to crypto
- 2 assets, including the following:
- 3 "(1) The conditions under which a crypto asset
- 4 may be deemed fully transferred, provided that those
- 5 legal conditions may diverge from operational condi-
- 6 tions under which crypto assets are considered
- 7 transferred, based on the distributed and prob-
- 8 abilistic nature of crypto assets.
- 9 "(2) The exact moment of transfer of a crypto
- 10 asset.
- 11 "(3) The discharge of any obligations upon
- transfer of a crypto asset.
- 13 "(4) Conformity to applicable provisions of the
- 14 Uniform Commercial Code.".
- 15 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
- 16 The table of sections for chapter 98 of title 31, United
- 17 States Code, as amended by section 206 of this Act, is
- 18 amended by adding at the end the following:

"9806. Settlement finality.".

- 19 SEC. 208. ADVERTISEMENTS OF CRYPTO ASSET INTER-
- 20 MEDIARIES AND CERTAIN OTHER PERSONS.
- 21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 98 of title 31, United
- 22 States Code, as amended by section 207 of this Act, is
- 23 amended by adding at the end the following:

1	"§ 9808. Advertising of crypto asset intermediaries
2	and certain other persons
3	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
4	"(1) Commissions.—The term 'Commissions'
5	means the Securities and Exchange Commission and
6	the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, acting
7	jointly.
8	"(2) COVERED ADVERTISEMENT.—The term
9	'covered advertisement'—
10	"(A) means a communication that—
11	"(i) relates to—
12	"(I) the desirability of pur-
13	chasing or entering into a transaction
14	for a crypto asset; or
15	"(II) the availability of crypto
16	asset-related services; and
17	"(ii) is widely available to the general
18	public, as specified by rule of the Commis-
19	sions; and
20	"(B) includes any script, slide, handout, or
21	other written (including electronic) material
22	used in connection with a public appearance
23	with respect to a crypto asset or the availability
24	of crypto asset-related services.
25	"(b) Approval by Officer.—Before a crypto asset
26	intermediary may make a covered advertisement available

1	to the public, an officer of the crypto asset intermediary
2	shall be required to approve that covered advertisement
3	and certify compliance with the requirements of this sec-
4	tion.
5	"(c) Procedures.—
6	"(1) In General.—Each crypto asset inter-
7	mediary shall establish written procedures, which are
8	appropriate and reasonable to the business, size,
9	structure, and customers of the crypto asset inter-
10	mediary, for the approval of covered advertisements,
11	as required under subsection (b), which shall in-
12	clude—
13	"(A) provisions for the education and
14	training of applicable employees of the crypto
15	asset intermediary regarding the procedures of
16	the crypto asset intermediary governing covered
17	advertisements;
18	"(B) documentation of the education and
19	training required under subparagraph (A); and
20	"(C) surveillance and follow-up measures
21	to ensure that the crypto asset intermediary im-
22	plements and adheres to those procedures.
23	"(2) Recordkeeping.—
24	"(A) PERIOD OF MAINTENANCE.—Each
25	crypto asset intermediary shall maintain the

1	records required under this subsection for not
2	less than 5 years.
3	"(B) Types of records.—The types of
4	records that a crypto asset intermediary is re-
5	quired to maintain under subparagraph (A) in-
6	clude, with respect to each covered advertise-
7	ment made by the crypto asset intermediary—
8	"(i) a copy of the covered advertise-
9	ment;
10	"(ii) the dates of the first and, if ap-
11	plicable, last use of the covered advertise-
12	ment;
13	"(iii) the name of the officer of the
14	crypto asset intermediary who approved
15	the covered advertisement, as required
16	under subsection (b), including the date on
17	which the officer gave that approval;
18	"(iv) information concerning the
19	source of all data, statistical tables, charts,
20	graphs, or other illustrations or outside
21	sources used in the covered advertisement;
22	and
23	"(v) for a covered advertisement that
24	includes or incorporates a performance
25	ranking or comparison with another crypto

1	asset intermediary, a copy of the ranking
2	or performance used.
3	"(d) Requirements for Covered Advertise-
4	MENTS.—Each covered advertisement shall adhere to the
5	following standards:
6	"(1) The covered advertisement shall—
7	"(A) be based on principles of fair dealing
8	and good faith; and
9	"(B) provide a sound basis for evaluating
10	the facts with respect to any particular crypto
11	asset or type of crypto asset, industry, or serv-
12	ice that is the subject of the covered advertise-
13	ment.
14	"(2) The covered advertisement does not omit
15	any material fact or qualification if that omission, in
16	light of the context of the material presented, would
17	cause the covered advertisement to be misleading.
18	"(3) The covered advertisement does not make
19	any false, exaggerated, unwarranted, promissory, or
20	misleading statement or claim.
21	"(4) Information may be placed in a legend or
22	footnote within the covered advertisement only if
23	that placement would not inhibit understanding of
24	the covered advertisement.

1	"(5) The covered advertisement shall be con-
2	sistent with risks that are present with respect to
3	the subject matter of the covered advertisement, in-
4	cluding volatility with respect to the value of crypto
5	assets, the amount of potential returns, and oper-
6	ational risks for crypto asset intermediaries.
7	"(6) The covered advertisement shall—
8	"(A) consider the nature of the audience to
9	which the covered advertisement will be di-
10	rected; and
11	"(B) provide details and explanations that
12	are appropriate for the audience described in
13	subparagraph (A).
14	"(7)(A) The covered advertisement may not
15	predict or project performance, imply that past per-
16	formance will recur, or make any exaggerated or un-
17	warranted claim, opinion, or forecast.
18	"(B) Nothing in subparagraph (A) may be con-
19	strued to prohibit the use of—
20	"(i) a hypothetical illustration of mathe-
21	matical principles, if that illustration does not
22	predict or project the performance of a par-
23	ticular strategy;
24	"(ii) an analysis tool or a written report
25	produced by an analysis tool; or

1	"(iii) a price target contained in a research
2	report, if the target has a reasonable basis, the
3	report discloses the valuation methods used to
4	determine the price target, and the price target
5	is accompanied by a disclosure concerning the
6	risks that may impede achievement of the price
7	target.
8	"(8) Any comparison in the covered advertise-
9	ment between crypto assets, crypto asset inter-
10	mediaries, or crypto asset-related services shall dis-
11	close key material differences between the applicable
12	items, including, as applicable, differences with re-
13	spect to return objectives, costs and expenses, liquid-
14	ity, safety, guarantees or insurance, volatility, and
15	tax features.
16	"(9) The covered advertisement shall promi-
17	nently disclose the following:
18	"(A) The fact that the covered advertise-
19	ment is governed by this section and is subject
20	to Federal law.
21	"(B) The name of the applicable crypto
22	asset intermediary.
23	"(C) Any relationship between the applica-
24	ble crypto asset intermediary and any person
25	that appears in the covered advertisement or

1	any compensation offered by that crypto asset
2	intermediary to such a person.
3	"(D) Registrations, licenses, or other au-
4	thorizations in good standing that are held by
5	the applicable crypto asset intermediary.
6	"(10)(A) In the covered advertisement, any ref-
7	erence to tax-free or tax-exempt income shall indi-
8	cate which taxes apply, or which do not, unless in-
9	come is free from all applicable taxes.
10	"(B) For the purposes of subparagraph (A), the
11	covered advertisement may not characterize income
12	or returns as tax-free or exempt from income tax if
13	tax liability is merely postponed or deferred, such as
14	when taxes are payable upon redemption.
15	"(C) The Commissions may, by rule, adopt fur-
16	ther standards regarding tax considerations that ap-
17	pear in covered advertisements.
18	"(11) The covered advertisement shall disclose
19	the amounts of the following fees with respect to the
20	crypto asset or crypto asset-related services that are
21	the subject of the covered advertisement, which shall
22	be set forth prominently and, in any print advertise-
23	ment, in a prominent text box that contains only
24	such information:
25	"(A) Custody fees.

1	"(B) Account fees.
2	"(C) Applicable bank fees.
3	"(12) If any testimonial in the covered adver-
4	tisement concerns a technical aspect of purchasing
5	or otherwise entering into a transaction for crypto
6	assets—
7	"(A) the person making the testimonial
8	shall have the knowledge and experience to
9	form a valid opinion regarding the issue; and
10	"(B) the testimonial, if the testimonial
11	concerns the advisability of purchasing crypto
12	assets or the performance of a crypto asset,
13	shall prominently disclose—
14	"(i) the fact that the testimonial may
15	not be representative of the experience of
16	other customers;
17	"(ii) the fact that the testimonial is
18	no guarantee of future performance or suc-
19	cess; and
20	"(iii) if more than \$1,000 in value is
21	paid for the testimonial—
22	"(I) the fact that the testimonial
23	is a paid testimonial; and
24	"(II) the amount and type of
25	compensation paid, which shall in-

1	clude, if compensation was paid in
2	crypto assets, an identification of each
3	specific crypto asset.
4	"(13) If the covered advertisement includes a
5	recommendation to purchase, or otherwise transact
6	in, a crypto asset, the covered advertisement shall—
7	"(A) have a reasonable basis for the rec-
8	ommendation; and
9	"(B) if applicable, disclose—
10	"(i) that, at the time the covered ad-
11	vertisement was published or distributed,
12	the applicable crypto asset intermediary
13	was conducting trading activities in the
14	crypto asset;
15	"(ii) that the applicable crypto asset
16	intermediary—
17	"(I) is directly and materially in-
18	volved in the preparation of the con-
19	tent of the covered advertisement; and
20	"(II) has a financial interest the
21	crypto assets being recommended; and
22	"(iii) the nature of any financial inter-
23	est disclosed under clause (ii), including
24	whether that financial interest consists of
25	any option, right, warrant, future, or long

1	or short position, unless the extent of that
2	financial interest is nominal.
3	"(14)(A) Except as otherwise provided by sub-
4	paragraph (B), the covered advertisement may no
5	refer, directly or indirectly, to past specific rec
6	ommendations made by the applicable crypto asser
7	intermediary that were or would have been profitable
8	to any person.
9	"(B) The covered advertisement may set out or
10	offer to furnish a list of all recommendations as to
11	the same type of crypto assets made by the applica-
12	ble crypto asset intermediary during the 1-year pe
13	riod preceding the date on which the covered adver-
14	tisement is released, if the communication or list—
15	"(i) states the name of each crypto asser
16	recommended, the date and nature of each such
17	recommendation (such as whether to buy, sell
18	or hold the crypto asset), the market price (as
19	of the date of the recommendation), the price a
20	which a person was meant to act upon the rec-
21	ommendation, and the market price of each
22	such crypto asset, as of the most recent prac-
23	ticable date; and
24	"(ii) contains the following warning, which
25	shall appear prominently within the communica

1	tion or list: 'It should not be assumed that rec-
2	ommendations made in the future will be profit-
3	able or will equal the performance of the crypto
4	assets in this list.'.
5	"(e) Sources Supporting a Recommendation.—
6	"(1) In General.—A crypto asset inter-
7	mediary shall provide, or offer to provide upon re-
8	quest, available information or sources supporting
9	any recommendation described in subsection $(d)(13)$
10	"(2) Price disclosure.—When a crypto asset
11	intermediary recommends a crypto asset in a covered
12	advertisement, as described in subsection (d)(13)
13	the crypto asset intermediary shall provide the price
14	of the crypto asset, as of the date on which the rec-
15	ommendation is made.
16	"(f) Information Provided in Public Appear
17	ANCES.—
18	"(1) IN GENERAL.—When an officer or em-
19	ployee of a crypto asset intermediary is sponsoring
20	or participating in a seminar, forum, or broadcast
21	or when such an individual is otherwise engaged in
22	a public appearance or speaking activity, paragraphs
23	(1), (2), and (3) of subsection (d), shall apply to
24	that appearance to the same extent as those provi-
25	sions apply to a covered advertisement.

1	"(2) Recommendations.—If an officer or em-
2	ployee of a crypto asset intermediary recommends a
3	crypto asset in a public appearance, that individual
4	shall—
5	"(A) have a reasonable basis for the rec-
6	ommendation; and
7	"(B) disclose, as applicable—
8	"(i) whether the individual has a fi-
9	nancial interest in the crypto asset rec-
10	ommended;
11	"(ii) the nature of the financial inter-
12	est disclosed under clause (i), including
13	whether that financial interest consists of
14	any option, right, warrant, future, or long-
15	or short- position, unless the extent of that
16	financial interest is nominal; and
17	"(iii) any other actual, material con-
18	flict of interest of which the individual
19	knows or has reason to know at the time
20	of the public appearance.
21	"(g) Procedures for Public Appearances.—
22	Each crypto asset intermediary shall establish written pro-
23	cedures that are appropriate and reasonable to the busi-
24	ness, size, structure, and customers of the crypto asset
25	intermediary in order to supervise the public appearances

of the officers and employees of the crypto asset inter-2 mediary, which shall include— 3 "(1) provisions for the education and training 4 of employees of the crypto asset intermediary re-5 garding those procedures; 6 "(2) documentation of the education and train-7 ing required under paragraph (1); and 8 "(3) surveillance and follow-up measures to en-9 sure that the crypto asset intermediary implements 10 and adheres to those procedures. 11 "(h) Enforcement by Commissions.— 12 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Securities and Ex-13 change Commission, the Commodity Futures Trad-14 ing Commission, or a customer protection and mar-15 ket integrity authority operating under delegated au-16 thority by the appropriate commission, as applicable 17 to a crypto asset intermediary, shall regularly ascer-18 tain the compliance with this section by the crypto 19 asset intermediary (and applicable individuals) at 20 the time of each regular examination of the inter-21 mediary by the applicable entity. 22 "(2) Investigations.—The appropriate com-23 mission or customer protection and market integrity 24 authority, as applicable, may conduct an investiga-25 tion into a suspected violation of this section and

1	take enforcement action outside of a regular exam-
2	ination of a crypto asset intermediary, which shall be
3	comprised of the following:
4	"(A) With respect to such a violation by
5	that crypto asset intermediary, the following:
6	"(i) For an initial violation of this
7	section, the imposition of a civil monetary
8	penalty in an amount that is not more
9	than \$100,000.
10	"(ii) For any subsequent violation of
11	this section, the imposition of a civil mone-
12	tary penalty in an amount that is not more
13	than \$1,000,000.
14	"(iii) The enjoinment of future viola-
15	tions of this section by the crypto asset
16	intermediary and the requirement that the
17	crypto asset intermediary submit to the en-
18	forcing entity appropriate remediation
19	plans.
20	"(B) For repeated, knowing violations of
21	this section by an individual, the imposition of
22	a temporary or permanent bar from the crypto
23	asset industry with respect to that individual.
24	"(i) Applicability to Disclosures.—A document
25	filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, as

otherwise required by law or regulation, is not subject to 2 the requirements of this section. 3 "(j) Rules.—The Commissions, after not less than a 120-day comment period, shall adopt rules to implement 5 this section.". 6 (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.— 7 The table of section for chapter 98 of title 31, United 8 States Code, as amended by section 206, is amended by adding at the end the following: "9808. Advertising of crypto asset intermediaries and certain other persons.". 10 SEC. 209. CYBERSECURITY STANDARDS FOR CRYPTO ASSET 11 INTERMEDIARIES. 12 (a) Applicability of Cyber Incident Reporting FOR CYBER INCIDENT REPORTING FOR CRITICAL INFRA-STRUCTURE ACT OF 2002.— 14 15 (1) Definitions.—Section 2240 of the Home-16 land Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 681) is amend-17 ed by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the fol-18 lowing: 19 "(4) COVERED ENTITY.—The term 'covered en-20 tity'— 21 "(A) means an entity in a critical infra-22 structure sector, as defined in Presidential Pol-23 icy Directive 21, that satisfies the definition es-24 tablished by the Director in the final rule issued 25 pursuant to section 2242(b); and

1	"(B) includes a crypto asset intermediary,
2	as defined in section 9801 of title 31, United
3	States Code.".
4	(2) REQUIRED REPORTING.—If a crypto asset
5	intermediary makes a required report under section
6	2242 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6
7	U.S.C. 681b), the crypto asset intermediary shall
8	make a copy of that report available to the Federal
9	or State financial regulator responsible for licensing
10	or supervising the crypto asset intermediary.
11	(b) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 18 months after
12	the date of enactment of this Act, the Commodity Futures
13	Trading Commission and the Securities and Exchange
14	Commission, in consultation with the Secretary of the
15	Treasury and the Director of the Cybersecurity and Infra-
16	structure Security Agency, shall develop comprehensive,
17	principles-based guidance relating to cybersecurity for
18	crypto asset intermediaries that account for, with respect
19	to such a crypto asset intermediary—
20	(1) the internal governance, and organizational
21	culture, of the cybersecurity program of the crypto
22	asset intermediary;
23	(2) security operations of the crypto asset inter-
24	mediary, including threat identification, incident re-
25	sponse, and mitigation;

1 (3) risk identification and measurement by the 2 crypto asset intermediary; 3 (4) the mitigation of risk by the crypto asset 4 intermediary, including policies of the crypto asset 5 intermediary, controls implemented by the crypto 6 asset intermediary, change management with respect 7 to the crypto asset intermediary, and the supply 8 chain integrity of the crypto asset intermediary; 9 (5) assurance provided by, and testing con-10 ducted by, the crypto asset intermediary, including 11 penetration testing and independent audits so con-12 ducted; and 13 (6) the potential for crypto asset intermediaries 14 to be used to facilitate illicit activities, including 15 sanctions avoidance. 16 (c) Consumer Best Practices.—Not later than 18 17 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Commodity Fu-18 tures Trading Commission, in consultation with industry 19 20 and the Director of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure 21 Security Agency, shall adopt plain-language cybersecurity guidance for customers to safely transact in crypto assets.

1	TITLE III—COMBATING ILLICIT
2	FINANCE

2	FINANCE
3	SEC. 301. HIGHER PENALTIES FOR CRYPTO ASSET CRIMES.
4	Section 127 of Public Law 91–508 (12 U.S.C. 1957)
5	is amended by inserting "in relation to a transaction prin-
6	cipally composed of crypto assets or" after "committed".
7	SEC. 302. ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING EXAMINATION STAND-
8	ARDS.
9	(a) Treasury.—Not later than 2 years after the
10	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treas-
11	ury, in consultation with the Conference of State Bank
12	Supervisors and the Federal Financial Institutions Exam-
13	ination Council, shall establish a risk-focused examination
14	and review process for money service businesses, as de-
15	fined in section 1010.100 of title 31, Code of Federal Reg-
16	ulations, to assess—
17	(1) the adequacy of reporting obligations and
18	anti-money laundering programs under subsections
19	(g) and (h) of section 5318 of title 31, United States
20	Code, respectively as applied to those businesses;
21	and
22	(2) compliance of those businesses with anti-
23	money laundering and countering the financing of
24	terrorism requirements under subchapter II of chap-
25	ter 53 of title 31, United States Code.

1	(b) Securities Exchange Commission.—Not later
2	than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the
3	Securities and Exchange Commission shall establish a
4	dedicated risk-focused examination and review process for
5	entities regulated by the Commission to assess—
6	(1) the adequacy of reporting obligations and
7	anti-money laundering programs under subsections
8	(g) and (h) of section 5318 of title 31, United States
9	Code, respectively as applied to those entities; and
10	(2) compliance of those entities with anti-money
11	laundering and countering the financing of terrorism
12	requirements under subchapter II of chapter 53 of
13	title 31, United States Code.
14	(c) Commodity Futures Trading Commission.—
15	Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this
16	Act, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission shall
17	establish a dedicated risk-focused examination and review
18	process for entities regulated by the Commodity Futures
19	Trading Commission to assess—
20	(1) the adequacy of reporting obligations and
21	anti-money laundering programs under subsections
22	(g) and (h) of section 5318 of title 31, United States
23	Code, respectively, as applied to those entities; and
24	(2) compliance of those entities with anti-money
25	laundering and countering the financing of terrorism

- 1 requirements under subchapter II of chapter 53 of
- 2 title 31, United States Code.

3 SEC. 303. CRYPTO ASSET KIOSKS.

- 4 (a) Definition.—In this section, the term "crypto
- 5 asset kiosk" means a stand-alone machine, including a
- 6 crypto asset automated teller machine, which facilitates
- 7 the buying, selling, or exchange of crypto assets.
- 8 (b) UPDATE.—Beginning not later than 2 years after
- 9 the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Fi-
- 10 nancial Crimes Enforcement Network of the Department
- 11 of the Treasury shall require crypto asset kiosk owners
- 12 and administrators to submit and update the physical ad-
- 13 dresses of the kiosks owned or operated by the owner or
- 14 administrator, as applicable, once every 120 days.
- 15 (c) RULEMAKING.—Not later than 2 years after the
- 16 date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Finan-
- 17 cial Crimes Enforcement Network of the Department of
- 18 the Treasury shall issue rules requiring crypto asset kiosk
- 19 owners and administrators to verify the identity of each
- 20 customer using a valid form of government-issued identi-
- 21 fication or other documentary method, as determined by
- 22 the Secretary of the Treasury.
- 23 (d) Reports.—
- 24 (1) Financial crimes enforcement net-
- 25 WORK.—Not later than 180 days after the date of

1	enactment of this Act, the Director of the Financial
2	Crimes Enforcement Network of the Department of
3	the Treasury shall issue a public report identifying
4	unlicensed kiosk operators and administrators, in-
5	cluding identification of known unlicensed operators
6	and estimates of the number and locations of sus-
7	pected unlicensed operators, as applicable.
8	(2) Drug enforcement agency.—Not later
9	than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act,
10	the Drug Enforcement Administration shall issue a
11	report to Congress identifying recommendations to
12	reduce drug trafficking with crypto asset kiosks.
13	SEC. 304. INDEPENDENT FINANCIAL TECHNOLOGY WORK-
13	SECONO INSERTING THE TRANSPORT WORLD
14	ING GROUP TO COMBAT TERRORISM AND IL-
14	ING GROUP TO COMBAT TERRORISM AND IL-
14 15	ING GROUP TO COMBAT TERRORISM AND IL- LICIT FINANCING.
141516	ING GROUP TO COMBAT TERRORISM AND IL- LICIT FINANCING. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
14151617	ING GROUP TO COMBAT TERRORISM AND ILLICIT FINANCING. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-
14 15 16 17 18	ING GROUP TO COMBAT TERRORISM AND ILLICIT FINANCING. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
141516171819	ING GROUP TO COMBAT TERRORISM AND ILLICIT FINANCING. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	ING GROUP TO COMBAT TERRORISM AND ILLICIT FINANCING. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means— (A) the Committee on Banking, Housing,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ING GROUP TO COMBAT TERRORISM AND ILLICIT FINANCING. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means— (A) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Home-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	ING GROUP TO COMBAT TERRORISM AND ILLICIT FINANCING. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means— (A) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the

1 (B) the Committee on Financial Services, 2 the Committee on Homeland Security, the Com-3 mittee on the Judiciary, the Permanent Select 4 Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee 5 on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representa-6 tives. 7 (2) Distributed Ledger intelligence com-8 PANIES.—The term "distributed ledger intelligence 9 companies" means any business providing software, 10 research, or other services such as but not limited to 11 distributed ledger tracing tools, geofencing, trans-12 action screening, the collection of business data, and 13 sanctions screening, which supports private and pub-14 lic sector investigations and risk management activities involving cryptographically secured distributed 15 16 ledgers or any similar analogue. 17 (3) Foreign terrorist organization.—The 18 term "foreign terrorist organization" means an or-19 ganization that is designated as a foreign terrorist 20 organization under section 219 of the Immigration 21 and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189). 22 (4) Illicit use.—The term "illicit use" in-23 cludes fraud, darknet marketplace transactions, 24 money laundering, the purchase and sale of illicit 25 goods, sanctions evasion, theft of funds, funding of

1	illegal activities, transactions related to child sexual
2	abuse material, and any other financial transaction
3	involving the proceeds of specified unlawful activity
4	(as defined in section 1956(c) of title 18, United
5	States Code).
6	(5) Terrorist.—The term "terrorist" includes
7	a person carrying out domestic terrorism or inter-
8	national terrorism (as those terms are defined in
9	section 2331 of title 18, United States Code).
10	(6) Working Group.—The term "Working
11	Group" means the Independent Financial Tech-
12	nology Working Group to Combat Terrorism and Il-
13	licit Financing established under subsection (b).
14	(b) Establishment.—There is established the Inde-
15	pendent Financial Technology Working Group to Combat
16	Terrorism and Illicit Financing, which shall consist of the
17	following:
18	(1) The Secretary of the Treasury, acting
19	through the Under Secretary for Terrorism and Fi-
20	nancial Intelligence, who shall serve as the chair of
21	the Working Group.
22	(2) A senior-level representative from each of
23	the following:
24	(A) Each of the following components of
25	the Department of the Treasury:

1	(i) The Financial Crimes Enforcement
2	Network.
3	(ii) The Internal Revenue Service.
4	(iii) The Office of Foreign Assets
5	Control.
6	(B) The Department of Justice and each
7	of the following components of the Department:
8	(i) The Federal Bureau of Investiga-
9	tion.
10	(ii) The Drug Enforcement Adminis-
11	tration.
12	(C) The Department of Homeland Security
13	and the United States Secret Service.
14	(D) The Department of State.
15	(3) Five individuals appointed by the Under
16	Secretary for Terrorism and Financial Intelligence
17	to represent the following:
18	(A) Financial technology companies.
19	(B) Distributed ledger intelligence compa-
20	nies.
21	(C) Financial institutions.
22	(D) Institutions or organizations engaged
23	in research.
24	(c) Duties.—The Working Group shall—

1 (1) conduct independent research on terrorist 2 and illicit use of new financial technologies, includ-3 ing crypto assets; 4 (2) analyze how crypto assets and emerging 5 technologies may bolster the national security and 6 economic competitiveness of the United States in fi-7 nancial innovation; and 8 (3) develop legislative and regulatory proposals 9 to improve anti-money laundering, counter-terrorist, 10 and other counter-illicit financing efforts in the 11 United States. 12 (d) Reports.— 13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after 14 the date of enactment of this Act, and annually for 15 the 2 years thereafter, the Working Group shall sub-16 mit to the Secretary of the Treasury, the heads of 17 each agency represented in the Working Group pur-18 suant to subsection (b)(2), and the appropriate con-19 gressional committees a report containing the find-20 ings and determinations made by the Working 21 Group in the previous year and any legislative and 22 regulatory proposals developed by the Working 23 Group. 24 (2) Final Report.—Before the date on which

the Working Group terminates under subsection

25

1	(f)(1), the Working Group shall submit to the appro-
2	priate congressional committees a final report detail-
3	ing the findings, recommendations, and activities of
4	the Working Group.
5	(e) Travel Expenses.—Members of the Working
6	Group shall serve without pay, but shall receive travel ex-
7	penses in accordance with sections 5702 and 5703 of title
8	5, United States Code.
9	(f) Sunset.—
10	(1) In General.—The Working Group shall,
11	subject to paragraph (3), terminate on the date that
12	is 4 years after the date of the enactment of this
13	Act.
14	(2) Expiration and return of appro-
15	PRIATED FUNDS.—On the date on which the Work-
16	ing Group terminates under paragraph (1)—
17	(A) all authorities granted to the Working
18	Group under this section shall expire, subject to
19	paragraph (3); and
20	(B) any funds appropriated for the Work-
21	ing Group that are available for obligation as of
22	that date shall be returned to the Treasury.
23	(3) AUTHORITY TO WIND UP ACTIVITIES.—The
24	termination of the Working Group under paragraph
25	(1) and the expiration of authorities under para-

1	graph (2) shall not affect any investigations, re-
2	search, or other activities of the Working Group on-
3	going as of the date on which the Working Group
4	terminates under paragraph (1). Such investigations,
5	research, and activities may continue until their
6	completion.
7	(g) Report and Strategy With Respect to
8	CRYPTO ASSETS AND OTHER RELATED EMERGING TECH-
9	NOLOGIES.—
10	(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
11	after the date of the enactment of this section, the
12	President, acting through the Secretary of the
13	Treasury, and in consultation with the head of each
14	agency represented on the Working Group under
15	subsection (b), shall submit to the appropriate con-
16	gressional committees a report that describes—
17	(A) to the extent not currently disclosed in
18	other reports, the potential uses of crypto as-
19	sets and other related emerging technologies by
20	states, non-state actors, and foreign terrorist
21	organizations to evade sanctions, finance ter-
22	rorism, or launder monetary instruments, and
23	threaten United States national security; and

1	(B) a strategy how the United States will
2	mitigate and prevent the illicit use of crypto as-
3	sets and other related emerging technologies.
4	(2) Form of Report; public availability.—
5	(A) In general.—The report required by
6	paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified
7	form, but may include a classified annex.
8	(B) Public availability.—The unclassi-
9	fied portion of the report required by paragraph
10	(1) shall be made available to the public and
11	posted on a publicly accessible website of the
12	Department of Treasury—
13	(i) in precompressed, easily
14	downloadable versions, in all appropriate
15	formats; and
16	(ii) in machine-readable format, if ap-
17	plicable.
18	(3) Sources of information.—In preparing
19	the report required by paragraph (1), the President
20	may utilize any credible publication, database, or
21	web-based resource, and any credible information
22	compiled by any government agency, nongovern-
23	mental organization, or other entity that is made
24	available to the President.

1	(h) Briefing.—Not later than 2 years after the date
2	of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury
3	shall brief the appropriate congressional committees on
4	the implementation of the strategy required by subsection
5	(g)(1).
6	SEC. 305. SANCTIONS COMPLIANCE RESPONSIBILITIES OF
7	PAYMENT STABLECOIN ISSUERS.
8	Not later than 120 days after the date of the enact-
9	ment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall adopt
10	guidance clarifying the sanctions compliance responsibil-
11	ities and liability of an issuer of a payment stablecoin with
12	respect to downstream transactions relating to the
13	stablecoin that take place after the stablecoin is first pro-
14	vided to a customer of the issuer.
15	SEC. 306. CRYPTO ASSET MIXERS AND TUMBLERS.
16	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the
17	date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Finan-
18	cial Crimes Enforcement Network of the Department of
19	the Treasury shall submit to the Committee on Banking,
20	Housing and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Com-
21	mittee on Financial Services of the House of Representa-
22	tives a report that analyzes the following issues:
23	(1) Current (as of the date on which the report
24	is submitted) typologies of crypto asset mixers and
25	tumblers and historical transaction volume.

1	(2) Estimates of the percentage of transactions
2	relating to mixers and tumblers which are used by
3	actors engaged in illicit finance.
4	(3) An assessment of potential non-illicit uses
5	of mixers and tumblers described in paragraph (1).
6	(4) Analysis of regulatory approaches employed
7	by other jurisdictions relating to mixers and tum-
8	blers.
9	(5) Recommendations for legislation or regula-
10	tion relating to mixers and tumblers.
11	SEC. 307. FINANCIAL CRIMES ENFORCEMENT NETWORK IN-
12	NOVATION LABORATORY.
13	Section 310 of title 31, United States Code, is
14	amended—
15	(1) by redesignating subsections (k) and (l) as
16	subsections (l) and (m), respectively; and
17	(2) by inserting after subsection (j) the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"(k) Innovation Laboratory.—
20	"(1) In general.—There is established within
21	the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network an In-
22	novation Laboratory to promote regulatory dialogue,
23	data sharing between the Financial Crimes Enforce-
24	ment Network and financial companies, and an as-
25	sessment of potential changes in law, rules, or poli-

1	cies to facilitate the appropriate supervision of finan
2	cial technology and the laws under the jurisdiction
3	of the bureau.
4	"(2) CHIEF INNOVATION OFFICER.—The Inno
5	vation Officer appointed within the Financial Crimes
6	Enforcement Network under section 6208 of the
7	Anti-Money Laundering Act of 2020 (31 U.S.C
8	5311 note) shall manage the Innovation Laboratory
9	established under paragraph (1).
10	"(3) Pilot projects.—The Innovation Lab
11	oratory established under paragraph (1) shall, as ap
12	propriate, conduct pilot projects with financial com
13	panies to more effectively facilitate the supervision
14	of financial technology, consistent with applicable
15	law.".
16	TITLE IV—RESPONSIBLE
17	COMMODITIES REGULATION
18	SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.
19	Section 1a of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C
20	1a) is amended—
21	(1) in paragraph (9), by striking "and frozen
22	concentrated orange juice" and inserting "frozen
23	concentrated orange juice, and a crypto asset (con
24	sistent with section 2(c)(2)(F))";

1	(2) by redesignating paragraphs (15) through
2	(37), (38), (39), and (40) through (51) as para-
3	graphs (18) through (40), (42), (43), and (45)
4	through (56), respectively;
5	(3) by inserting after paragraph (14) the fol-
6	lowing:
7	"(15) Crypto asset.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
9	subparagraph (B), the term 'crypto asset' has
10	the meaning given the term in section 9801 of
11	title 31, United States Code.
12	"(B) Exclusion.—The term 'crypto asset'
13	does not include an asset that provides the
14	holder of the asset with any of the following
15	rights in a business entity:
16	"(i) A debt or equity interest in that
17	entity.
18	"(ii) Liquidation rights with respect
19	to that entity.
20	"(iii) An entitlement to an interest or
21	dividend payment from that entity.
22	"(iv) Any other financial interest in
23	that entity.

1	"(16) Crypto asset exchange.—The term
2	'crypto asset exchange' means a trading facility that
3	lists for trading at least 1 crypto asset.
4	"(17) Decentralized crypto asset ex-
5	CHANGE.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'decentral-
7	ized crypto asset exchange' means software
8	that—
9	"(i) comprises predetermined and
10	publicly disclosed code deployed to a public
11	distributed ledger;
12	"(ii) permits a user or group of users
13	to create a pool or group of pools for
14	crypto assets;
15	"(iii) enables a user or group of users
16	to conduct crypto asset transactions from
17	a pool or group of pools, with such trans-
18	actions occurring pursuant to the code de-
19	scribed in clause (i); and
20	"(iv) no person, or group of persons,
21	known to one another who have entered
22	into an agreement (implied or otherwise)
23	to act in concert, can unilaterally control
24	or cause to control the software protocol
25	through altering transactions, functions, or

1	actions on the protocol, or blocking or ap-
2	proving transactions on the protocol.
3	"(B) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—For the
4	purposes of subparagraph (A)(iv), the term
5	'control' shall not include mining, validation, or
6	the communication of transactions to a distrib-
7	uted ledger.";
8	(4) in paragraph (31)(A)(i) (as so redesig-
9	nated)—
10	(A) in subclause (I)—
11	(i) in item (aa)—
12	(I) in subitem (EE), by striking
13	"or" at the end; and
14	(II) by adding at the end the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"(GG) the purchase or
17	sale of a crypto asset that is
18	traded on or subject to the
19	rules of a registered entity;";
20	(ii) in item (bb), by striking "and" at
21	the end and inserting "or"; and
22	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
23	lowing:
24	"(cc) acting as a
25	counterparty (not on a principal

1	basis) to any cash or spot agree-
2	ment, contract, or transaction in-
3	volving a crypto asset, which may
4	include a payment stablecoin,
5	with a person who is not an eligi-
6	ble contract participant, unless
7	the activity is—
8	"(AA) conducted in
9	compliance with the laws of
10	the State in which the activ-
11	ity occurs;
12	"(BB) subject to regu-
13	lation by another Federal
14	authority; or
15	"(CC) separately regu-
16	lated under this Act; and";
17	and
18	(B) in subclause (II), by striking "items
19	(aa) or (bb)" and inserting "item (aa), (bb), or
20	(ee)";
21	(5) by inserting after paragraph (40) (as so re-
22	designated) the following:
23	"(41) Payment stablecoin.—The term 'pay-
24	ment stablecoin' has the meaning given the term in
25	section 9801 of title 31, United States Code.";

1	(6) by inserting after paragraph (43) (as so re-
2	designated) the following:
3	"(44) Registered Crypto Asset ex-
4	CHANGE.—The term 'registered crypto asset ex-
5	change' means a crypto asset exchange registered
6	under section 5i.";
7	(7) in paragraph (45) (as so redesignated)—
8	(A) in subparagraph (E), by striking
9	"and" at the end;
10	(B) by redesignating subparagraph (F) as
11	subparagraph (G); and
12	(C) by inserting after subparagraph (E)
13	the following:
14	"(F) a registered crypto asset exchange;
15	and"; and
16	(8) in paragraph (56)(B)(i) (as so redesig-
17	nated), by inserting "or a decentralized crypto asset
18	exchange" after "execution algorithm".
19	SEC. 402. REPORTING AND RECORDKEEPING.
20	Section 4g of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C.
21	6g) is amended—
22	(1) in subsection (a), by inserting "crypto as-
23	sets or" before "commodities"; and

1	(2) in subsection (d), in the second sentence, by
2	striking "commodity futures" and inserting "com-
3	modities".
4	SEC. 403. JURISDICTION OVER CRYPTO ASSET TRANS-
5	ACTIONS.
6	(a) Commission Jurisdiction Over Retail
7	CRYPTO ASSET TRANSACTIONS.—
8	(1) In General.—Section 2(c)(2) of the Com-
9	modity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 2(c)(2)) is amend-
10	ed —
11	(A) in subparagraph (D)(ii)—
12	(i) in subclause (III), in the matter
13	preceding item (aa), by inserting "of a
14	commodity, other than a crypto asset,"
15	after "sale";
16	(ii) by redesignating subclauses (IV)
17	and (V) as subclauses (V) and (VI), re-
18	spectively; and
19	(iii) by inserting after subclause (III)
20	the following:
21	"(IV) a contract of sale of a
22	crypto asset that—
23	"(aa) results in actual deliv-
24	ery within 2 days or such other
25	period as the Commission may

1	determine by rule based upon the
2	typical commercial practice in
3	cash or spot markets for the
4	crypto asset involved; or
5	"(bb) is executed on or sub-
6	ject to the rules of a registered
7	crypto asset exchange or with a
8	registered futures commission
9	merchant;"; and
10	(B) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(F) Commission Jurisdiction over
12	CRYPTO ASSET TRANSACTIONS.—
13	"(i) In General.—
14	"(I) Jurisdiction.—Subject to
15	sections 6d and 12(e) and section 403
16	of the Commodity Futures Moderniza-
17	tion Act of 2000 (7 U.S.C. 27a) and
18	except as provided in subclauses (II)
19	and (III), the Commission shall have
20	exclusive jurisdiction over any agree-
21	ment, contract, or transaction involv-
22	ing a contract of sale of a crypto asset
23	in or affecting interstate commerce,
24	including—

1	"(aa) ancillary assets that
2	are in compliance with the re-
3	quirements of section 42 of the
4	Securities Exchange Act of 1934
5	and
6	"(bb) all activities relating
7	to a payment stablecoin con-
8	ducted by an entity registered
9	under this Act, including
10	brokering, trading, and custodial
11	activities relating to payment
12	stablecoins.
13	"(II) Exceptions.—Subclause
14	(I) shall not apply to specified peri-
15	odic reporting requirements made by
16	an issuer that provided the holder of
17	a security with an ancillary asset
18	under section 42(b)(4) of the Securi-
19	ties Exchange Act of 1934 and the se-
20	curity that constitutes an investment
21	contract (within the meaning of sec-
22	tion 2(a)(1) of the Securities Act of
23	1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)(1))) with re-
24	spect to that ancillary asset.

1	"(III) Fungibility require-
2	MENT.—The Commission shall only
3	exercise jurisdiction over an agree-
4	ment, contract, or transaction involv-
5	ing a contract of sale of a crypto asset
6	that is commercially fungible, which
7	shall not include digital collectibles
8	and other unique crypto assets.
9	"(ii) Withholding of Rulemaking
10	AUTHORITY OVER CERTAIN TRANS-
11	ACTIONS.—Nothing in this subparagraph
12	authorizes the Commission to issue any
13	rule regarding any agreement, contract, or
14	transaction that is not offered, solicited,
15	traded, facilitated, executed, cleared, re-
16	ported, or otherwise dealt in—
17	"(I) on or subject to the rules of
18	a registered entity (with the exception
19	of entities required to register under
20	this Act); or
21	"(II) by any other entity reg-
22	istered by the Commission.
23	"(iii) Limitation.—Clause (i) shall
24	not apply to custodial activities with re-
25	spect to a crypto asset of an entity super-

I	vised or regulated by a State or other Fed-
2	eral regulatory agency.".
3	(2) Conforming Amendment.—Section
4	2(a)(1)(A) of the Commodity Exchange Act (7
5	U.S.C. 2(a)(1)(A)) is amended, in the first sentence,
6	by striking "section 19 of this Act" and inserting
7	"subsection $(c)(2)(F)$ or section 19".
8	(b) Segregation of Crypto Assets.—Section 4d
9	of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 6d) is amended
10	by adding at the end the following:
11	"(i) Segregation of Crypto Assets.—
12	"(1) Holding of customer assets.—
13	"(A) In general.—Each futures commis-
14	sion merchant shall hold customer money, as-
15	sets, and property in a manner to minimize the
16	customer's risk of loss of, or unreasonable delay
17	in the access to, the money, assets, and prop-
18	erty.
19	"(B) Custodian.—A futures commission
20	merchant shall hold the property of a customer
21	of the futures commission merchant with a sep-
22	arate licensed, chartered, or registered entity
23	subject to regulation or supervision by 1 of the
24	following agencies:
25	"(i) The Commission.

1	"(ii) The Securities and Exchange
2	Commission.
3	"(iii) An appropriate Federal banking
4	agency (as defined in section 3 of the Fed-
5	eral Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C.
6	1813)).
7	"(iv) A State bank supervisor (as de-
8	fined in that section).
9	"(v) An appropriate foreign govern-
10	mental authority in the home country of
11	the custodian.
12	"(2) Segregation of funds.—
13	"(A) DEFINITION OF CRYPTO ASSET CUS-
14	TOMER.—In this paragraph, the term 'crypto
15	asset customer' means a customer involved in a
16	cash or spot, leveraged, margined, or financed
17	crypto asset transaction, which may include a
18	payment stablecoin, in which the futures com-
19	mission merchant is acting as the counterparty.
20	"(B) Requirements.—
21	"(i) In general.—A futures commis-
22	sion merchant shall treat and deal with all
23	money, assets, and property of any crypto
24	asset customer received as belonging to the
25	customer.

1	"(ii) Commingling prohibited.—
2	Money, assets, and property of a crypto
3	asset customer described in clause (i)—
4	"(I) shall be separately accounted
5	for; and
6	"(II) shall not be—
7	"(aa) commingled with the
8	funds of the futures commission
9	merchant; or
10	"(bb) used to margin, se-
11	cure, or guarantee any trades or
12	accounts of any customer or per-
13	son other than the person for
14	whom the money, assets, or prop-
15	erty are held.
16	"(C) Exceptions.—
17	"(i) Use of funds.—
18	"(I) IN GENERAL.—Notwith-
19	standing subparagraph (B), money,
20	assets, and property of a crypto asset
21	customer may, for the purposes de-
22	scribed in subclause (II), be commin-
23	gled and deposited in the same ac-
24	count or accounts with an entity de-
25	scribed in paragraph (1)(B).

1	"(II) WITHDRAWAL.—Notwith-
2	standing subparagraph (B), the share
3	of the money, assets, and property de-
4	scribed in subclause (I) as in the nor-
5	mal course of business is necessary to
6	margin, guarantee, secure, transfer,
7	adjust, or settle a crypto asset trans-
8	action with a registered entity may be
9	withdrawn and applied to those pur-
10	poses, including the payment of com-
11	missions, brokerage, interest, taxes,
12	storage, and other charges, lawfully
13	accruing in connection with the crypto
14	asset transaction.
15	"(ii) Commission action.—Notwith-
16	standing subparagraph (B), in accordance
17	with such terms and conditions as the
18	Commission may prescribe by rule or
19	order, any money, assets, or property of a
20	crypto asset customer may be commingled
21	and deposited in customer accounts with
22	any other money, assets, or property re-
23	ceived by the futures commission merchant
24	and required by the Commission to be sep-
25	arately accounted for and treated and dealt

1	with as belonging to the crypto asset cus-
2	tomer.
3	"(D) Permitted investments.—Money
4	of a crypto asset customer may be invested—
5	"(i) in—
6	"(I) obligations of the United
7	States;
8	"(II) general obligations of any
9	State or of any political subdivision of
10	a State that are investment-grade;
11	"(III) obligations fully guaran-
12	teed as to principal and interest by
13	the United States; or
14	"(IV) any other investment that
15	the Commission may by rule pre-
16	scribe; and
17	"(ii) in accordance with such rules
18	and subject to such conditions as the Com-
19	mission may prescribe.
20	"(E) Prohibition.—It shall be unlawful
21	for any person, including any derivatives clear-
22	ing organization or depository institution, that
23	has received any money, assets, or property for
24	deposit in a separate account or accounts as re-
25	quired by subparagraph (B) to hold, dispose of,

1	or use any of the money, assets, or property
2	that belongs to the depositing futures commis-
3	sion merchant or any person other than the
4	crypto asset customer of the futures commis-
5	sion merchant.
6	"(3) Customer right to opt out.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A customer shall have
8	the right to waive any requirement under this
9	subsection by affirmatively electing, in writing
10	to the futures commission merchant, to waive
11	the requirement.
12	"(B) Limitations.—The Commission
13	may, by rule, establish notice and disclosure re-
14	quirements, segregation requirements, invest-
15	ment limitations, and other rules relating to the
16	waiving of any requirement under this sub-
17	section that are reasonably necessary to protect
18	customers, including eligible contract partici-
19	pants, non-eligible contract participants, and
20	any other class of customers.".
21	(c) Limitation on Futures Commission Mer-
22	CHANTS ACTING AS A COUNTERPARTY IN CRYPTO ASSET
23	Transactions.—Section 4d of the Commodity Exchange
24	Act (7 U.S.C. 6d) (as amended by subsection (b)) is
25	amended by adding at the end the following:

1	"(j) Risk Management Standards for Decen-
2	TRALIZED CRYPTO ASSET EXCHANGES.—
3	"(1) In general.—Prior to conducting trading
4	activity (including routing orders and directed trad-
5	ing) through a decentralized crypto asset exchange,
6	or otherwise providing customer access to a decen-
7	tralized crypto asset exchange, a futures commission
8	merchant shall implement risk management stand-
9	ards with respect to trading activity through that
10	decentralized crypto asset exchange.
11	"(2) Requirements.—A futures commission
12	merchant shall—
13	"(A) implement an effective risk-based
14	procedure for determining whether to execute,
15	reject, or suspend an incoming or outgoing
16	transaction relating to a decentralized crypto
17	asset exchange, including a determination based
18	on suspected money laundering, sanctions eva-
19	sion, fraud, or market manipulation;
20	"(B) conduct an effective risk-based anal-
21	ysis of the code of the decentralized crypto
22	asset exchange to determine whether crypto
23	asset transactions can occur on the exchange
24	securely, consistently, and immutably;

1	"(C) verify that the code for the decentral-
2	ized crypto asset exchange is widely available to
3	the public;
4	"(D) verify that there are appropriate de-
5	veloper documents relating to the decentralized
6	crypto asset exchange that appropriately dis-
7	close all risks of the software;
8	"(E) conduct an effective risk analysis
9	with respect to the decentralized crypto asset
10	exchange, including—
11	"(i) money laundering and sanctions
12	evasion;
13	"(ii) settlement;
14	"(iii) fraud and market manipulation;
15	and
16	"(iv) operational and cybersecurity
17	risk, including—
18	"(I) the use of multi-signature
19	wallets;
20	"(II) integration with third-party
21	software or vendors;
22	"(III) any material efforts to
23	alter the functionality of the protocol;
24	and
25	"(IV) all other material risks;

1	"(F) implement robust policies and proce-
2	dures to mitigate the risks identified in sub-
3	paragraph (E);
4	"(G) disclose the risks identified in sub-
5	paragraph (E) using plain language to cus-
6	tomers;
7	"(H) maintain robust capability to detect
8	market manipulation, fraud, money laundering,
9	and sanctions evasion occurring on the decen-
10	tralized crypto asset exchange, including
11	through the use of tools that will properly tar-
12	get those risks, including through distributed
13	ledger intelligence companies;
14	"(I) ensure that the merchant is not trad-
15	ing with a decentralized crypto asset exchange
16	on a principal basis, but solely on an agency
17	basis at the request of a customer; and
18	"(J) consistent with this subsection, imple-
19	ment other standards the Commission may re-
20	quire by rule.
21	"(k) RISK MANAGEMENT STANDARDS FOR SELF-
22	HOSTED WALLETS.—
23	"(1) In General.—The Commission shall
24	adopt risk management standards relating to money
25	laundering, customer identification and sanctions for

- 1 self-hosted wallets that conduct transactions with a
- 2 futures commission merchant.
- 3 "(2) Definition of Self-Hosted Wallet.—
- 4 In this subsection, the term 'self-hosted wallet'
- 5 means a digital interface used to secure and transfer
- 6 crypto assets, in which the owner of the assets re-
- 7 tains independent control in a manner that is se-
- 8 cured by that interface.".
- 9 "(1) Limitation on Futures Commission Mer-
- 10 CHANTS ACTING AS A COUNTERPARTY IN CRYPTO ASSET
- 11 Transactions.—A registered futures commission mer-
- 12 chant shall not act as a counterparty in any agreement,
- 13 contract, or transaction involving a crypto asset that has
- 14 not been listed for trading on a registered crypto asset
- 15 exchange.
- 16 "(m) Applicability of Other Core Prin-
- 17 CIPLES.—The Commission may require a registered fu-
- 18 tures commission merchant to comply with other stand-
- 19 ards of section 5i, including the core principles described
- 20 in that section, if appropriate based on the activities and
- 21 risk profile of the merchant.".
- 22 (d) Common Provisions Applicable to Reg-
- 23 ISTERED ENTITIES.—Section 5c of the Commodity Ex-
- 24 change Act (7 U.S.C. 7a-2) is amended—

1	(1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking "5(d) and
2	5b(e)(2)" and inserting " $5(d)$, $5b(e)(2)$, and $5i(e)$ ";
3	(2) in subsection (b), by inserting "registered
4	crypto asset exchange," before "derivatives" each
5	place it appears; and
6	(3) in subsection (c)—
7	(A) in paragraph (2), by inserting "or par-
8	ticipants" before "(in a";
9	(B) in paragraph (4)(B), by striking
10	" $1a(10)$ " and inserting " $1a(9)$ "; and
11	(C) in paragraph (5), by adding at the end
12	the following:
13	"(D) Special rules for the listing of
14	CERTAIN CRYPTO ASSETS.—
15	"(i) In general.—In the case of a
16	listing for trading a crypto asset that has
17	not previously been listed for trading on
18	another registered entity—
19	"(I) paragraphs (2) and (3) shall
20	apply as if the listing were a rule; and
21	"(II) paragraph (2) shall be ap-
22	plied by substituting '20 business
23	days' for '10 business days'.
24	"(ii) Transitional extension.—
25	During the 18-month period beginning on

1	the date of the registration of the first
2	crypto asset exchange, the Commission
3	shall have an additional 20 business days
4	to review any certification under clause (i).
5	"(iii) Consideration of com-
6	MENTS.—In conducting a review under
7	clause (i), the Commission shall consider
8	any comments provided by the Securities
9	and Exchange Commission with respect to
10	the legal classification of a crypto asset.".
11	SEC. 404. REGISTRATION OF CRYPTO ASSET EXCHANGES.
12	(a) In General.—The Commodity Exchange Act (7
13	U.S.C. 1 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section
14	5h the following:
15	"SEC. 5i. REGISTRATION OF CRYPTO ASSET EXCHANGES.
16	"(a) Definition of Customer.—In this section,
17	the term 'customer' means any person that maintains an
	, ₂
18	account for the trading of crypto assets or payment
18 19	account for the trading of crypto assets or payment stablecoins directly with a registered crypto asset ex-
19	stablecoins directly with a registered crypto asset ex-
19 20	stablecoins directly with a registered crypto asset exchange (other than a person that is owned or controlled,
19 20 21	stablecoins directly with a registered crypto asset exchange (other than a person that is owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by the registered crypto asset ex-
19 20 21 22	stablecoins directly with a registered crypto asset exchange (other than a person that is owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by the registered crypto asset exchange).

1 payment stablecoins shall register with the Commis-2 sion as a crypto asset exchange by submitting to the 3 Commission an application in such form and con-4 taining such information as the Commission may re-5 quire for the purpose of making the determinations 6 required for approval under subsections (d) and (f). 7 "(2) DEEMED REGISTRATION.—A registered 8 designated contract market or registered swap exe-9 cution facility that fulfills the requirements of this 10 section may elect to be considered a registered 11 crypto asset exchange, in such form and manner as 12 the Commission shall prescribe. 13 "(3) Additional registration.—A registered 14 crypto asset exchange shall be registered with the 15 Secretary of the Treasury as a money services busi-16 ness and with a customer protection and market in-17 tegrity authority registered under section 9809 of 18 title 31, United States Code. 19 "(c) Trading.— 20 "(1) In General.—A registered crypto asset 21 exchange may make available for trading any crypto 22 asset or payment stablecoin, that is not readily sus-23 ceptible to manipulation, subject to this subsection. "(2) Requirements.— 24

1	"(A) Ancillary assets.—An ancillary
2	asset shall not be made available for trading on
3	a registered crypto asset exchange unless the
4	asset is in compliance with section 42 of the Se-
5	curities Exchange Act of 1934.
6	"(B) Confirmation.—A registered crypto
7	asset exchange shall have a duty to confirm an
8	ancillary asset is in compliance before making
9	the asset available for trading.
10	"(3) Rules governing margined or lever-
11	AGED TRADING.—The Commission may make, pro-
12	mulgate, and enforce such additional rules governing
13	margined, leveraged, or financed transactions as are
14	reasonably necessary to protect market participants
15	and promote the orderly settlement of transactions
16	with respect to—
17	"(A) disclosure;
18	"(B) recordkeeping;
19	"(C) capital, margin, and other financial
20	resources;
21	"(D) reporting;
22	"(E) business conduct;
23	"(F) documentation; and
24	"(G) such other matters as the Commis-
25	sion determines to be necessary.

1	(4) PROHIBITION.—
2	"(A) In General.—Registration as a
3	crypto asset exchange shall not permit a trad-
4	ing facility to offer any contract of sale of a
5	commodity for future delivery, option, or swap
6	for trading without also being registered as a
7	designated contract market or swap execution
8	facility.
9	"(B) Proprietary trading.—A reg-
10	istered crypto asset exchange shall not conduct
11	proprietary trading, but may conduct market
12	making under standards established by the
13	Commission by rule.
14	"(d) Core Principles for Crypto Asset Ex-
15	CHANGES.—
16	"(1) Compliance with core principles.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—To be registered, and
18	maintain registration, as a crypto asset ex-
19	change, the registered crypto asset exchange
20	shall comply with—
21	"(i) the core principles described in
22	this subsection, and annually certify such
23	compliance; and

1	"(11) any requirement that the Com-
2	mission may impose by rule pursuant to
3	section $8a(5)$.
4	"(B) Reasonable discretion of
5	CRYPTO ASSET EXCHANGE.—Unless otherwise
6	determined by the Commission by rule, a reg-
7	istered crypto asset exchange described in sub-
8	paragraph (A) shall have reasonable discretion
9	in establishing the manner in which the reg-
10	istered crypto asset exchange complies with the
11	core principles described in this subsection.
12	"(2) COMPLIANCE WITH RULES.—A registered
13	crypto asset exchange shall—
14	"(A) establish and enforce compliance with
15	1 or more rules of the registered crypto asset
16	exchange, including—
17	"(i) the terms and conditions of the
18	trades traded or processed on or through
19	the registered crypto asset exchange; and
20	"(ii) any limitation on access to the
21	registered crypto asset exchange;
22	"(B) establish and enforce compliance with
23	trading, trade processing, and participation
24	rules that will deter abuses and have the capac-

1	ity to detect, investigate, and enforce violations
2	of those rules, including means—
3	"(i) to provide market participants
4	with impartial access to the market; and
5	"(ii) to capture information that may
6	be used in establishing whether rule viola-
7	tions have occurred; and
8	"(C) establish rules governing the oper-
9	ation of the registered crypto asset exchange,
10	including rules specifying trading procedures to
11	be used in entering and executing orders traded
12	or posted on the registered crypto asset ex-
13	change.
14	"(3) Crypto assets not readily suscep-
15	TIBLE TO MANIPULATION.—
16	"(A) In General.—A registered crypto
17	asset exchange shall permit trading only in as-
18	sets that are not readily susceptible to manipu-
19	lation.
20	"(B) LISTING RESTRICTIONS.—A reg-
21	istered crypto asset exchange shall not permit
22	trading in a crypto asset or payment stablecoin
23	if it is reasonably likely that—
24	"(i) the transaction history of the
25	asset can be fraudulently altered by any

1	person or group of persons acting collec-
2	tively; or
3	"(ii) the functionality or operation of
4	the asset can be materially altered by any
5	person or group of persons under common
6	control.
7	"(C) Considerations.—In assessing a
8	crypto asset or payment stablecoin under this
9	paragraph, a registered crypto asset exchange
10	shall consider—
11	"(i) the purpose and use of the asset;
12	"(ii) the creation or release process of
13	the asset;
14	"(iii) the consensus mechanism of the
15	asset;
16	"(iv) the governance structure of the
17	asset;
18	"(v) the participation and distribution
19	of the asset;
20	"(vi) the current and proposed
21	functionality of the asset;
22	"(vii) the legal classification of the
23	asset; and
24	"(viii) any other factor required by
25	the Commission.

1	"(4) Treatment of customer assets.—
2	"(A) REQUIRED STANDARDS AND PROCE-
3	DURES.—A registered crypto asset exchange
4	shall establish standards and procedures that
5	are designed to protect and ensure the safety of
6	customer money, assets, and property.
7	"(B) Holding of customer assets.—
8	"(i) In General.—A registered
9	crypto asset exchange shall hold customer
10	money, assets, and property in a manner
11	to minimize the customer's risk of loss of,
12	or unreasonable delay in the access to, the
13	money, assets, and property.
14	"(ii) Segregation of funds.—
15	"(I) In General.—A registered
16	crypto asset exchange shall treat and
17	deal with all money, assets, and prop-
18	erty of any customer received as be-
19	longing to the customer.
20	"(II) Commingling prohib-
21	ITED.—Money, assets, and property of
22	a customer described in subclause
23	(I)—
24	"(aa) shall be separately ac-
25	counted for; and

1	"(bb) shall not be—
2	"(AA) commingled with
3	the funds of the registered
4	crypto asset exchange; or
5	"(BB) used to margin,
6	secure, or guarantee any
7	trades or accounts of any
8	customer or person other
9	than the person for whom
10	the money, assets, or prop-
11	erty are held.
12	"(iii) Exceptions.—
13	"(I) USE OF FUNDS.—
14	"(aa) In General.—Not-
15	withstanding clause (ii), money,
16	assets, and property of customers
17	of a registered crypto asset ex-
18	change may, for the purposes de-
19	scribed in item (bb), be commin-
20	gled and deposited with an entity
21	described in section $4d(i)(1)(B)$.
22	"(bb) Withdrawal.—Not-
23	withstanding clause (ii), the
24	share of the money, assets, and
25	property described in item (aa)

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1	as in the normal course of busi-
2	ness is necessary to margin,
3	guarantee, secure, transfer, ad-
4	just, or settle a crypto asset
5	transaction with a registered en-
6	tity may be withdrawn and ap-
7	plied to those purposes, including
8	the payment of commissions, bro-
9	kerage, interest, taxes, storage,
10	and other charges, lawfully ac-
11	cruing in connection with the
12	crypto asset transaction.
13	"(II) COMMISSION ACTION.—
14	Notwithstanding clause (ii), in accord-
15	ance with such terms and conditions
16	as the Commission may prescribe by
17	rule or order, any money, assets, or
18	property of the customers of a reg-
19	istered crypto asset exchange may be
20	commingled and deposited in cus-
21	tomer accounts with any other money,
22	assets, or property received by the
23	registered crypto asset exchange and
24	required by the Commission to be sep-
25	arately accounted for and treated and

1	dealt with as belonging to the cus-
2	tomer of the registered crypto asset
3	exchange.
4	"(C) Permitted investments.—Money
5	referred to in subparagraph (B)(ii)(I) may be
6	invested—
7	"(i) in—
8	"(I) obligations of the United
9	States;
10	"(II) general obligations of any
11	State or of any political subdivision of
12	a State that are investment-grade;
13	"(III) obligations fully guaran-
14	teed as to principal and interest by
15	the United States; or
16	"(IV) any other investment that
17	the Commission may by rule pre-
18	scribe; and
19	"(ii) in accordance with such rules
20	and subject to such conditions as the Com-
21	mission may prescribe.
22	"(D) Misuse of Customer Property.—
23	It shall be unlawful—
24	"(i) for any registered crypto asset ex-
25	change that has received any customer

1	money, assets, or property for custody to
2	dispose of, or use any of the money, assets
3	or property as belonging to the registered
4	crypto asset exchange; or
5	"(ii) for any other person, including
6	any other registered crypto asset exchange
7	or custodian that has received any cus-
8	tomer money, assets, or property for de-
9	posit, to hold, dispose of, or use any of the
10	money, assets, or property as belonging
11	to—
12	"(I) the registered crypto asset
13	exchange that deposited the money
14	assets, or property; or
15	"(II) any person other than the
16	customers of the registered crypto
17	asset exchange.
18	"(E) Customer right to opt out.—
19	"(i) In general.—A customer shall
20	have the right to waive any requirement
21	under subparagraph (B) by affirmatively
22	electing, in writing to the registered crypto
23	asset exchange, to waive the requirement
24	"(ii) Limitations.—The Commission
25	may, by rule, establish notice and disclo-

1	sure requirements, segregation require-
2	ments, investment limitations, and other
3	rules relating to the waiving of any re-
4	quirement under this paragraph that is
5	reasonably necessary to protect customers,
6	including eligible contract participants,
7	non-eligible contract participants, or any
8	other class of customers.
9	"(5) Monitoring of trading and trade
10	PROCESSING.—
11	"(A) In General.—A registered crypto
12	asset exchange shall provide a competitive,
13	open, and efficient market and mechanism for
14	executing transactions that protects the price
15	discovery process of trading on the registered
16	crypto asset exchange.
17	"(B) PROTECTION OF MARKETS AND MAR-
18	KET PARTICIPANTS.—A registered crypto asset
19	exchange shall establish and enforce compliance
20	with rules—
21	"(i) to protect markets and market
22	participants from abusive practices com-
23	mitted by any party, including abusive
24	practices committed by a party acting as
25	an agent for a participant; and

1	"(ii) to promote fair and equitable
2	trading on the registered crypto asset ex-
3	change.
4	"(C) Procedures and monitoring.—A
5	registered crypto asset exchange shall—
6	"(i) establish and enforce compliance
7	with rules or terms and conditions defin-
8	ing, or specifications detailing—
9	"(I) trading procedures to be
10	used in entering and executing orders
11	traded on or through the facilities of
12	the registered crypto asset exchange;
13	and
14	"(II) procedures for trade proc-
15	essing of crypto assets on or through
16	the facilities of the registered crypto
17	asset exchange; and
18	"(ii) monitor trading in crypto assets
19	to prevent manipulation, price distortion,
20	and disruptions of the delivery or cash set-
21	tlement process through surveillance, and
22	compliance, including methods for con-
23	ducting real-time monitoring of trading
24	and comprehensive and accurate trade re-
25	constructions.

1	"(6) Ability to obtain information.—A
2	registered crypto asset exchange shall—
3	"(A) establish and enforce rules that will
4	allow the registered crypto asset exchange to
5	obtain any necessary information to perform
6	any of the functions described in this section;
7	"(B) provide the information to the Com-
8	mission on request; and
9	"(C) have the capacity to carry out such
10	international information-sharing agreements as
11	the Commission may require.
12	"(7) Emergency authority.—A registered
13	crypto asset exchange shall adopt rules to provide
14	for the exercise of emergency authority, in consulta-
15	tion or cooperation with the Commission or a reg-
16	istered entity, as is necessary and appropriate, in-
17	cluding the authority to facilitate the liquidation or
18	transfer of open positions in any crypto asset or to
19	suspend or curtail trading in a crypto asset.
20	"(8) Reporting requirements.—
21	"(A) In General.—A registered crypto
22	asset exchange shall provide to the Commission
23	information that is determined by the Commis-
24	sion to be necessary to perform any responsi-
25	bility of the Commission under this Act.

1	"(B) Timely publication of trading
2	INFORMATION.—
3	"(i) In general.—
4	"(I) Publication.—A registered
5	crypto asset exchange shall make pub-
6	lie timely information on price, trad-
7	ing volume, and other trading data on
8	crypto assets to the extent prescribed
9	by the Commission.
10	"(II) Accessibility.—A reg-
11	istered crypto asset exchange may
12	make trading data freely accessible to
13	the public under rules established by
14	the Commission.
15	"(ii) Capacity of Crypto asset ex-
16	CHANGE.—A registered crypto asset ex-
17	change shall be required to have the capac-
18	ity to electronically capture and transmit
19	trade information with respect to trans-
20	actions executed on the registered crypto
21	asset exchange.
22	"(9) Recordkeeping and reporting.—
23	"(A) In general.—A registered crypto
24	asset exchange shall—

1	"(1) maintain records of all activities
2	relating to the business of the registered
3	crypto asset exchange, including a com
4	plete audit trail, in a form and manner ac
5	ceptable to the Commission for a period of
6	5 years;
7	"(ii) report to the Commission, in a
8	form and manner acceptable to the Com-
9	mission, such information as the Commis
10	sion determines to be necessary or appro
11	priate for the Commission to perform the
12	duties of the Commission under this Act
13	and
14	"(iii) keep any records relating to an
15	cillary assets open to inspection and exam
16	ination by the Securities and Exchange
17	Commission.
18	"(B) Information sharing.—Subject to
19	section 8, and on request, the Commission shall
20	share information collected under subparagraph
21	(A) with—
22	"(i) a customer protection and market
23	integrity authority or other entity dele
24	gated regulatory and disciplinary authority
25	by a governmental agency;

1	"(ii) the Securities and Exchange
2	Commission;
3	"(iii) an appropriate Federal banking
4	agency (as defined in section 3 of the Fed-
5	eral Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C
6	1813));
7	"(iv) a State bank supervisor (as de-
8	fined in that section);
9	"(v) a State securities or commodities
10	regulator;
11	"(vi) the Financial Stability Oversight
12	Council;
13	"(vii) the Department of Justice; and
14	"(viii) any other person that the Com-
15	mission determines to be appropriate, in-
16	cluding—
17	"(I) foreign financial supervisors
18	(including foreign futures authorities)
19	"(II) foreign central banks; and
20	"(III) foreign ministries.
21	"(C) Confidentiality agreement.—Be-
22	fore the Commission may share information
23	with any entity described in subparagraph (B)
24	the Commission shall enter into a written
25	agreement with each entity stating that the en-

tity shall abide by the confidentiality require-
ments described in section 8 relating to the in-
formation on crypto asset transactions that is
provided.
"(D) Providing Information.—Each
registered crypto asset exchange shall provide
to the Commission (including any designee of
the Commission) information under subpara-
graph (A) in such form and at such frequency
as is required by the Commission.
"(10) Antitrust considerations.—Unless
necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of
this Act, a registered crypto asset exchange shall
not—
not— "(A) adopt any rules or take any actions
"(A) adopt any rules or take any actions
"(A) adopt any rules or take any actions that result in any unreasonable restraint of
"(A) adopt any rules or take any actions that result in any unreasonable restraint of trade; or
"(A) adopt any rules or take any actions that result in any unreasonable restraint of trade; or "(B) impose any material anticompetitive
"(A) adopt any rules or take any actions that result in any unreasonable restraint of trade; or "(B) impose any material anticompetitive burden on trading.
"(A) adopt any rules or take any actions that result in any unreasonable restraint of trade; or "(B) impose any material anticompetitive burden on trading. "(11) CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—A registered
"(A) adopt any rules or take any actions that result in any unreasonable restraint of trade; or "(B) impose any material anticompetitive burden on trading. "(11) Conflicts of interest.—A registered crypto asset exchange shall—

1	"(B) establish a process for resolving con-
2	flicts of interest described in subparagraph (A);
3	and
4	"(C) disclose fee arrangements from affili-
5	ates and third-party service providers, and
6	crypto assets traded on the exchange in which
7	the exchange may have a financial interest.
8	"(12) Financial resources.—
9	"(A) In General.—A registered crypto
10	asset exchange shall have adequate financial,
11	operational, and managerial resources, as deter-
12	mined by the Commission, to discharge each re-
13	sponsibility of the registered crypto asset ex-
14	change.
15	"(B) MINIMUM AMOUNT OF FINANCIAL RE-
16	SOURCES.—A registered crypto asset exchange
17	shall possess financial resources that, at a min-
18	imum, exceed the total amount that would en-
19	able the registered crypto asset exchange to
20	conduct an orderly wind-down of the activities
21	of the registered crypto asset exchange.
22	"(C) Additional financial resources
23	FOR LEVERAGE TRADING.—The Commission
24	may require such additional financial resources
25	as are necessary to enable a registered crypto

asset exchange that offers margined, leveraged,
or financed transactions to fulfill the customer
obligations of the registered crypto asset ex-
change.
"(13) Governance fitness standards.—
"(A) GOVERNANCE ARRANGEMENTS.—A
registered crypto asset exchange shall—
"(i) establish governance arrange-
ments that are transparent to fulfill public
interest requirements; and
"(ii) at all times, maintain a chief
compliance officer and an appropriate com-
pliance and risk management function.
"(B) Fitness standards.—A registered
crypto asset exchange shall establish and en-
force appropriate fitness standards for—
"(i) directors;
"(ii) any individual or entity with
legal or technological authority to execute
the settlement activities of the registered
crypto asset exchange;
"(iii) any individual or entity with di-
rect access to any custodian affiliated with
the registered crypto asset exchange;

1	"(iv) any entity offering affiliated
2	services for the registered crypto asset ex-
3	change; and
4	"(v) any party affiliated with any in-
5	dividual or entity described in clauses (i)
6	through (iv).
7	"(14) System safeguards.—A registered
8	crypto asset exchange shall—
9	"(A) establish and maintain a program of
10	risk analysis and oversight to identify and mini-
11	mize sources of operational and security risks,
12	through the development of appropriate controls
13	and procedures and automated systems that—
14	"(i) are reliable and secure; and
15	"(ii) have adequate scalable capacity;
16	"(B) establish and maintain emergency
17	procedures, backup facilities, and a plan for dis-
18	aster recovery that allow for—
19	"(i) the timely recovery and resump-
20	tion of operations; and
21	"(ii) the fulfillment of the responsibil-
22	ities and obligations of the registered
23	crypto asset exchange; and
24	"(C) periodically conduct tests to verify
25	that the backup resources of the registered

1	crypto asset exchange are sufficient to ensure
2	continued—
3	"(i) order processing and trade
4	matching;
5	"(ii) price reporting;
6	"(iii) market surveillance; and
7	"(iv) maintenance of a comprehensive
8	and accurate audit trail.
9	"(15) Decentralized crypto asset ex-
10	CHANGES.—
11	"(A) In general.—Prior to conducting
12	trading activity (including routing orders and
13	directed trading) through a decentralized crypto
14	asset exchange, or otherwise providing customer
15	access to a decentralized crypto asset exchange,
16	a crypto asset exchange shall implement risk
17	management standards with respect to its trad-
18	ing activity using that decentralized crypto
19	asset exchange.
20	"(B) Requirements.—A crypto asset ex-
21	change shall—
22	"(i) implement an effective risk-based
23	procedure for determining whether to exe-
24	cute, reject, or suspend an incoming or
25	outgoing transaction relating to a decen-

1	tralized crypto asset exchange, including a
2	determination based on suspected money
3	laundering, sanctions evasion, fraud, or
4	market manipulation;
5	"(ii) conduct an effective risk-based
6	analysis of the code of the decentralized
7	crypto asset exchange to determine wheth-
8	er crypto asset transactions can occur on
9	the exchange securely, consistently, and
10	immutably;
11	"(iii) verify that the code for the de-
12	centralized crypto asset exchange is widely
13	available to the public;
14	"(iv) verify that there are appropriate
15	developer documents relating to the decen-
16	tralized crypto asset exchange that appro-
17	priately disclose all risks of the software;
18	"(v) conduct an effective risk analysis
19	with respect to the decentralized crypto
20	asset exchange, including—
21	"(I) money laundering and sanc-
22	tions evasion;
23	"(II) settlement;
24	"(III) fraud and market manipu-
25	lation; and

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1	"(IV) operational and cybersecu-
2	rity risk, including—
3	"(aa) the use of multi-signa-
4	ture wallets;
5	"(bb) integration with third-
6	party software or vendors;
7	"(cc) any material efforts to
8	alter the functionality of the pro-
9	tocol; and
10	"(dd) all other material
11	risks;
12	"(vi) implement robust policies and
13	procedures to mitigate the risks identified
14	under clause (v);
15	"(vii) disclose the risks identified
16	under clause (v) using plain language to
17	customers;
18	"(viii) maintain robust capability to
19	detect market manipulation, fraud, money
20	laundering, and sanctions evasion occur-
21	ring on the decentralized crypto asset ex-
22	change, including through the use of alter-
23	native tools that will properly target those
24	risks, including through distributed ledger
25	intelligence companies;

1	"(ix) ensure that the merchant is not
2	trading with a decentralized crypto asset
3	exchange on a principal basis, but solely on
4	an agency basis at the request of a cus-
5	tomer; and
6	"(x) consistent with this subsection,
7	implement other standards which may be
8	required by the Commission by rule.
9	"(e) Risk Management Standards for Self-
10	HOSTED WALLETS.—
11	"(1) In General.—The Commission shall
12	adopt risk management standards relating to money
13	laundering, customer identification, and sanctions
14	for self-hosted wallets that conduct transactions with
15	a registered crypto asset exchange, which shall be
16	consistent with standards under section $4d(k)$.
17	"(2) Definition of self-hosted wallet.—
18	In this subsection, the term 'self-hosted wallet'
19	means a digital interface used to secure and transfer
20	crypto assets, in which the owner of the assets re-
21	tains independent control in a manner that is se-
22	cured by that interface.
23	"(f) Appointment of Trustee.—
24	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If a proceeding under sec-
25	tion 5e results in the suspension or revocation of the

1	registration of a crypto asset exchange, or if a
2	crypto asset exchange withdraws from registration,
3	the Commission, after providing notice to the crypto
4	asset exchange, may apply to the district court of
5	the United States for the judicial district in which
6	the crypto asset exchange is located for the appoint-
7	ment of a trustee.
8	"(2) Assumption of Jurisdiction.—If the
9	Commission applies to a court for appointment of a
10	trustee under paragraph (1)—
11	"(A) the court may take exclusive jurisdic-
12	tion over—
13	"(i) the crypto asset exchange; and
14	"(ii) the records and assets of the
15	crypto asset exchange, wherever those
16	records and assets are located; and
17	"(B) if the court takes jurisdiction under
18	subparagraph (A), the court shall appoint the
19	Commission, or a person designated by the
20	Commission, as trustee with power to take pos-
21	session and continue to operate or terminate
22	the operations of the crypto asset exchange in
23	an orderly manner for the protection of cus-
24	tomers, subject to such terms and conditions as
25	the court may prescribe.

1	"(g) Custodian.—A registered crypto asset ex-
2	change shall deposit with an entity described in section
3	4d(i)(1)(B) each crypto asset that is—
4	"(1) the property of a customer of the reg-
5	istered crypto asset exchange;
6	"(2) required to be held by the registered
7	crypto asset exchange under subsection (e)(3) or
8	(d)(12); or
9	"(3) otherwise required by the Commission to
10	be so held to reasonably protect customers or pro-
11	mote the public interest.
12	"(h) Change in Control.—
13	"(1) In general.—No person, acting directly
14	or indirectly, or through or in concert with 1 or
15	more persons, shall acquire control of a crypto asset
16	exchange unless—
17	"(A) the person has provided to the Com-
18	mission prior notice of the proposed acquisition;
19	and
20	"(B) the Commission has not disapproved
21	the acquisition during the 60-day period begin-
22	ning on the date of the notice under subpara-
23	graph (A).
24	"(2) Voting securities.—No person who has
25	been approved to acquire control of a crypto asset

1	exchange and who has maintained that control shall
2	acquire, directly or indirectly, or through or in con-
3	cert with 1 or more persons, voting securities of the
4	exchange if the ownership, control, or power to vote
5	of that person will increase from less than 25 per-
6	cent to 25 percent or more of any class of voting se-
7	curities of the exchange unless—
8	"(A) the person has provided to the Com-
9	mission prior notice of the proposed acquisition;
10	and
11	"(B) the Commission has not disapproved
12	the acquisition during the 60-day period begin-
13	ning on the date of the notice under subpara-
14	graph (A).
15	"(3) Information.—The Commission may, by
16	rule, specify information relating to a proposed ac-
17	quisition described in paragraph (1) or (2), which
18	shall be submitted with an application.
19	"(4) Public Notice.—As specified by the
20	Commission, public notice of a proposed acquisition
21	described in paragraph (1) or (2) shall be given at
22	the time an application is filed.
23	"(5) Approval.—The Commission shall ap-
24	prove a proposed acquisition described in paragraph

1	(1) or (2) unless, by order, it finds either of the fol
2	lowing:
3	"(A) The proposed acquisition would pose
4	an unacceptable risk to customers or to the op
5	eration of the exchange.
6	"(B) The proposed acquisition would oth
7	erwise violate Federal law.
8	"(6) Definition of Control.—In this sub
9	section, the term 'control' means the power, directly
10	or indirectly, to direct the management or policies or
11	a crypto asset exchange, to vote 25 percent or more
12	of any class of voting securities of the exchange of
13	control in any manner the election of a majority of
14	the directors of the exchange, as may be provided by
15	rule.
16	"(i) Jurisdiction.—Except as otherwise provided by
17	Federal law, the Commission shall have exclusive jurisdic
18	tion over the regulation, supervision, and all other activi
19	ties of a registered crypto asset exchange.
20	"(j) Implementation.—The Commission shall pre
21	scribe rules to implement this section.".
22	(b) CERTAIN CRYPTO ASSET EXCHANGE FUNCTIONS
23	NOT SUFFICIENT TO TRIGGER REQUIREMENT TO REG
24	ISTER AS FUTURES COMMISSION MERCHANT.—Section

- 1 4f(c) of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 6f(c))
- 2 is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 3 "(12) Clarification of Scope of Registration
- 4 Requirement.—A registered crypto asset exchange shall
- 5 not be required to register as a futures commission mer-
- 6 chant for any activity for which the registered crypto asset
- 7 exchange is regulated under section 5i.".
- 8 SEC. 405. SUPERVISION OF AFFILIATES.
- 9 (a) In General.—The Commodity Exchange Act (7
- 10 U.S.C. 1 et seq.) (as amended by section 404(a)) is amend-
- 11 ed by inserting after section 5i the following:
- 12 "SEC. 5j. COMMISSION SUPERVISION OF CRYPTO ASSET AF-
- 13 FILIATES.
- 14 "(a) Definition of Covered Affiliate.—In this
- 15 section, 'covered affiliate' means, based on the totality of
- 16 the facts and circumstances as determined by the Commis-
- 17 sion, a person with a substantial legal or financial relation-
- 18 ship to an entity registered under this Act that is pri-
- 19 marily engaged in crypto asset activities, based on the fol-
- 20 lowing factors:
- 21 "(1) The degree to which conflicts of interest
- 22 may be present, or the financial interests of the enti-
- 23 ty may come into conflict with the fiduciary duty of
- the entity to customers or the prudent operation of
- 25 the entity.

1	"(2) The legal relationship between the entity
2	and the affiliate.
3	"(3) The overall financing requirements of the
4	entity and the affiliate, and the degree, if any, to
5	which the entity and the affiliate are financially de-
6	pendent on each other.
7	"(4) The degree, if any, to which the entity or
8	its customers rely on the affiliate for operational
9	support or services in connection with the business
10	of the entity.
11	"(5) The level of market, credit, or other risk
12	present in the activities of the affiliate.
13	"(6) The extent to which the affiliate has the
14	authority or the ability to cause a withdrawal of cap-
15	ital from the entity.
16	"(7) Any other factor determined by the Com-
17	mission by rule to be material.
18	"(b) Commission Designation of Covered Af-
19	FILIATES.—
20	"(1) In general.—In consultation with an en-
21	tity registered under this Act, not later than 1 year
22	after the date of enactment of this section, and not
23	less frequently than 90 days before the examination
24	of an entity by the Commission or a customer pro-
25	tection and market integrity authority registered

1	under section 9809 of title 31, United States Code,
2	the Commission shall designate the covered affiliates
3	of the entity.
4	"(2) Requirement.—Each covered affiliate of
5	the entity shall be required to provide to the Com-
6	mission, by not later than the date on which an ex-
7	amination of the entity by the Commission or a cus-
8	tomer protection and market integrity authority reg-
9	istered under section 9809 of title 31, United States
10	Code, begins, the following:
11	"(A) A description of all activities the affil-
12	iate is engaged with relating to the entity.
13	"(B) The most recent audited financial
14	statements of the affiliate.
15	"(C) All legal agreements entered into be-
16	tween the affiliate and the entity.
17	"(D) A description of all transactions be-
18	tween the affiliate and the entity since the last
19	examination.
20	"(E) Any other information that may be
21	determined to be material by the Commission.
22	"(c) Remedial Measures.—If the Commission
23	finds that it is in the public interest and has good cause
24	to believe it is necessary to protect the customers of an

1	entity registered under this Act that is primarily engaged
2	in crypto asset activities, the Commission may, by order—
3	"(1) conduct an examination of a covered affil-
4	iate;
5	"(2) require a person with control of an entity
6	to divest or sever their relationship with the entity;
7	"(3) limit covered affiliates from providing serv-
8	ices to an entity or entering into legal relationships
9	or specified transactions with an entity.
10	"(d) Rules.—Not later than 18 months after the
11	date of enactment of this section, the Commission shall
12	issue rules to implement this section.".
13	SEC. 406. VIOLATIONS.
14	Section 9 of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C.
15	13) is amended—
16	(1) in subsection (a)(2), by striking "subsection
17	4c" and inserting "section 4c"; and
18	(2) in subsection (e)—
10	
19	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting "con-
20	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting "contracts for the sale of crypto assets," after "op-
20	tracts for the sale of crypto assets," after "op-
20 21	tracts for the sale of crypto assets," after "options thereon,"; and

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- 2 Section 16(a) of the Commodity Exchange Act (7
- 3 U.S.C. 20(a)) is amended—
- 4 (1) in the first sentence, by striking "which are
- 5 the subject of futures contracts," and inserting
- 6 "under the jurisdiction of the Commission,"; and
- 7 (2) in the second sentence, by striking "futures
- 8 markets." and inserting "markets under the juris-
- 9 diction of the Commission.".

10 SEC. 408. BANKRUPTCY TREATMENT OF CRYPTO ASSETS.

- 11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 20(a) of the Commodity
- 12 Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 24(a)) is amended in paragraphs
- 13 (1) and (2) by inserting "crypto assets, payment
- 14 stablecoins," after "securities," each place it appears.
- 15 (b) COMMODITY BROKER DEFINITION.—Section
- 16 101(6) of title 11, United States Code, is amended by in-
- 17 serting "registered crypto asset exchange, as defined in
- 18 section 1a of the Commodity Exchange Act," before "for-
- 19 eign".
- 20 (c) COMMODITIES CONTRACTS.—Section 556 of title
- 21 11, United States Code, is amended by inserting "a reg-
- 22 istered crypto asset exchange, as defined in section 1a of
- 23 the Commodity Exchange Act," before "a contract".
- 24 (d) Contractual Rights.—Section 561 of title 11,
- 25 United States Code, is amended by inserting ", a reg-
- 26 istered crypto asset exchange, as defined in section 1a of

1	the Commodity Exchange Act," after "designated under
2	the Commodity Exchange Act" each place it appears.
3	(e) Definitions.—Section 761 of title 11, United
4	States Code, is amended—
5	(1) in paragraph (4)—
6	(A) in subparagraph (A), by inserting
7	"crypto asset, payment stablecoin, or a" before
8	"commodity";
9	(B) in subparagraph (I), by striking "or"
10	at the end;
11	(C) in subparagraph (J), by adding "or"
12	at the end; and
13	(D) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(K) a contract for the sale of a crypto
15	asset or payment stablecoin by a registered
16	crypto asset exchange;"; and
17	(2) in paragraph (10)—
18	(A) in the matter preceding subparagraph
19	(A)—
20	(i) by inserting "a crypto asset, pay-
21	ment stablecoin," after "a security,"; and
22	(ii) by inserting "crypto asset, pay-
23	ment stablecoin," after "cash, security,";
24	(B) in subparagraph (A)—

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1	(i) in clause (vi), by inserting "a
2	crypto asset, payment stablecoin' after "a
3	security,"; and
4	(ii) in clause (vii)—
5	(I) by inserting "payment
6	stablecoin or a crypto asset" before
7	"held as property";
8	(II) by inserting "payment
9	stablecoin or crypto asset" after "such
10	security"; and
11	(III) by inserting "payment
12	stablecoin or crypto asset'' after
13	"based on a security"; and
14	(C) in subparagraph (B)—
15	(i) by striking "not including prop-
16	erty" and inserting "not including—
17	"(i) property";
18	(ii) in clause (i), as so designated, by
19	adding "and" at the end; and
20	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
21	lowing:
22	"(ii) money, assets, or property with
23	respect to which any requirement under
24	subsection (i) of section 4d of the Com-
25	modity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 6d) is

1	waived pursuant to paragraph (3) of that
2	subsection, or any requirement under sub-
3	paragraph (B) of paragraph (4) of section
4	5i(d) of that Act is waived pursuant to
5	subparagraph (E) of that paragraph;".
6	(f) Voidable Transfers.—Section 764(b)(1) of
7	title 11, United States Code, is amended by inserting ",
8	crypto assets" before ", or other property".
9	(g) Treatment of Customer Property.—Section
10	766 of title 11, United States Code, is amended—
11	(1) in subsection (b)(1), by striking "physical
12	commodity underlying" and inserting "commodity
13	underlying";
14	(2) in subsection (c), by inserting "crypto asset,
15	payment stablecoin" before "or commodity contract"
16	each place the term appears;
17	(3) in subsection (d), by inserting "crypto asset,
18	payment stablecoin" before "or commodity contract"
19	each place the term appears;
20	(4) in subsection (f)—
21	(A) in striking "and other property" and
22	inserting "crypto assets, payment stablecoins
23	and other property"; and

1	(B) by striking "or property" and insert-
2	ing ", crypto assets, payment stablecoins or
3	property";
4	(5) in subsection (g), by striking "security or
5	property" and inserting "security, crypto asset, pay-
6	ment stablecoin or property"; and
7	(6) in subsection $(h)(2)$, by inserting "crypto
8	assets, payment stablecoins," after "customer securi-
9	ties,".
10	SEC. 409. IDENTIFIED BANKING PRODUCTS.
11	Section 206(a) of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (15
12	U.S.C. 78c note) is amended—
13	(1) in paragraph (5)(B)(ii), by striking "or" at
14	the end;
15	(2) in paragraph (6), by striking the period at
16	the end and inserting "; or"; and
17	(3) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(7) a payment stablecoin issued by a deposi-
19	tory institution under section 722A, except as pro-
20	vided under section $2(c)(2)(F)$ of the Commodity
21	Exchange Act $(7 \text{ U.S.C. } 2(c)(2)(F))$.".
22	SEC. 410. FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS DEFINITION.
23	Section 5312(c)(1) of title 31, United States Code,
24	is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(B) A registered crypto asset exchange,
as defined in section 1a of the Commodity Ex-
change Act.".
SEC. 411. OFFSETTING THE COSTS OF CRYPTO ASSET REG-
ULATION.
The Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.)
is amended by adding at the end the following:
"SEC. 24. OFFSETTING THE COSTS OF CRYPTO ASSET REG-
ULATION.
"(a) Recovery of Certain Costs of Annual Ap-
PROPRIATION.—
"(1) In General.—Effective beginning Octo-
ber 1, 2024, the Commission may, by rule, collect
fees—
"(A) to fund expenses relating to regula-
tion of crypto asset cash and spot markets; and
"(B) that are designed to recover the costs
to the Federal Government of the annual ap-
propriation to the Commission by Congress.
"(2) Registered entities.—Fees under
paragraph (1) shall only be imposed—
"(A) on registered entities engaged in cash
or spot crypto asset activities; and
"(B) in relation to the regulation of those
activities under this Act.

1	"(3) FEE RATES.—Fees under paragraph (1)
2	shall—
3	"(A) be strictly related to the cost to the
4	Commission of the regulation of crypto asset
5	cash and spot markets;
6	"(B) be reduced for newly registered enti-
7	ties with less than \$100,000,000 in daily trad-
8	ing volume; and
9	"(C)(i) minimize negative impacts on mar-
10	ket liquidity; and
11	"(ii) maintain the efficiency, competitive-
12	ness, and financial integrity of crypto asset
13	markets.
14	"(4) Collection of fees.—The Commission
15	shall collect fees under this subsection in such man-
16	ner and within such time as may be specified by the
17	Commission by rule.
18	"(b) Fee Rate Orders.—
19	"(1) In general.—Not later than 60 days
20	after the date on which a law providing a regular
21	appropriation to the Commission for a fiscal year is
22	enacted, the Commission shall adopt an order set-
23	ting rates for fees to be collected under subsection
24	(a) for that fiscal year.

1	"(2) Publication.—The Commission shall
2	publish in the Federal Register the order adopted
3	under paragraph (1), including—
4	"(A) projections on which the fees are
5	based; and
6	"(B) an explanation of the method used
7	for calculating applicable fee rates.
8	"(c) Deposit of Fees.—
9	"(1) Offsetting collections.—Fees col-
10	lected under subsection (a) for any fiscal year—
11	"(A) shall be deposited and credited as off-
12	setting collections to the account providing ap-
13	propriations to the Commission; and
14	"(B) shall not be collected or available for
15	obligation for any fiscal year except to the ex-
16	tent provided in advance in appropriation Acts.
17	"(2) General revenues prohibited.—No
18	fees collected under subsection (a) shall be deposited
19	and credited as general revenue of the Treasury.
20	"(d) Lapse of Appropriations.—If a regular ap-
21	propriation to the Commission has not been enacted on
22	the first day of a fiscal year, the Commission shall con-
23	tinue to collect fees under this section at the rates in effect
24	on September 30 of the preceding fiscal year.
25	"(e) Limitations.—

"(1) LEVERAGED, MARGINED, OR FINANCED 1 2 TRANSACTIONS.—Nothing in this section authorizes 3 the imposition of fees on a registered entity relating 4 to leveraged, margined, or financed transactions 5 under this Act, including those activities relating to 6 crypto assets. "(2) 7 OTHER APPROPRIATIONS.—Notwith-8 standing any other provision of law, the Commission 9 may use appropriations otherwise made available by 10 law to fund expenses relating to the regulation of 11 crypto asset cash and spot markets. "(f) Ceiling on Fees.—Unless otherwise provided 12 13 by law, fees collected under this section shall not exceed 14 \$30,000,000. 15 "(g) Authorization Required.—The authority under this section to impose and collect fees shall only be in effect during a period that a legislative authorization of the Commission is in effect, as otherwise provided by 19 law.".

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1	TITLE V—RESPONSIBLE
2	SECURITIES REGULATION
3	SEC. 501. SECURITIES OFFERINGS INVOLVING CERTAIN IN-
4	TANGIBLE ASSETS.
5	Title I of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
6	U.S.C. 78a et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the
7	following:
8	"SEC. 42. SECURITIES OFFERINGS INVOLVING CERTAIN IN-
9	TANGIBLE ASSETS.
10	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
11	"(1) Ancillary asset.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'ancillary
13	asset' means an intangible, fungible asset that
14	is offered, sold, or otherwise provided to a per-
15	son in connection with the purchase and sale of
16	a security through an arrangement or scheme
17	that constitutes an investment contract, as that
18	term is used in section 2(a)(1) of the Securities
19	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)(1)).
20	"(B) Exclusion.—The term 'ancillary
21	asset' does not include an asset that provides
22	the holder of the asset with any of the following
23	rights in a business entity:
24	"(i) A debt or equity interest in that
25	entity.

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1	"(ii) Liquidation rights with respect
2	to that entity.
3	"(iii) An entitlement to an interest or
4	dividend payment from that entity.
5	"(iv) Any other financial interest in
6	that entity.
7	"(2) Business entity.—The term 'business
8	entity' means—
9	"(A) a corporation, limited liability com-
10	pany, or other entity that is created by filing a
11	document with the Secretary of State of a State
12	(or a similar office); or
13	"(B) a foreign entity that is eligible for
14	registration, or that is registered to do busi-
15	ness, under the laws of a State or Indian Tribe.
16	"(3) Foreign private issuer.—The term
17	'foreign private issuer' means a foreign issuer, other
18	than a foreign government, except that the term
19	does not include a foreign issuer that, as of the last
20	business day of the most recently completed fiscal
21	quarter of the issuer, satisfies the following condi-
22	tions:
23	"(A) More than 50 percent of the out-
24	standing voting securities of the issuer are di-

1	rectly or indirectly owned by residents of the
2	United States.
3	"(B) Any of the following:
4	"(i) The majority of the executive offi-
5	cers or directors of the issuer are citizens
6	or residents of the United States.
7	"(ii) More than 50 percent of the as-
8	sets of the issuer are located in the United
9	States.
10	"(iii) The business of the issuer is
11	principally administered in the United
12	States.
13	"(b) Disclosure Requirements.—
14	"(1) Initial compliance with specified
15	PERIODIC DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS.—Subject to
16	paragraphs (4) and (5), an issuer engaged in busi-
17	ness in or affecting interstate commerce, or that is
18	organized outside of the United States and is not a
19	foreign private issuer, that offers, sells, or otherwise
20	provides a security through an arrangement or
21	scheme that constitutes an investment contract, as
22	that term is used in section 2(a)(1) of the Securities
23	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)(1)), and that pro-
24	vides or proposes to provide any holder of the secu-
25	rity with an ancillary asset, shall be subject to the

1	periodic disclosure requirements under subsection (c)
2	for the 1-year period beginning on the date that is
3	180 days after the first date on which the security
4	is offered, sold, or otherwise provided by the issuer
5	if—
6	"(A) the average daily aggregate value of
7	all ancillary assets offered, sold, or otherwise
8	provided by the issuer in relation to the offer
9	sale, or provision of the security in all spot
10	markets open to the public in the United States
11	(based on the knowledge of the issuer after due
12	inquiry) is greater than \$5,000,000 for the
13	180-day period immediately succeeding the date
14	of that first offer, sale, or provision; and
15	"(B) during the 180-day period described
16	in subparagraph (A), the issuer, or any person
17	owning not less than 10 percent of any class of
18	equity securities of the issuer, engaged in entre-
19	preneurial or managerial efforts that primarily
20	determined the value of the ancillary asset.
21	"(2) Ongoing compliance with specified
22	PERIODIC DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS.—Subject to
23	paragraphs (4) and (5), an issuer that is engaged in
24	business in or affecting interstate commerce, or that
25	is organized outside of the United States and is not

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a foreign private issuer, that offers, sells, or otherwise provides a security through an arrangement or scheme that constitutes an investment contract, as that term is used in section 2(a)(1) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)(1)), and that provides the holder of the security with an ancillary asset in connection with the acquisition of the security, shall be subject to the periodic disclosure requirements under subsection (c) for a given fiscal year of that issuer, if, in the immediately preceding fiscal year of the issuer (or any portion thereof)— "(A) the average daily aggregate value of all trading in the ancillary asset in all spot markets open to the public in the United States was greater than \$5,000,000, based on the knowledge of the issuer after due inquiry; and "(B) the issuer, or any person owning not less than 10 percent of any class of equity securities of the issuer, engaged in entrepreneurial or managerial efforts that primarily determined the value of the ancillary asset. "(3) Transition rule.—Subject to paragraphs (4) and (5), an issuer that is engaged in business in or affecting interstate commerce, or that is organized outside of the United States and is not 1

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a foreign private issuer, that offers, sells, or otherwise provides a security through an arrangement or scheme that constitutes an investment contract, as that term is used in section 2(a)(1) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)(1)), and that provides the holder of the security with an ancillary asset before January 1, 2025, in connection with the acquisition of the security shall be subject to the periodic disclosure requirements under subsection (c) beginning in the first fiscal year of the issuer that begins on or after that date, if, in the immediately preceding fiscal year of the issuer— "(A) the average daily aggregate value of trading in the ancillary asset in all spot markets open to the public for which trading volume is generally available was greater than \$5,000,000, based on the knowledge of the issuer after due inquiry; and "(B) the issuer, or any person owning not less than 10 percent of any class of equity securities of the issuer, engaged in entrepreneurial or managerial efforts that primarily determined the value of the ancillary asset. "(4) Treatment of ancillary assets.—

1	"(A) In General.—Notwithstanding any
2	other provision of law, if an issuer issues a se-
3	curity through an arrangement or scheme that
4	constitutes an investment contract, as that term
5	is used in section 2(a)(1) of the Securities Act
6	of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)(1)), is subject to
7	paragraph (1), (2), or (3), and has complied
8	with the periodic disclosure requirements under
9	subsection (c), to the extent applicable, an an-
10	cillary asset owned by the issuer, or any person
11	affiliated with the issuer, shall be presumed—
12	"(i) to be a commodity, consistent
13	with section 2(c)(2)(F) of the Commodity
14	Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 2(e)(2)(F)); and
15	"(ii) not to be a security under—
16	"(I) section 3(a);
17	"(II) such section 2(a)(1);
18	"(III) section 2(a) of the Invest-
19	ment Company Act of 1940 (15
20	U.S.C. 80a–2(a));
21	"(IV) section 202(a) of the In-
22	vestment Advisers Act of 1940 (15
23	U.S.C. 80b–2(a)); or
24	"(V) any applicable provision of
25	State law.

1	"(B) Other persons.—A person who is
2	not an issuer, an entity controlled by an issuer
3	(including a person that acquires an ancillary
4	asset from such an issuer for the purpose of re-
5	sale or distribution of the ancillary asset), or a
6	person acting at the direction or on the behalf
7	of an issuer shall be not required to treat an
8	ancillary asset provided by, or on behalf of, an
9	issuer as a security under this Act or any provi-
10	sion of law described in subparagraph (A)(ii).
11	"(C) Exception.—
12	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (A)
13	shall not apply to an ancillary asset if the
14	United States Court of Appeals for the
15	District of Columbia Circuit, after an ap-
16	propriate proceeding, issues an order find-
17	ing by clear and convincing evidence that
18	the ancillary asset meets not less than 1 of
19	the bases for exclusion under subsection
20	(a)(1)(B).
21	"(ii) Rules of construction.—
22	Nothing in this subparagraph shall be con-
23	strued to preclude the Commission from
24	entering into a settlement agreement relat-
25	ing to violations or alleged violations of

1	this section. Compliance under this section
2	shall not be used in any administrative or
3	judicial proceeding as evidence that an an-
4	cillary asset is a security.
5	"(5) CALCULATION.—For the purposes of para-
6	graphs (1), (2), and (3), the calculation of daily ag-
7	gregate value shall be based on data disclosed by
8	spot markets or otherwise available to the public for
9	inspection.
10	"(c) Specified Periodic Disclosure Require-
11	MENTS.—If an issuer is subject to paragraph (1), (2), or
12	(3) of subsection (b), the issuer shall file, or cause the
13	relevant affiliate to file, with the Commission, on a semi-
14	annual basis, information that the Commission may, by
15	rule, require relating to the issuer and any relevant ancil-
16	lary asset, as necessary or appropriate in the public inter-
17	est or for the protection of investors, which shall be exclu-
18	sively comprised of the following:
19	"(1) Basic corporate information regarding the
20	issuer, including the following:
21	"(A) The experience of the issuer in devel-
22	oping assets similar to the ancillary asset.
23	"(B) If the issuer has previously provided
24	ancillary assets to purchasers of securities, in-
25	formation on the subsequent history of those

1	previously provided ancillary assets, including
2	price history, if the information is publicly
3	available.
4	"(C) The activities that the issuer has
5	taken in the relevant disclosure period, and is
6	projecting to take in the 1-year period following
7	the submission of the disclosure, with respect to
8	promoting the use, value, or resale of the ancil-
9	lary asset (including any activity to facilitate
10	the creation or maintenance of a trading mar-
11	ket for the ancillary asset and any network or
12	system that utilizes the ancillary asset).
13	"(D) The anticipated cost of the activities
14	of the issuer in subparagraph (C) and whether
15	the issuer has unencumbered, liquid funds equal
16	to that amount.
17	"(E) To the extent the ancillary asset in-
18	volves the use of a particular technology, the
19	experience of the issuer with the use of that
20	technology.
21	"(F) The backgrounds of the board of di-
22	rectors (or equivalent body), senior manage-
23	ment, and key employees of the issuer, the ex-
24	perience or functions of whom are material to
25	the value of the ancillary asset, as well as any

1	personnel changes relating to the issuer during
2	the period covered by the disclosure.
3	"(G) A description of the assets and liabil-
4	ities of the issuer, to the extent material to the
5	value of the ancillary asset.
6	"(H) A description of any legal pro-
7	ceedings in which the issuer is engaged (include
8	ing inquiries by governmental agencies into the
9	activities of the issuer), to the extent materia
10	to the value of the ancillary asset.
11	"(I) Risk factors relating to the impact of
12	the issuer on, or unique knowledge relating to
13	the value of the ancillary asset.
14	"(J) Information relating to ownership of
15	the ancillary asset by—
16	"(i) persons owning not less than 10
17	percent of any class of equity security or
18	the issuer; and
19	"(ii) the management of the issuer.
20	"(K) Information relating to transactions
21	involving the ancillary asset by the issuer with
22	related persons, promoters, and control persons
23	"(L) Recent sales or similar dispositions of
24	ancillary assets by the issuer and affiliates of
25	the issuer.

1	"(M) Purchases or similar dispositions of
2	ancillary assets by the issuer and affiliates of
3	the issuer.
4	"(N) A going concern statement from the
5	chief financial officer of the issuer or equivalent
6	official, signed under penalty of perjury, stating
7	whether the issuer maintains the financial re-
8	sources to continue business as a going concern
9	for the 1-year period following the submission
10	of the disclosure, absent a material change in
11	circumstances.
12	"(2) Information relating to the ancillary asset,
13	including the following:
14	"(A) A general description of the ancillary
15	asset, including the standard unit of measure
16	with respect to the ancillary asset, the intended
17	or known functionality and uses of the ancillary
18	asset, the market for the ancillary asset, other
19	assets or services that may compete with the
20	ancillary asset, and the total supply of the an-
21	cillary asset or the manner and rate of the on-
22	going production or creation of the ancillary
23	asset.
24	"(B) If ancillary assets have been offered,
25	sold, or otherwise provided by the issuer to in-

"(G) Risk factors known to the issuer that
may limit demand for, or interest in, the ancil-
lary asset.
"(H) The names and locations of the mar-
kets in which the ancillary asset is known by
the issuer to be available for sale or purchase.
"(I) To the extent available to the issuer,
the average daily price for a constant unit of
value of the ancillary asset during the relevant
reporting period, as well as the 12-month high
and low prices for the ancillary asset.
"(J) If applicable, information relating to
any external audit of the code and functionality
of the ancillary asset, including the entity per-
forming the audit and the experience of the en-
tity in conducting similar audits.
"(K) If applicable, any valuation report or
economic analysis commissioned by the issuer
regarding the ancillary asset or the projected
market of the ancillary asset.
"(L) If the ancillary asset is intangible, in-
formation relating to custody by the owner of
the ancillary asset or a third party.

1	"(M) Information on intellectual property
2	rights claimed or disputed relating to the ancil-
3	lary asset.
4	"(N) A description of the technology un-
5	derlying the issuance and trading of the ancil-
6	lary asset.
7	"(O) Any material tax considerations ap-
8	plicable to owning, storing, using, or trading
9	the ancillary asset.
10	"(P) Any material legal or regulatory con-
11	siderations applicable to owning, storing, using,
12	or trading the ancillary asset, including any
13	legal proceeding that may impact the value of
14	the ancillary asset.
15	"(Q) Any other material factor or informa-
16	tion that may impact the value of the ancillary
17	asset and about which the issuer is reasonably
18	aware.
19	"(d) Application to Successor Entities and
20	CERTAIN AFFILIATES.—
21	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If an issuer would other-
22	wise be subject to specified periodic disclosure re-
23	quirements under subsection (c) and is no longer in
24	operation, any successor entity that directly or indi-
25	rectly received not less than 50 percent of the re-

- 1 maining proceeds raised by the sale of the related 2 securities of that issuer shall file, or cause to be 3 filed, with the Commission the information required 4 under that subsection. 5 "(2) CERTAIN AFFILIATES.—If an entity con-6 trolled by an issuer is subject to specified periodic 7 disclosure requirements under subsection (c) and is 8 engaged in entrepreneurial or managerial efforts 9 that primarily determine the value of an ancillary 10 asset, the entity may file with the Commission the 11 information required under that subsection. 12 "(e) Voluntary Disclosure.—An issuer that is not subject to the specified periodic disclosure requirements under subsection (c) and that offers or sells a secu-14 15 rity through an arrangement or scheme that constitutes an investment contract, as that term is used in section 16 17 2(a)(1) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)(1)), and that provides the holder of that security 18 19 with an ancillary asset in connection with the acquisition of the security may voluntarily file with the Commission 21 the information required under that subsection if the 22 issuer believes that it is reasonably likely that the issuer
- 24 "(f) Exemptions.—The Commission may, by order,

will become subject to those requirements in the future.

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25 exempt an ancillary asset from the specified periodic dis-

closure requirements under subsection (c) if the Commis-2 sion determines that the public policy goals of disclosure 3 and consumer protection are not satisfied by requiring disclosures relating to an ancillary asset. 4 5 "(g) Rule of Construction.—If an issuer fails to 6 comply with a provision of this section, an ancillary asset provided by the issuer shall not be presumed to be a secu-8 rity under a provision of law described in subsection 9 (b)(4)(A)(ii), solely because of such failure. "(h) LIABILITY FOR FALSE AND 10 MISLEADING 11 Statements.—Any statement made in a disclosure, ap-12 plication, or other document filed under this section shall 13 be subject to section 18. 14 "(i) Termination of Specified Periodic Disclo-15 SURE REQUIREMENTS.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—The obligation of an issuer 16 17 to file the information required under subsection (c) 18 shall terminate on the date that is 90 days, or such 19 shorter period as the Commission may determine, 20 after the date on which the issuer files a certification 21 described in paragraph (2). 22 "(2) Certification.— 23 "(A) IN GENERAL.—A certification de-24 scribed in this paragraph shall be supported by

reasonable evidence, based on the knowledge of

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1	the issuer filing the certification, after due in-
2	quiry, that—
3	"(i) the average daily aggregate value
4	of all trading in the applicable ancillary
5	asset in all spot markets open to the public
6	in the United States in the 12-month pe-
7	riod preceding the date on which the cer-
8	tification is filed was not greater than
9	\$5,000,000; or
10	"(ii) during the 12-month period pre-
11	ceding the date on which the certification
12	is filed, neither the applicable issuer, nor
13	any entity controlled by the applicable
14	issuer, engaged in entrepreneurial or man-
15	agerial efforts that primarily determined
16	the value of the ancillary asset.
17	"(B) Denial.—
18	"(i) In general.—Subject to sub-
19	paragraph (C)(ii), the Commission may, by
20	majority vote and after notice and oppor-
21	tunity for hearing, deny a certification filed
22	under paragraph (1) if the Commission
23	finds that the certification is not supported
24	by substantial evidence.

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1	"(ii) Effect.—The denial, under
2	clause (i), of a certification filed under
3	paragraph (1)—
4	"(I) shall terminate the certifi-
5	cation so filed; and
6	"(II) shall not prevent the appli-
7	cable issuer from filing another cer-
8	tification under paragraph (1), if the
9	re-filed certification is filed not earlier
10	than 180 days after the date on which
11	the original certification is denied.
12	"(C) Pending status.—
13	"(i) In General.—Termination of
14	the disclosure requirements described in
15	paragraph (1) applicable to an issuer that
16	has filed a certification under that para-
17	graph shall be deferred pending review by
18	the Commission of the evidence supporting
19	the certification.
20	"(ii) Effect of Delay.—If, as of
21	the date that is 90 days after receiving a
22	certification filed under paragraph (1), the
23	Commission has not requested additional
24	evidence with respect to the certification
25	from the applicable issuer, the disclosure

1	obligations that are the subject of the cer-
2	tification shall terminate.
3	"(j) Rules.—The Commission may adopt rules and
4	guidance to implement this section, consistent with the
5	statutory intent of this section.".
6	SEC. 502. GUIDANCE RELATING TO SATISFACTORY CON-
7	TROL LOCATION.
8	Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
9	ment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission
10	shall issue guidance relating to section 240.15c3-3 of title
11	17, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor regula-
12	tion, providing that the requirement to designate a satis-
13	factory control location for a crypto asset that is, or may
14	represent ownership of, a security may be satisfied by pro-
15	tecting the crypto asset through commercially reasonable
16	cybersecurity practices to maintain control of sufficient
17	private key material to transfer control of the crypto asset
18	to another person, or to cause another person to obtain
19	control of the crypto asset, including by means of a smart
20	contract that generates private key material without the
21	involvement of a natural person.

1	TITLE VI—CUSTOMER PROTEC-
2	TION AND MARKET INTEG-
3	RITY AUTHORITY
4	SEC. 601. CUSTOMER PROTECTION AND MARKET INTEG-
5	RITY AUTHORITY.
6	(a) In General.—Chapter 98 of title 31, United
7	States Code, as amended by section 208, is amended by
8	adding at the end the following:
9	"§ 9809. Customer protection and market integrity
10	authorities
11	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
12	"(1) Nonmember professional.—The term
13	'nonmember professional' means any person that—
14	"(A) is a crypto asset intermediary; and
15	"(B) is a not a member of a customer pro-
16	tection and market integrity authority or affili-
17	ated organization.
18	"(2) REGISTRATION INFORMATION.—The term
19	'registration information' means the information re-
20	ported in connection with the licensing, registration,
21	or other authorization of crypto asset intermediaries
22	and their associated persons, including—
23	"(A) disciplinary actions, regulatory, judi-
24	cial, and arbitration proceedings, and other in-

1	formation required by law or authority rule;
2	and
3	"(B) the source and status of the informa-
4	tion described in subparagraph (A).
5	"(b) Registration; Application.—An association
6	of crypto asset intermediaries may be registered as a cus-
7	tomer protection and market integrity authority, under
8	the terms and conditions provided in this section, and in
9	accordance with the provisions of this section and section
10	9810, by jointly filing with the Securities and Exchange
11	Commission and the Commodity Futures Trading Com-
12	mission an application for registration, in such form as
13	the commissions may require, containing the rules of the
14	authority and such other information and documents that
15	may be prescribed as necessary or appropriate in the pub-
16	lic interest or for customer protection.
17	"(c) Determinations by Commissions Requisite
18	TO REGISTRATION.—An association of crypto asset inter-
19	mediaries may not be registered as a customer protection
20	and market integrity authority under subsection (b) unless
21	a majority of the members of each of the Securities and
22	Exchange Commission and the Commodity Futures Trad-
23	ing Commission, voting separately, determine that each of
24	the following is satisfied:

1	"(1) By reason of the number and the scope of
2	the transactions of the authority, the authority will
3	be able to carry out the purposes of this section.
4	"(2) The authority is so organized, and has the
5	capacity, to—
6	"(A) be able to carry out the purposes of
7	this section and other applicable State and Fed-
8	eral laws; and
9	"(B) subject to any rule or order of the
10	appropriate commission, enforce compliance by
11	members of the authority (and persons associ-
12	ated with those members) with the provisions of
13	applicable law, the rules under those provisions,
14	and the rules of the authority.
15	"(3) The rules of the authority provide that any
16	crypto asset intermediary may become a member of
17	the authority and any person may become associated
18	with a member of the authority.
19	"(4) The rules of the authority provide for the
20	following allocation of a 13-member board of direc-
21	tors:
22	"(A) 3 governmental directors, as follows:
23	"(i) The Director of the Office of Fi-
24	nancial Innovation of the Commodity Fu-

1	tures Trading Commission, or the designee
2	of the Director.
3	"(ii) The Director of the Office of Fi-
4	nancial Innovation of the Securities and
5	Exchange Commission, or the designee of
6	the Director.
7	"(iii) The Director of the Financial
8	Crimes Enforcement Network, or the des-
9	ignee of the Director.
10	"(B) 4 independent directors—
11	"(i) who are appointed by the Presi-
12	dent, with specializations in financial tech-
13	nology, consumer protection, and financial
14	markets, except that those 4 directors shall
15	not be affiliated, through a close relative or
16	a financial interest with any member of the
17	authority; and
18	"(ii) 1 of whom is designated by the
19	President as chair of the authority.
20	"(C) 6 directors appointed by the members
21	of the prospective authority.
22	"(5) The rules of the authority provide for the
23	equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees, and
24	other charges among members of the authority and

1	other persons using any facility or system that the
2	authority operates or controls.
3	"(6) The rules of the authority—
4	"(A) are designed to—
5	"(i) prevent fraudulent and manipula-
6	tive acts and practices in order to promote
7	just and equitable principles of trade;
8	"(ii) foster cooperation and coordina-
9	tion with persons engaged in regulating,
10	clearing, settling, processing information
11	with respect to, and facilitating trans-
12	actions in crypto assets;
13	"(iii) remove impediments to, and per-
14	fect the mechanism of, a free and open
15	market; and
16	"(iv) protect customers and the public
17	interest; and
18	"(B) are not designed to—
19	"(i) permit unfair discrimination be-
20	tween customers and crypto asset inter-
21	mediaries;
22	"(ii) fix minimum profits;
23	"(iii) impose any schedule or fix rates
24	of commissions, allowances, discounts, or

other fees to be charged by the members of
the authority; or
"(iv) regulate by virtue of any author-
ity conferred by law matters not related to
the purposes of this section or the adminis-
tration of the authority.
"(7) The rules of the authority provide that,
subject to any rule or order of the appropriate com-
mission, the members of the authority (and persons
associated with those members) shall be appro-
priately disciplined for a violation of any provision of
applicable law, the rules under such a provision, or
the rules of the authority by expulsion, suspension,
limitation of activities, functions, and operations,
fine, censure, a suspension or bar from being associ-
ated with a member, or any other fitting sanction.
"(8) The rules of the authority are consistent
with the provisions of subsection (h) and, in general,
provide a fair procedure for—
"(A) the disciplining of members and per-
sons associated with members;
"(B) the denial of membership to any per-
son seeking membership in the authority;

1	(C) the barring of any person from be-
2	coming associated with a member of the author-
3	ity; and
4	"(D) the prohibition or limitation by the
5	authority of any person with respect to access
6	to services offered by the authority or a mem-
7	ber of the authority.
8	"(9) The rules of the authority do not impose
9	any burden on competition not necessary or appro-
10	priate in furtherance of the purposes of this section
11	"(10) The requirements of subsection (d), as
12	applicable, are satisfied.
13	"(11) The rules of the authority include provi-
14	sions governing the form and content of quotations
15	relating to crypto assets, which shall be designed
16	to—
17	"(A) produce fair and informative
18	quotations;
19	"(B) prevent fictitious or misleading
20	quotations; and
21	"(C) promote orderly procedures for col-
22	lecting, distributing, and publishing quotations
23	"(d) Rules; Provision for Registration of Af-
24	FILIATED ORGANIZATION.—

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"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Securities and Exchange Commission and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission may permit or require the rules of an authority applying for registration under subsection (b) to provide for the admission of an organization registered as an affiliated organization pursuant to subsection (e), to participate in the applicant authority as an affiliate of the applicant authority, under terms permitting powers and responsibilities to the affiliate, and under such other appropriate terms and conditions, as may be provided by the rules of the applicant authority, if those rules appear to the commissions jointly to be necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for customer protection and to carry out the purposes of this section. "(2) Duties and powers of the commis-SIONS.—The duties and powers of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission with respect to any authority or affiliate organization shall in no way be limited by reason of any such affiliation. "(e) REGISTRATION AS AFFILIATED ORGANIZATION; Prerequisites; Authority Rules.—

1	"(1) In general.—An applicant organization
2	shall not be registered as an affiliated organization,
3	unless—
4	"(A) the organization, notwithstanding
5	that the organization does not satisfy the re-
6	quirements under subsection $(c)(1)$, will, upon
7	the registration of the organization under this
8	subsection, be admitted to affiliation with an
9	organization registered as an authority pursu-
10	ant to subsection (c), in the manner and under
11	the terms and conditions provided by the rules
12	of the customer protection and market integrity
13	authority in accordance with subsection (d);
14	and
15	"(B) the organization and the rules of the
16	organization satisfy the requirements under
17	paragraphs (2) through (11) of subsection (c).
18	"(2) Exception.—Any restrictions upon mem-
19	bership of an applicant organization shall not be less
20	stringent than in the case of the customer protection
21	and market integrity authority with which the orga-
22	nization is to be affiliated.
23	"(f) Dealings With Nonmember Profes-
24	SIONALS.—

1	"(1) In general.—The rules of a customer
2	protection and market integrity authority may pro-
3	vide that no member of the authority may deal with
4	any nonmember professional except at the same
5	prices, for the same commissions or fees, and on the
6	same terms and conditions the member accords to
7	the general public.
8	"(2) Rule of construction.—Nothing in
9	this subsection may be construed to prevent any
10	member of a customer protection and market integ-
11	rity authority from granting to any other member of
12	any other such authority any discount, allowance,
13	commission, or special terms in connection with a
14	crypto asset transaction.
15	"(g) Denial of Membership.—
16	"(1) In General.—Membership in a customer
17	protection and market integrity authority under this
18	section shall be limited to crypto asset inter-
19	mediaries.
20	"(2) Denial for public interest or con-
21	SUMER PROTECTION.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A customer protection
23	and market integrity authority may, and the
24	appropriate commission, by order, may direct
25	such an authority to, as necessary or appro-

1	priate in the public interest or for customer
2	protection, deny membership to any person, and
3	bar from becoming associated with a member
4	any person, that is subject to a statutory dis-
5	qualification within the laws under the jurisdic-
6	tion of that commission.
7	"(B) Notice.—A customer protection and
8	market integrity authority shall file notice with
9	the appropriate commission, in such form and
10	containing such information as the appropriate
11	commission shall require, not less than 30 days
12	before admitting any person to membership or
13	permitting any person to become associated
14	with a member, if the authority knew, or in the
15	exercise of reasonable care should have known
16	that such person was subject to a statutory dis-
17	qualification.
18	"(3) Procedure.—
19	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A customer protection
20	and market integrity authority may—
21	"(i) deny membership to, or condition
22	the membership of, a crypto asset inter-
23	mediary, if—
24	"(I) the intermediary does not
25	meet such standards of financial re-

1	sponsibility or operational capability
2	or such intermediary or any individual
3	associated with the intermediary does
4	not meet such standards of training
5	experience, and competence, as are
6	prescribed by the rules of the author-
7	ity; or
8	"(II) the intermediary or person
9	associated with the intermediary has
10	engaged, and there is a reasonable
11	likelihood the intermediary or person
12	will again engage, in acts or practices
13	inconsistent with just and equitable
14	principles of trade; and
15	"(ii) examine and verify the qualifica-
16	tions of an applicant to become a member
17	and the individuals associated with the ap-
18	plicant in accordance with procedures es-
19	tablished by the rules of the authority.
20	"(B) AUTHORITY.—A customer protection
21	and market integrity authority may—
22	"(i) bar an individual from becoming
23	associated with a member, or condition the
24	association of an individual with a mem-
25	ber, if that individual—

1	"(I) does not meet such stand-
2	ards of training, experience, and com-
3	petence as are prescribed by the rules
4	of the authority; or
5	"(II) has engaged, and there is a
6	reasonable likelihood the individual
7	will again engage, in acts or practices
8	inconsistent with just and equitable
9	principles of trade;
10	"(ii) examine and verify the qualifica-
11	tions of an applicant to become a person
12	associated with a member in accordance
13	with procedures established by the rules of
14	the authority; and
15	"(iii) require an individual associated
16	with a member, or any class of such indi-
17	viduals, to be registered with the authority
18	in accordance with procedures so estab-
19	lished.
20	"(C) BAR ON ASSOCIATION.—A customer
21	protection and market integrity authority may
22	bar any person from becoming associated with
23	a member if that person does not agree—
24	"(i) to supply the authority with such
25	information with respect to the relationship

1	and dealings of the person with the mem-
2	ber as may be specified in the rules of the
3	authority; and
4	"(ii) to permit examination of the
5	records of the person to verify the accuracy
6	of any information supplied by the person
7	under clause (i).
8	"(4) Denial for type of business.—
9	"(A) In General.—Subject to subpara-
10	graph (B), a customer protection and market
11	integrity authority may deny membership to a
12	crypto asset intermediary not engaged in a type
13	of business in which the rules of the authority
14	require members to be engaged.
15	"(B) Condition.—No customer protection
16	and market integrity authority may deny mem-
17	bership to a crypto asset intermediary by rea-
18	son of the amount of such type of business done
19	by such intermediary or the other types of busi-
20	ness in which the intermediary is engaged.
21	"(h) DISCIPLINE OF CUSTOMER PROTECTION AND
22	MARKET INTEGRITY AUTHORITY MEMBERS AND PER-
23	SONS ASSOCIATED WITH MEMBERS; SUMMARY PRO-
24	CEEDINGS.—
25	"(1) DISCIPLINE.—

1	"(A) NOTIFICATION.—In any proceeding
2	by a customer protection and market integrity
3	authority to determine whether a member, or a
4	person associated with a member, should be dis-
5	ciplined (other than a summary proceeding pur-
6	suant to paragraph (3)), the authority shall
7	bring specific charges, notify such member or
8	person of (and give the person an opportunity
9	to defend against) those charges, and keep a
10	record.
11	"(B) Statement.—A determination by a
12	customer protection and market integrity au-
13	thority to impose discipline in a proceeding
14	under subparagraph (A) shall be supported by
15	a statement setting forth—
16	"(i) any act or practice in which the
17	member, or person associated with a mem-
18	ber, has been found to have engaged, or
19	that such member or person has been
20	found to have omitted;
21	"(ii) the specific provision of law, the
22	rules under such a provision, or the rules
23	of the authority that an act or practice de-
24	scribed in clause (i), or omission to act, is
25	charged with violating; and

1	"(iii) the sanction imposed and a jus-
2	tification for the sanction.
3	"(2) Denial of membership or services.—
4	"(A) NOTIFICATION.—In any proceeding
5	by a customer protection and market integrity
6	authority to determine whether a person shall
7	be denied membership, barred from becoming
8	associated with a member, or prohibited or lim-
9	ited with respect to access to services offered by
10	the authority or a member of the authority
11	(other than a summary proceeding pursuant to
12	paragraph (3)), the authority shall—
13	"(i) notify that person and give the
14	person an opportunity to be heard;
15	"(ii) provide the person the specific
16	grounds for denial, bar, or prohibition or
17	limitation under consideration; and
18	"(iii) maintain a record.
19	"(B) Statement.—A determination by a
20	customer protection and market integrity au-
21	thority to deny membership, bar a person from
22	becoming associated with a member, or prohibit
23	or limit a person with respect to access to serv-
24	ices offered by the authority or a member under
25	subparagraph (A) shall be supported by a state-

1	ment setting forth the specific grounds on
2	which the denial, bar, or prohibition or limita-
3	tion is based.
4	"(3) Summary Proceeding.—
5	"(A) In general.—A customer protection
6	and market integrity authority may sum-
7	marily—
8	"(i) suspend a member of the author-
9	ity, or a person associated with such a
10	member, that is—
11	"(I) expelled or suspended from
12	any other authority or entity dele-
13	gated regulatory and disciplinary au-
14	thority by a governmental agency; or
15	"(II) barred or suspended from
16	being associated with a member of an-
17	other authority;
18	"(ii) suspend a member of the author-
19	ity that is in such financial or operating
20	difficulty that the authority determines
21	(and so notifies the appropriate commis-
22	sion) that the member cannot be permitted
23	to continue to do business as a member, in
24	order to protect customers, creditors, other
25	members, or the authority; or

1	"(iii) limit or prohibit any person
2	from accessing services offered by the au-
3	thority if clause (i) or (ii) is applicable to
4	that person, or, in the case of a person
5	that is not a member of the authority, if
6	the authority determines that the person—
7	"(I) does not meet the qualifica-
8	tion requirements or other pre-
9	requisites for that access; and
10	"(II) cannot be permitted to con-
11	tinue to have such access with safety,
12	in order to protect customers, credi-
13	tors, members, or the authority.
14	"(B) Opportunity for hearing.—Any
15	person aggrieved by a summary action under
16	subparagraph (A) shall be promptly afforded an
17	opportunity for a hearing by the applicable au-
18	thority in accordance with the provisions of
19	paragraph (1) or (2) .
20	"(C) Stay.—The appropriate commission,
21	by order, may stay a summary action described
22	in subparagraph (A) on the motion of the com-
23	mission or upon application by any person ag-
24	grieved by the summary action, if the commis-
25	sion determines summarily or after notice and

1	opportunity for hearing (which may consist
2	solely of the submission of affidavits or presen-
3	tation of oral arguments) that the stay is con-
4	sistent with the public interest and customer
5	protection.
6	"(i) Obligation To Maintain Registration, Dis-
7	CIPLINARY, AND OTHER DATA.—
8	"(1) Maintenance of system to respond
9	TO INQUIRIES.—A customer protection and market
10	integrity authority shall establish and maintain—
11	"(A) a system for collecting and retaining
12	registration information; and
13	"(B) a website, including an application
14	programming interface, to receive and promptly
15	respond to inquiries regarding registration in-
16	formation on the members of the authority and
17	associated persons with respect to those mem-
18	bers.
19	"(2) Recovery of costs.—A customer protec-
20	tion and market integrity authority may charge per-
21	sons making inquiries described in paragraph
22	(1)(B), other than individual customers of crypto
23	asset intermediaries, reasonable fees for responses.
24	"(3) Process for disputed information.—
25	Each customer protection and market integrity au-

thority shall adopt rules establishing a process for disputing the accuracy of information provided in response to inquiries under this subsection.

"(4) LIMITATION ON LIABILITY.—A customer protection and market integrity authority, or any crypto asset intermediary reporting information to such an authority, shall not have any liability to any person for any actions taken or omitted in good faith under this subsection.

"(j) Avoidance of Duplicative Rules.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each customer protection and market integrity authority registered under subsection (b) shall issue rules as necessary to avoid duplicative or conflicting rules applicable to any crypto asset intermediary that is a member of a national securities exchange, board of trade, contract market, registered securities association, registered futures association, or similar entity.

"(2) OTHER MEMBERSHIP.—A crypto asset intermediary shall not be required to become a member of another entity delegated regulatory and disciplinary authority by a governmental agency unless the intermediary performs activities with financial assets other than crypto assets.

"(3) Non-crypto asset activities.—

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"(A) Rules by commissions.—The Securities and Exchange Commission and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission shall jointly prescribe rules under which a crypto asset intermediary that is a member or affiliate of a customer protection and market integrity authority registered under this section may perform activities with financial assets other than crypto assets, if those activities are not a majority of the business of an intermediary and are conducted in a responsible manner, without membership in another entity delegated regulatory and disciplinary authority by a governmental agency. "(B) Rules by customer protection AND MARKET INTEGRITY AUTHORITY.—A cus-

"(B) Rules by customer protection and market integrity authority tomer protection and market integrity authority under this section shall adopt rules governing activities with financial assets other than crypto assets, which shall be consistent with existing law, rule, guidance or industry best practices or the rules of other entities delegated regulatory and disciplinary authority by a governmental agency.".

1	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
2	The table of sections for chapter 98 of title 31, United
3	States Code, as amended by section 208, is amended by
4	adding at the end the following:
	"9809. Customer protection and market integrity authorities.".
5	SEC. 602. REGISTRATION, RULEMAKING, AND SUPERVISION
6	OF CUSTOMER PROTECTION AND MARKET IN-
7	TEGRITY AUTHORITIES.
8	(a) In General.—Chapter 98 of title 31, United
9	States Code, as amended by section 601, is amended by
10	adding at the end the following:
11	"§ 9810. Registration, rulemaking, and supervision of
12	customer protection and market integrity
13	authorities
13 14	authorities "(a) Registration Procedures; Notice of Fil-
14	"(a) Registration Procedures; Notice of Fil-
14 15	"(a) REGISTRATION PROCEDURES; NOTICE OF FIL- ING; OTHER REGULATORY AGENCIES.—
14 15 16	"(a) Registration Procedures; Notice of Fil- ing; Other Regulatory Agencies.— "(1) Publication of Notice.—
14 15 16 17	"(a) REGISTRATION PROCEDURES; NOTICE OF FIL- ING; OTHER REGULATORY AGENCIES.— "(1) PUBLICATION OF NOTICE.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Securities and
14 15 16 17	"(a) Registration Procedures; Notice of Fil- ing; Other Regulatory Agencies.— "(1) Publication of Notice.— "(A) In General.—The Securities and Exchange Commission and Commodity Futures
14 15 16 17 18	"(a) REGISTRATION PROCEDURES; NOTICE OF FIL- ING; OTHER REGULATORY AGENCIES.— "(1) PUBLICATION OF NOTICE.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Securities and Exchange Commission and Commodity Futures Trading Commission shall, upon the filing of an
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"(a) REGISTRATION PROCEDURES; NOTICE OF FIL- ING; OTHER REGULATORY AGENCIES.— "(1) PUBLICATION OF NOTICE.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Securities and Exchange Commission and Commodity Futures Trading Commission shall, upon the filing of an application for registration as a customer pro-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"(a) Registration Procedures; Notice of Fil- Ing; Other Regulatory Agencies.— "(1) Publication of Notice.— "(A) In General.—The Securities and Exchange Commission and Commodity Futures Trading Commission shall, upon the filing of an application for registration as a customer pro- tection and market integrity authority under
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) Registration Procedures; Notice of Fil- Ing; Other Regulatory Agencies.— "(1) Publication of Notice.— "(A) In General.—The Securities and Exchange Commission and Commodity Futures Trading Commission shall, upon the filing of an application for registration as a customer pro- tection and market integrity authority under section 9809, publish notice of that filing and

1	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—Not later than 90
2	days after the date on which notice is published
3	under subparagraph (A), or within a longer pe-
4	riod to which the applicable applicant consents
5	the Securities and Exchange Commission and
6	Commodity Futures Trading Commission
7	shall—
8	"(i) by joint order, grant registration
9	of the customer protection and market in-
10	tegrity authority; or
11	"(ii) institute proceedings to deter-
12	mine whether registration should be de-
13	nied.
14	"(C) Proceedings.—
15	"(i) In general.—Proceedings insti-
16	tuted under subparagraph (B)(ii) shall in-
17	clude notice of the grounds for denial
18	under consideration and opportunity for
19	hearing before the joint commissions.
20	"(ii) Hearing.—A hearing described
21	in clause (i) shall be concluded not later
22	than 180 days after the date on which no-
23	tice of the filing of the application for reg-
24	istration is published under subparagraph
25	(A).

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1	"(iii) Further proceedings.—
2	"(I) SEPARATE VOTES.—At the
3	conclusion of a hearing conducted
4	under this subparagraph, and not
5	later than the end of the 180-day pe-
6	riod described in clause (ii), the Secu-
7	rities and Exchange Commission and
8	Commodity Futures Trading Commis-
9	sion, voting separately, shall act to
10	grant or deny the applicable registra-
11	tion.
12	"(II) EFFECT OF FAILURE TO
13	ISSUE JOINT ORDER.—The failure of
14	the Securities and Exchange Commis-
15	sion and Commodity Futures Trading
16	Commission to issue a joint order dur-
17	ing the period described in subclause
18	(I) shall be deemed to be a denial of
19	the applicable registration.
20	"(D) Considerations.—With respect to
21	an application for registration described in this
22	paragraph, the Securities and Exchange Com-
23	mission and Commodity Futures Trading Com-
24	mission shall—

1	"(i) grant registration if all statutory
2	requirements have been met and the rules
3	under those statutory provisions with re-
4	spect to the applicant are satisfied; and
5	"(ii) deny such registration if the
6	commissions do not make the findings de-
7	scribed in clause (i).
8	"(2) WITHDRAWAL FROM REGISTRATION.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A customer protection
10	and market integrity authority may, upon such
11	terms and conditions as the Securities and Ex-
12	change Commission and Commodity Futures
13	Trading Commission, by rule, determine nec-
14	essary or appropriate in the public interest or
15	for the protection of customers, withdraw from
16	registration described in paragraph (1) by filing
17	a written notice of withdrawal with the commis-
18	sions.
19	"(B) Considerations.—If the Securities
20	and Exchange Commission and Commodity Fu-
21	tures Trading Commission, voting separately,
22	each finds that a customer protection and mar-
23	ket integrity authority is no longer in existence
24	or has ceased to do business in the capacity
25	specified in the application for registration sub-

I	mitted by the authority, the commissions may
2	cancel the registration of the authority.
3	"(C) Effect of Withdrawal, can-
4	CELLATION, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION.—
5	Upon withdrawal by registration or the can-
6	cellation, suspension, or revocation of the reg-
7	istration of a customer protection and market
8	integrity authority, the registration of any affil-
9	iate shall automatically terminate.
10	"(b) Proposed Rule Changes; Notice; Pro-
11	CEEDINGS.—
12	"(1) In general.—Except as otherwise pro-
13	vided in paragraph (2)—
14	"(A) a customer protection and market in-
15	tegrity authority shall file with the appropriate
16	commission, in accordance with the rules of
17	that commission, copies of any proposed rule or
18	any proposed change in, addition to, or deletion
19	from the rules of such customer protection and
20	market integrity authority accompanied by a
21	concise general statement of the basis and pur-
22	pose of such proposed rule change;
23	"(B) the appropriate commission shall—
24	"(i) as soon as practicable after the
25	date on which a proposed rule change is

1	filed under subparagraph (A), publish no-
2	tice of that filing together with the terms
3	of substance of the proposed rule change
4	or a description of the subjects and issues
5	involved; and
6	"(ii) give interested persons an oppor-
7	tunity to submit written data, views, and
8	arguments concerning that proposed rule
9	change;
10	"(C) no proposed rule change described in
11	subparagraph (A) shall take effect unless ap-
12	proved by the appropriate commission or other-
13	wise permitted in accordance with the provi-
14	sions of this subsection; and
15	"(D) no proposed rule change described in
16	subparagraph (A) relating to a matter under
17	the jurisdiction of more than 1 commission may
18	be filed.
19	"(2) Approval process.—
20	"(A) APPROVAL PROCESS ESTABLISHED.—
21	"(i) In general.—Except as pro-
22	vided in clause (ii), not later than 30 days
23	after the date on which notice of a pro-
24	posed rule change is published under para-

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1	graph (1), the appropriate commission
2	shall—
3	"(I) by order, approve or dis-
4	approve the proposed rule change; or
5	"(II) institute proceedings under
6	subparagraph (B) to determine wheth-
7	er the proposed rule change should be
8	disapproved.
9	"(ii) Extension of time period.—
10	The appropriate commission may extend
11	the period established under clause (i) by
12	not more than an additional 30 days, if—
13	"(I) the commission determines
14	that a longer period is appropriate
15	and publishes the reasons for that de-
16	termination; or
17	"(II) the customer protection and
18	market integrity authority that filed
19	the proposed rule change consents to
20	a longer period.
21	"(B) Proceedings.—
22	"(i) Notice and hearing.—If the
23	appropriate commission does not approve
24	or disapprove a proposed rule change
25	under subparagraph (A), the commission

1	shall provide to the customer protection
2	and market integrity authority that filed
3	the proposed rule change—
4	"(I) notice of the grounds for
5	disapproval under consideration; and
6	"(II) opportunity for hearing, to
7	be concluded not later than 180 days
8	after the date of publication of notice
9	of the filing of the proposed rule
10	change.
11	"(ii) Order of approval or dis-
12	APPROVAL.—
13	"(I) IN GENERAL.—Except as
14	provided in subclause (II), not later
15	than 180 days after the date on which
16	notice is published under paragraph
17	(1), the appropriate commission shall
18	issue an order approving or dis-
19	approving the proposed rule change
20	that is the subject of the notice.
21	"(II) Extension of time pe-
22	RIOD.—The appropriate commission
23	may extend the period for issuance
24	under clause (I) by not more than 60
25	days, if—

1	"(aa) the commission deter-
2	mines that a longer period is ap-
3	propriate and publishes the rea-
4	sons for such determination; or
5	"(bb) the customer protec-
6	tion and market integrity author-
7	ity that filed the proposed rule
8	change consents to the longer pe-
9	riod.
10	"(C) STANDARDS FOR APPROVAL AND DIS-
11	APPROVAL.—
12	"(i) Approval.—The appropriate
13	commission shall approve a proposed rule
14	change of a customer protection and mar-
15	ket integrity authority if the commission
16	finds that the proposed rule change is con-
17	sistent with law.
18	"(ii) TIME FOR APPROVAL.—The ap-
19	propriate commission may not approve a
20	proposed rule change earlier than 30 days
21	after the date of publication of notice with
22	respect to the proposed rule change under
23	paragraph (1), unless the commission finds
24	good cause for so doing and publishes the
25	reason for the finding.

1	"(D) RESULT OF FAILURE TO INSTITUTE
2	OR CONCLUDE PROCEEDINGS.—A proposed rule
3	change shall be deemed to have been approved
4	by the appropriate commission, if—
5	"(i) the commission does not approve
6	or disapprove the proposed rule change, or
7	begin proceedings under subparagraph (B),
8	within the period described in subpara-
9	graph (A); or
10	"(ii) the commission does not issue an
11	order approving or disapproving the pro-
12	posed rule change under subparagraph (B)
13	within the period described in subpara-
14	graph (B)(ii).
15	"(E) Publication date based on fed-
16	ERAL REGISTER PUBLISHING.—
17	"(i) In general.—For purposes of
18	this paragraph, if, after filing a proposed
19	rule change with the appropriate commis-
20	sion under paragraph (1), a customer pro-
21	tection and market integrity authority pub-
22	lishes a notice of the filing of that pro-
23	posed rule change, together with the sub-
24	stantive terms of that proposed rule
25	change, on a publicly accessible website,

1	the commission shall send the notice to the
2	Federal Register for publication of the pro-
3	posed rule change under paragraph (1) not
4	later than 5 days after the date on which
5	that website publication is made.
6	"(ii) Effect of failing to send.—
7	If the appropriate commission fails to send
8	notice under clause (i) during the 5-day
9	period described in that clause, the date of
10	publication shall be deemed to be the date
11	on which the applicable website publication
12	is made.
13	"(3) Internal governance.—With respect to
14	a proposed rule relating to the internal operation,
15	governance, and procedures of a customer protection
16	and market integrity authority, or a proposed rule
17	relating to the determination of the legal character
18	of a crypto asset—
19	"(A) the proposed rule shall be—
20	"(i) subject to approval by the Securi-
21	ties and Exchange Commission and the
22	Commodity Futures Trading Commission;
23	and
24	"(ii) deemed to be approved on the
25	date that is 5 days after the date on which

1	the proposed rule is submitted, unless ei-
2	ther commission objects to the proposed
3	rule change; and
4	"(B) if a commission objects to the pro-
5	posed rule change under subparagraph (A)(ii)—
6	"(i) the commission shall, in a public
7	format, provide to the authority and the
8	non-objecting commission the reasons for
9	the objection;
10	"(ii) the authority, and interested
11	members of the public, may provide writ-
12	ten comments to the commissions during
13	the 20-day period beginning on the date on
14	which the objection is noted; and
15	"(iii) the Securities and Exchange
16	Commission and the Commodity Futures
17	Trading Commission, voting separately,
18	shall jointly issue an order approving or
19	disapproving the proposed rule, with the
20	failure to issue such a joint order being
21	deemed to be approval of the proposed
22	rule.
23	"(4) Exception.—
24	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding
25	paragraphs (2) and (3), a proposed rule change

1	shall take effect upon filing if self-certified by
2	an authority as—
3	"(i) constituting a stated policy, prac-
4	tice, or interpretation with respect to the
5	meaning, administration, or enforcement of
6	an existing rule of the authority;
7	"(ii) establishing or changing a due,
8	fee, or other charge imposed by the author-
9	ity on any person, whether or not the per-
10	son is a member of the authority; or
11	"(iii) notwithstanding any other provi-
12	sion of this subsection, necessary for cus-
13	tomer protection, the maintenance of fair
14	and orderly markets, or the safeguarding
15	of crypto assets, customer funds, or other
16	property, in which case the proposed rule
17	change under shall be filed promptly there-
18	after in accordance with paragraph (1).
19	"(B) Enforcement.—
20	"(i) In general.—Any proposed rule
21	change of an authority that has taken ef-
22	fect under subparagraph (A) may be en-
23	forced by the authority to the extent the
24	rule change is not inconsistent with appli-
25	cable law.

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1	"(ii) Suspension.—
2	"(I) IN GENERAL.—At any time
3	during the 60-day period beginning on
4	the date on which a proposed rule
5	change is filed under paragraph (1),
6	the appropriate commission may tem-
7	porarily and summarily suspend the
8	change in the rules of the authority
9	on a temporary basis, if the commis-
10	sion determines that such action is
11	necessary or appropriate in the public
12	interest, for customer protection, or to
13	otherwise comply with applicable law.
14	"(II) REQUIREMENTS.—If a
15	commission takes action under sub-
16	clause (I), the commission shall insti-
17	tute proceedings under paragraph
18	(2)(B) to determine whether the ap-
19	plicable proposed rule should be ap-
20	proved or disapproved.
21	"(iii) Rule of construction.—Ac-
22	tion under this subparagraph shall not af-
23	fect the validity or force of a proposed rule
24	change during the period the rule change
25	was in effect and shall not be reviewable in

1	a judicial proceeding, nor deemed to be
2	final agency action for purposes of section
3	704 of title 5.
4	"(5) Rule of construction relating to
5	FILING DATE OF PROPOSED RULE CHANGES.—
6	"(A) In general.—For purposes of this
7	subsection, the date of filing of a proposed rule
8	change shall be deemed to be the date on which
9	the applicable commission receives the proposed
10	rule change.
11	"(B) Exception.—
12	"(i) In general.—Subject to clause
13	(ii), a proposed rule has not been received
14	by the applicable commission for purposes
15	of subparagraph (A), if, not later than 7
16	business days after the date on which the
17	commission receives the rule, the commis-
18	sion notifies the authority that the pro-
19	posed rule change does not comply with
20	the rules of the commission relating to the
21	required form of a proposed rule change.
22	"(ii) Lengthy and complex pro-
23	POSED RULE CHANGES.—
24	"(I) In general.—If the appli-
25	cable commission determines that a

1	proposed rule change is unusually
2	lengthy, and is complex or raises novel
3	regulatory issues, the commission
4	shall inform the authority of that de-
5	termination not later than 7 business
6	days after the date on which the com-
7	mission receives the rule.
8	"(II) DEADLINE.—For the pur-
9	poses of subparagraph (A), a pro-
10	posed rule change described in sub-
11	clause (I) has not been received by the
12	applicable commission, if, not later
13	than 21 days after the date on which
14	the commission receives the rule, the
15	commission notifies the applicable au-
16	thority that the proposed rule change
17	does not comply with the rules of the
18	commission relating to the required
19	form of a proposed rule change.
20	"(C) Applicability.—This paragraph
21	shall not apply to a rule relating to the internal
22	operations, governance, and procedure of an au-
23	thority.
24	"(c) Amendment of Rules of Authorities.—

1	"(1) In General.—The appropriate commis-
2	sion may, by rule, abrogate, add to, and delete from
3	the rules of an authority as the commission deter-
4	mines necessary or appropriate to ensure the fair
5	administration of the authority or to conform the
6	rules of the authority to law or applicable rule, in
7	the following manner:
8	"(A) The appropriate commission shall no-
9	tify the authority and publish notice of the pro-
10	posed rulemaking in the Federal Register,
11	which shall include the text of the proposed
12	amendment to the rules of the authority and a
13	statement of the reasons of the commission, in-
14	cluding any pertinent facts, for commencing the
15	proposed rulemaking.
16	"(B)(i) The appropriate commission shall
17	give interested persons an opportunity for the
18	oral presentation of data, views, and arguments,
19	in addition to an opportunity to make written
20	submissions.
21	"(ii) A transcript shall be kept of any oral
22	presentation under clause (i).
23	"(C) A rule adopted pursuant to this para-
24	graph shall incorporate the text of the amend-
25	ment to the rules of the authority and a state-

179 1 ment of the appropriate commission regarding 2 the basis for amendment of the rule, which 3 shall include an identification of any facts on 4 which the determination of the commission to 5 amend the rules of the authority is based, in-6 cluding the reasons for the conclusions of the 7 commission relating to any facts that were dis-8 puted in the rulemaking. 9 "(2) Rule of construction.—Nothing in 10 this subsection may be construed to impair or limit 11 the authority of the appropriate commission to 12 make, or to modify or alter the procedures the com-13 mission may follow in making, rules pursuant to any 14 other authority granted by law that is consistent 15 with this subsection. 16 "(3) Effect of rules.—Any amendment to 17 the rules of an authority made by the appropriate 18 commission under this subsection shall be considered

"(3) EFFECT OF RULES.—Any amendment to the rules of an authority made by the appropriate commission under this subsection shall be considered for all purposes to be part of the rules of that authority and shall not be considered to be a rule of that commission.

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"(4) Consultations.—With respect to rules described in subsection (b)(4)(A)(iii), the appropriate commission shall consult with and consider the views of the other commission and the Secretary

1 of the Treasury before abrogating, adding to, and 2 deleting from those rules, except where the commis-3 sion determines that an emergency exists requiring 4 expeditious or summary action and publishes the 5 reasons of the commission for taking that action. 6 "(d) Notice of Disciplinary Action Taken by AUTHORITY AGAINST A MEMBER OR PARTICIPANT: RE-VIEW OF ACTION BY APPROPRIATE COMMISSION; PROCE-8 9 DURE.— "(1) In General.—If an authority imposes 10 11 any final disciplinary sanction on any member of the 12 authority, or any participant with respect to the au-13 thority, denies membership or participation to any 14 applicant, prohibits or limits any person from ac-15 cessing services offered by the authority or a mem-16 ber of the authority, imposes any final disciplinary 17 sanction on any person associated with a member, or 18 bars any person from becoming associated with a 19 member, the authority shall promptly file notice of 20 that action with the appropriate commission. 21 "(2) REVIEW.— 22 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Any action with re-23 spect to which an authority is required to file 24 notice under paragraph (1) shall be subject to 25 review by the appropriate commission for the

1 applicable member, participant, applicant, or 2 other person, on its own motion, or upon appli-3 cation by any person aggrieved by that action 4 if filed not later than 30 days after the date on 5 which the notice was filed with the appropriate 6 commission and received by the aggrieved per-7 son, or within such longer period as the appro-8 priate commission may determine. 9 "(B) APPLICATION.—Application to the 10 appropriate commission for review, or the insti-11 tution of review by the commission on its own 12 motion, shall not operate as a stay of an action 13 described in subparagraph (A) unless the ap-14 propriate commission otherwise orders, sum-15 marily or after notice and opportunity for hear-16 ing on the question of a stay, which may consist 17 solely of the submission of affidavits or presen-18 tation of oral arguments. 19 "(C) STAYS.—For the purposes of this 20 paragraph, each of the appropriate commissions 21 shall establish for appropriate cases an expe-

dited procedure for consideration and deter-

mination of the question of a stay.

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1	"(3) Applicability.—This subsection shall
2	apply only to the extent that an authority imposes
3	any final disciplinary sanction for—
4	"(A) a violation of Federal law or the rules
5	issued under Federal law; or
6	"(B) a violation of a rule of the authority,
7	as to which a proposed change would be re-
8	quired to be filed under this section.
9	"(e) Disposition of Review; Cancellation, Re-
10	DUCTION, OR REMISSION OF SANCTION.—
11	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In any proceeding to review
12	a final disciplinary sanction imposed by an authority
13	on a member, a participant with respect to the au-
14	thority, or a person associated with such a member,
15	after notice and opportunity for hearing, which may
16	consist solely of consideration of the record before
17	the authority and opportunity for the presentation of
18	supporting reasons to affirm, modify, or set aside
19	the sanction—
20	"(A) if the appropriate commission finds
21	that such member, participant, or person asso-
22	ciated with a member has engaged in such acts
23	or practices, or has omitted such acts, as the
24	authority has found that person to have en-
25	gaged in or omitted, that such acts or practices,

1	or omissions to act, are in violation of law, the
2	rules thereunder, or the rules of the authority,
3	and that such provisions are, and were applied
4	in a manner, consistent with law, the commis-
5	sion, by order, shall—
6	"(i) make a declaration regarding that
7	finding; and
8	"(ii) as appropriate—
9	"(I) affirm the sanction imposed
10	by the authority;
11	"(II) modify the sanction in ac-
12	cordance with paragraph (2); or
13	"(III) remand to the authority
14	for further proceedings; or
15	"(B) if the appropriate commission does
16	not make a finding described in subparagraph
17	(A), the commission shall, by order—
18	"(i) set aside the sanction imposed by
19	the authority; and
20	"(ii) if appropriate, remand to the au-
21	thority for further proceedings.
22	"(2) Modification.—If the appropriate com-
23	mission for a member, participant, or person associ-
24	ated with a member, having due regard for the pub-
25	lic interest and customer protection, finds, after a

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proceeding under paragraph (1), that a sanction imposed by a authority upon that member, participant, or person associated with a member imposes any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate or is excessive or oppressive, the commission may cancel, reduce, or require the remission of that sanction.

"(f) Dismissal of Review Proceeding.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In any proceeding to review the denial of membership or participation in an authority to any applicant, the barring of any person from becoming associated with a member of an authority, or the prohibition or limitation by an authority of any person from accessing services offered by the authority or any member, if the appropriate commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, which may consist solely of consideration of the record before the authority and opportunity for the presentation of supporting reasons to dismiss the proceeding or set aside the action of the authority, finds that the specific grounds on which that denial, bar, or prohibition or limitation is based exist in fact, that such denial, bar, or prohibition or limitation is in accordance with the rules of the authority, and that such rules are, and were applied in a man-

ner, consistent with law, the appropriate commission, by order, shall dismiss the proceeding.

"(2) Failure to make finding.—If the appropriate commission does not make a finding described in paragraph (1), or if the commission finds that the applicable denial, bar, prohibition, or limitation imposes any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate, the commission, by order, shall set aside the action of the authority and require the authority to admit the applicable applicant to membership or participation, permit that person to become associated with a member, or grant that person access to services offered by the authority or a member.

15 "(g) Suspension or Revocation of Authority16 Registration; Other Sanctions.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—If necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for customer protection, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of this section, the appropriate commissions, voting separately, may issue a joint order suspending for a period not exceeding 1 year or revoking the registration of an authority, or censuring or imposing limitations upon the activities, functions, and operations of an authority, if, the commissions find, on the record after

1	notice and opportunity for hearing, that the author-
2	ity—
3	"(A) has violated or is unable to comply
4	with any provision of law, rule, or the rules of
5	the authority without reasonable justification or
6	excuse; or
7	"(B) has failed to enforce compliance with
8	any provision by a member of the authority or
9	a person associated with a member of the au-
10	thority.
11	"(2) Expulsion.—The appropriate commission
12	may, by order, if necessary or appropriate in the
13	public interest, for customer protection, or otherwise
14	in furtherance of the purposes of this section, to sus-
15	pend for a period not exceeding 1 year or expel from
16	an authority, any member of an authority, or partic-
17	ipant with respect to an authority, if such member
18	or participant is subject to an order of the commis-
19	sion or if the commission, on the record after notice
20	and opportunity for hearing, determines that the
21	member or participant has willfully violated, or has
22	effected any transaction for any other person who
23	the member or participant had reason to believe was
24	violating, with respect to such transaction any appli-

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cable provision of law under the jurisdiction of the commission.

"(3) BAR ON ASSOCIATION.—The applicable commission may, by order, if necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for customer protection, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of this section, to suspend for a period not exceeding 1 year or to bar any person from being associated with a member of such authority, if the person is subject to an order of the appropriate commission or if the appropriate commission finds, on the record after notice and opportunity for hearing, that the person has willfully violated, or has effected any transaction for any other person who the person associated with a member had reason to believe was violating, with respect to the transaction any applicable provision of law under the jurisdiction of the commission.

"(4) Removal from office.—If necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for customer protection, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of this section, the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, voting separately, may, by joint order, remove from office or censure any person who is, or at the time of the alleged misconduct was, an officer

- or director of an authority, if the commissions find, 1 2 on the record after notice and opportunity for a 3 hearing before an impartial hearing officer, that 4 such person has willfully violated any provision of 5 law, the rules thereunder, or the rules of such au-6 thority, willfully abused the authority of the person, 7 or without reasonable justification or excuse has 8 failed to enforce compliance with any provision of 9 law by any member or person associated with a 10 member.
- 11 "(h) Interagency Working Group.—The Securi-
- 12 ties and Exchange Commission and the Commodity Fu-
- 13 tures Trading Commission shall each appoint an equal
- 14 number of employees, under the supervision of the Chair-
- 15 man of the respective commissions, to an interagency
- 16 working group, which shall coordinate and facilitate the
- 17 responsibilities and powers of the respective commissions
- 18 under this chapter.".
- 19 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
- 20 The table of sections for chapter 98 of title 31, United
- 21 States Code, as amended by section 601, is amended by
- 22 adding at the end the following:

[&]quot;9810. Registration, rulemaking, and supervision of customer protection and market integrity authorities.".

1	SEC. 603. RECORDS AND REPORTS; DUTIES AND POWERS
2	OF CUSTOMER PROTECTION AND MARKET IN-
3	TEGRITY AUTHORITIES.
4	(a) In General.—Chapter 98 of title 31, United
5	States Code, as amended by section 602, is amended by
6	adding at the end the following:
7	"§ 9811. Records and reports; duties and powers of
8	customer protection and market integrity
9	authorities
10	"(a) In General.—Each customer protection and
11	market integrity authority shall—
12	"(1) with respect to the members of the author-
13	ity, ascertain and enforce compliance with the rules
14	of the authority, Federal and State law to which
15	those members are subject, and any rules issued by
16	any such member, including any rule issued under
17	section 5i of the Commodity Exchange Act (5 U.S.C.
18	7i);
19	"(2) discipline members of the authority and
20	other persons subject to the jurisdiction of the au-
21	thority under this chapter; and
22	"(3) make, and keep for prescribed periods,
23	such electronic records and disseminate reports as
24	the customer protection and market integrity au-
25	thority, by rule, prescribes as necessary or appro-
26	priate in the public interest.

1	"(b) Records Subject to Examination.—
2	"(1) Procedures for cooperation with
3	OTHER AGENCIES.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—All records of a mem-
5	ber described in subsection (a) are subject at
6	any time, or from time to time, to reasonable
7	periodic, special, or other examinations by the
8	customer protection and market integrity au-
9	thority of the member.
10	"(B) Notice.—Before conducting an ex-
11	amination under subparagraph (A), the exam-
12	ining authority shall—
13	"(i) inform all other relevant regu-
14	latory agencies and entities with jurisdic-
15	tion over the member regarding the pro-
16	posed examination; and
17	"(ii) consult concerning the feasibility
18	and desirability of coordinating such exam-
19	ination with examinations conducted by
20	other entities with a view to avoiding un-
21	necessary duplication and undue regulatory
22	burden.
23	"(C) Examinations of members.—Upon
24	a showing of good cause, the Securities and Ex-
25	change Commission or the Commodity Futures

1	Trading Commission, as applicable, may con
2	duct a special examination of a customer pro
3	tection and market integrity authority or a
4	member of such an authority.
5	"(D) Report.—With respect to an exam
6	ination under this paragraph, the examining au
7	thority shall share such information, including
8	reports of the examination, customer complain-
9	information, and other nonpublic regulatory in
10	formation, as may be appropriate to foster a co
11	ordinated approach to regulatory oversight for
12	members that are subject to examination by
13	more than 1 examining authority.
14	"(E) REQUIREMENTS WHEN EXAMINATION
15	NOT ONGOING.—A customer protection and
16	market integrity authority, at all times when ar
17	examination under this paragraph is not in
18	progress, shall conduct ongoing supervision of
19	members of the authority, as may be provided
20	by the rules of the authority.
21	"(2) Examination standards.—A customer
22	protection and market integrity authority shall—
23	"(A) adopt tailored supervision and exam
24	ination standards commensurate with the size

1	and complexity of the authority and risks faced
2	by members of the authority; and
3	"(B) develop standard form customer
4	agreements for the execution of crypto asset
5	transactions.
6	"(c) Authorities.—
7	"(1) In general.—The Securities and Ex-
8	change Commission and Commodity Futures Trad-
9	ing Commission, shall, by rule or order, in order to
10	foster cooperation and coordination—
11	"(A) with respect to any person that is a
12	member of or participant in more than 1 cus-
13	tomer protection and market integrity authority
14	or other entity delegated regulatory and dis-
15	ciplinary authority by a governmental agency
16	or, relieve the authority or entity of any respon-
17	sibility—
18	"(i) to receive regulatory reports from
19	the person;
20	"(ii) to examine the person for compli-
21	ance; or
22	"(iii) to carry out other specified reg-
23	ulatory functions with respect to the per-
24	son; and

1	"(B) allocate among entities the authority
2	to adopt rules with respect to matters as to
3	which, in the absence of the allocation, such en-
4	tities share authority.
5	"(2) Considerations.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In making a rule, or
7	entering an order, under paragraph (1), the ap-
8	propriate commission shall take into consider-
9	ation the regulatory capabilities and procedures
10	of the entities, availability of staff, convenience
11	of location, unnecessary regulatory duplication
12	and all other factors applicable to customer pro-
13	tection, cooperation and coordination, and the
14	development of a healthy crypto asset market
15	which may include providing for the acceptance
16	of examination reports prepared by a customer
17	protection and market integrity authority under
18	this chapter with respect to a crypto asset
19	intermediary for which crypto asset activities
20	constitute a majority of business, in lieu of ex-
21	aminations conducted by other entities.
22	"(B) Notification requirement.—The
23	Securities and Exchange Commission or Com-
24	modity Futures Trading Commission, by rule or

order, may require that an authority relieved of

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1	any responsibility under this paragraph, and
2	any person with respect to which that responsi-
3	bility relates, take such steps as are specified in
4	any rule or order to notify customers of, and
5	persons doing business with, the person of the
6	limited nature of the responsibility of that reg-
7	istered authority for the acts, practices, and
8	course of business of the person.
9	"(d) Missing and Stolen Crypto Assets.—Each
10	member of a customer protection and market integrity au-
11	thority or other financial institution conducting crypto
12	asset transactions shall report to the Financial Crimes
13	Enforcement Network of the Department of the Treasury
14	such information as may be required by rule relating to
15	crypto asset theft or missing private keys for the posses-
16	sion or control of crypto assets.
17	"(e) Confidentiality.—
18	"(1) Sharing of information.—
19	"(A) In General.—Section 24 of the Se-
20	curities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78x)
21	shall apply to the sharing of information by the
22	Securities and Exchange Commission and Com-
23	modity Futures Trading Commission in accord-
24	ance with this subsection.

1	"(B) Protection from inappropriate
2	DISCLOSURE.—The commissions and a cus-
3	tomer protection and market integrity authority
4	shall ensure that all confidential information is
5	not inappropriately disclosed pursuant to sub-
6	paragraph (A).
7	"(2) Appropriate disclosure not prohib-
8	ITED.—Nothing in this subsection may be construed
9	to authorize the Securities and Exchange Commis-
10	sion and Commodity Futures Trading Commission
11	or a customer protection and market integrity au-
12	thority to—
13	"(A) withhold information from Congress;
14	or
15	"(B) prevent the commissions, an author-
16	ity or other entity delegated regulatory and dis-
17	ciplinary authority by a governmental agency
18	from complying with—
19	"(i) a request for information from
20	any Federal or State department or agency
21	requesting the information for purposes
22	within the scope of the jurisdiction of that
23	department or agency; or

1	"(ii) an order of a court of the United
2	States in an action brought by the United
3	States or the commissions.
4	"(f) Best Execution.—A customer protection and
5	market integrity authority, in consultation with members
6	of the authority, the Securities and Exchange Commis-
7	sion, and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,
8	shall develop rules governing the best execution of crypto
9	asset transactions.
10	"(g) Initial Determination of Legal Char-
11	ACTER.—
12	"(1) In general.—
13	"(A) Initial determination.—A cus-
14	tomer protection and market integrity authority
15	may make an initial determination of the legal
16	character of a crypto asset as a security, an an-
17	cillary asset, a commodity (as defined in section
18	1a of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C.
19	1a)), or as otherwise provided by law, upon the
20	written request of a member of the authority.
21	"(B) Consultation; Hearings.—Upon
22	receipt of a request under subparagraph (A), a
23	customer protection and market integrity au-
24	thority—

1	"(i) shall consult with the commis-
2	sions and make an initial determination re-
3	garding the request, after public notice and
4	comment, not later than 45 days after the
5	date on which the authority receives the
6	request; and
7	"(ii) may hold a public hearing with
8	respect to an initial determination de-
9	scribed in clause (i), if—
10	"(I) the matter is of significant
11	precedential value or complex; or
12	"(II) holding such a hearing is
13	otherwise in the public interest.
14	"(2) Publication.—A customer protection and
15	market integrity authority shall publish all deter-
16	minations made under paragraph (1) on the website
17	of the authority.
18	"(h) Objection to Initial Determination.—
19	"(1) In general.—
20	"(A) DEADLINE FOR OBJECTION.—Not
21	later than 30 days after the date on which ar
22	initial determination is made under subsection
23	(g), the Securities and Exchange Commission
24	or Commodity Futures Trading Commission
25	may object to the initial determination of the

customer protection and market integrity au-
thority by issuing an order, after public notice,
comment, and a hearing.
"(B) EFFECT OF OBJECTION.—Upon an
objection under subparagraph (A), the initial
determination to which the objection applies
shall be held in abeyance.
"(2) Order.—
"(A) DEADLINE FOR OBJECTION.—Not
later than 30 days after the date on which an
initial determination is made under subsection
(g), the Securities and Exchange Commission
or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
may object to the initial determination by
issuing an order, after public notice, comment,
and a hearing.
"(B) Effect of objection.—Upon an
objection under subparagraph (A), the initial
determination to which the objection applies
shall be held in abeyance, pending resolution
under section 42(b)(4)(C) of the Securities Ex-
change Act of 1934.".
(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
The table of sections for chapter 98 of title 31, United

- 1 States Code, as amended by section 602, is amended by
- 2 adding at the end the following:

"9811. Records and reports; duties and powers of customer protection and market integrity authorities.".

3 TITLE VII—RESPONSIBLE

4 PAYMENTS INNOVATION

- 5 SEC. 701. ISSUANCE OF PAYMENT STABLECOINS.
- 6 Subtitle C of title VII of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act
- 7 (Public Law 106–102; 113 Stat. 1470) is amended by
- 8 adding at the end the following:
- 9 "SEC. 722A. ISSUANCE OF PAYMENT STABLECOINS.
- 10 "(a) Prohibitions.—
- 11 "(1) IN GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful for any
- person other than a depository institution in accord-
- ance with this section, or subsidiary thereof, to issue
- a payment stablecoin.
- 15 "(2) Knowing Participation.—Whoever
- 16 knowingly participates in a violation of this section
- shall be fined not more than \$1,000,000, imprisoned
- for not more than 5 years, or both.
- 19 "(3) Offer or sale.—It shall be unlawful for
- any person to offer or sell a payment stablecoin
- 21 through the use of any medium or by any means of
- access in interstate commerce in the United States
- or to offer or sell a payment stablecoin to a United
- 24 States person unless such payment stablecoin is

issued by a depository institution under this section,

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2 except as otherwise provided by the Board of Gov-3 ernors of the Federal Reserve System. "(4) Extraterritorial effect.—This sub-4 5 section is intended to have extraterritorial effect. 6 "(5) CIVIL ACTION.—The Board of Governors 7 of the Federal Reserve System may bring an action 8 in the appropriate district court of the United States 9 or the court of any territory of the United States for 10 the enforcement of this section and such courts shall 11 have jurisdiction and power to order and require 12 compliance herewith, including through injunctive 13 relief. 14 "(b) ACTIVITIES.—A depository institution may 15 issue, redeem, and conduct all incidental activities relating to payment stablecoins in accordance with this section. 16 17 "(c) Required Payment Stablecoin Assets.—A 18 depository institution, or a subsidiary thereof, shall main-19 tain high-quality liquid assets under this section equal to 20 not less than 100 percent of the face amount of the liabil-21 ities of the institution on payment stablecoins issued by 22 the institution. In the case of a depository institution de-23 scribed in subsection (n)(1)(A) that engages in the business of banking other than the issuance of a payment 25 stablecoin and related activities under this section,

issuance of the payment stablecoin and all related activi-2 ties shall take place within a wholly owned subsidiary of 3 the depository institution, within the same holding com-4 pany structure. Payment stablecoin assets may not be 5 pledged, rehypothecated, or reused, except for the purpose 6 of creating liquidity to meet reasonable expectations of requests to redeem payment stablecoins. The provisions of 8 section 24(j) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12) U.S.C. 18131a(j)) shall apply to a subsidiary in the same 10 manner as the depository institution. High-quality liquid 11 assets that a bank is permitted to maintain under this 12 section shall include the following: 13 "(1) United States coins and currency and any 14 other instrument that is legal tender, as defined in 15 section 5103 of title 31, United States Code. 16 "(2) Demand deposits at a depository institu-17 tion, except that deposits in an insured depository 18 institution shall not exceed the limit of deposit or 19 share insurance available for that account, or shall 20 be maintained in a special, custodial, or trust ac-21 count or other off-balance sheet account held by the 22 insured depository institution. 23 "(3) Balances held at a Federal Reserve bank, 24 which may be held in a master account or seg-25 regated balance account.

"(4) Foreign withdrawable reserves, as defined 1 2 in section 249.3 of title 12, Code of Federal Regula-3 tions, consistent with any foreign unit of account in 4 which the payment stablecoin is denominated or 5 pegged. 6 "(5) A security that is issued by, or uncondi-7 tionally guaranteed as to the timely payment of prin-8 cipal and interest by, the Department of the Treas-9 ury, with an original maturity of 1 year or less. 10 "(6) A reserve repurchase agreement relating to 11 a security described in paragraph (5). 12 "(7) Any other high-quality, liquid asset deter-13 mined to be consistent with safe and sound banking 14 practices, as determined by the appropriate Federal 15 banking agency or State bank supervisor. 16 "(d) DISCLOSURES.—Not later than 10 business days 17 after the end of each month, a depository institution shall 18 disclose, in a publicly accessible manner, a summary de-19 scription of the assets backing the payment stablecoin, the 20 value of the assets, and the number of outstanding pay-21 ment stablecoins, as of the last day of the month. Such 22 explanation shall be filed with the Secretary of the Treas-23 ury under penalty of perjury by the chief financial officer of the institution, and made available on a website of the Department of the Treasury, not less than 10 business

- 1 days after filing. The depository institution shall also re-
- 2 port on the summary description any instances in which
- 3 the institution failed to comply with any requirement of
- 4 subsection (b). As applicable, the appropriate Federal
- 5 banking agency or State bank supervisor shall, as part of
- 6 a regular examination of the depository institution, at the
- 7 frequency otherwise required by law, verify the composi-
- 8 tion of the assets and the accuracy of the summary de-
- 9 scriptions made under this subsection and reports under
- 10 subsection (d). Depository institutions shall clearly dis-
- 11 close to customers that a payment stablecoin is not guar-
- 12 anteed by the United States Government or subject to de-
- 13 posit insurance by the Federal Deposit Insurance Cor-
- 14 poration or by share insurance of the National Credit
- 15 Union Administration. Misrepresentation that a payment
- 16 stablecoin is guaranteed by the United States Government
- 17 or subject to deposit or share insurance shall be a violation
- 18 of section 18(a)(4) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act
- 19 (12 U.S.C. 1828(a)(4)) or section 709 of title 18, United
- 20 States Code, as applicable.
- 21 "(e) Call Report.—As applicable, the appropriate
- 22 Federal banking agency or State bank supervisor shall re-
- 23 quire a depository institution that issues a payment
- 24 stablecoin to report, in detail, on the composition of the
- 25 assets and liabilities in each periodic report of condition,

- 1 or in an alternative format approved by the Federal Fi-
- 2 nancial Institutions Examination Council, at the fre-
- 3 quency otherwise required by law.
- 4 "(f) Permission.—A depository institution shall, as
- 5 applicable, obtain permission from the appropriate Fed-
- 6 eral banking agency and State bank supervisor, with an
- 7 application submitted not less than 6 months before in-
- 8 tended issuance of the payment stablecoin, but which may
- 9 be submitted as part of a charter application. A depository
- 10 institution under subsection (n)(1)(B) chartered by the
- 11 Office of the Comptroller of the Currency or a State bank
- 12 supervisor, consistent with the standards of this section,
- 13 shall, upon approval by the chartering authority, become
- 14 a member bank of the Federal Reserve System, and be
- 15 subject to supervision by the appropriate Federal Reserve
- 16 bank. As part of an application under this section, a de-
- 17 pository institution shall develop a tailored recovery and
- 18 resolution plan, consistent with the standards adopted
- 19 under subsection (k)(1)(F), that would permit the orderly
- 20 resumption of a safe and sound operation or the orderly
- 21 wind-down of operations in the event of distress, including
- 22 the redemption of all outstanding payment stablecoins.
- 23 The application shall also contain a draft customer agree-
- 24 ment, flow of funds explanation, a robust information
- 25 technology plan and operational design of the payment

stablecoin. As applicable, the appropriate Federal banking 1 2 agency or State bank supervisor shall render a written de-3 cision, with appropriate findings, on the application within 4 4 months of the date of filing, and shall approve the appli-5 cation unless— 6 "(1) the payment stablecoin activities are not 7 likely to be able to operate in a safe and sound man-8 ner; 9 "(2) the depository institution does not have 10 the required resources and expertise to manage the 11 operation of the payment stablecoin, commensurate 12 with the size and scale of projected operations; or 13 "(3) the depository institution does not have re-14 quired policies and procedures relating to material 15 areas of the operation of the payment stablecoin activities. 16 17 "(g) Redemption of Payment Stablecoins.— 18 Upon the demand of a customer, a depository institution 19 shall redeem an outstanding payment stablecoin at par in 20 the coins, currency, or other instruments that are legal 21 tender, as defined in section 5103 of title 31, United 22 States Code, or the similar laws of the jurisdiction of the 23 unit of account in which the payment stablecoin is denominated or to which the value of the payment stablecoin is

pegged. A depository institution may redeem a payment

- 1 stablecoin issued by another depository institution at par,
- 2 upon demand. The Board of Governors of the Federal Re-
- 3 serve System, through the Federal Reserve banks, shall
- 4 provide for the clearing and settlement of payment
- 5 stablecoin liabilities among depository institutions under
- 6 this section and shall ensure competitive equality in all
- 7 clearing, settlement and related services.
- 8 "(h) Collateral Availability in the Capital
- 9 Markets.—The appropriate Federal banking agencies, in
- 10 consultation with State bank supervisors, the Securities
- 11 and Exchange Commission, and Commodity Futures
- 12 Trading Commission, shall monitor use of the high-quality
- 13 liquid assets authorized under subsection (b) and the im-
- 14 pact on collateral availability and the efficient functioning
- 15 of the capital markets.
- 16 "(i) Receivership Priority.—In the event of the
- 17 receivership of a depository institution that has issued a
- 18 payment stablecoin under this section, a person that has
- 19 a valid claim on a payment stablecoin issued by that insti-
- 20 tution shall have priority over all other claims on the insti-
- 21 tution with respect to any required payment stablecoin as-
- 22 sets, including claims with respect to insured deposits,
- 23 other than administrative costs incurred by the appro-
- 24 priate Federal banking agency and State bank supervisor,
- 25 as applicable, relating to the receivership of the institu-

- 1 tion, if applicable. Consistent with subsection (f), a deposi-
- 2 tory institution that redeems a payment stablecoin issued
- 3 by a depository institution in receivership shall be consid-
- 4 ered to have a valid claim, with corresponding priority
- 5 under this subsection, on a payment stablecoin issued by
- 6 the institution in receivership.
- 7 "(j) Incidental Activities.—A depository institu-
- 8 tion may conduct all incidental activities relating to the
- 9 issuance and redemption of payment stablecoins, which
- 10 shall include the following:
- 11 "(1) Management of required payment
- stablecoin assets in accordance with subsection (b).
- 13 "(2) Custodial services.
- "(3) Settlement and clearing.
- 15 "(4) Post-trade services.
- 16 "(5) All other activities consistent with a safe
- and sound operation, as determined by the appro-
- priate Federal banking agency or State bank super-
- 19 visor.
- 20 "(k) Applicability of Data Privacy Provi-
- 21 SIONS.—Title V of this Act shall apply to the payment
- 22 stablecoin activities of a depository institution under this
- 23 section.
- 24 "(l) Rules.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The appropriate Federal
2	banking agencies, in consultation with State bank
3	supervisors, shall adopt rules to implement this sec-
4	tion, including—
5	"(A) capital treatment for depository insti-
6	tutions described in subsection (n)(1) in accord-
7	ance with paragraph (2);
8	"(B) liquidity, leverage, and interest rate
9	risk;
10	"(C) third-party service provider activi-
11	ties—
12	"(i) including custodial wallet pro-
13	viders; and
14	"(ii) not including licensing or capital
15	requirements for third-party service pro-
16	viders;
17	"(D) management practices with respect to
18	required payment stablecoin assets;
19	"(E) appropriate operational, compliance,
20	and information technology risk management;
21	"(F) tailored recovery and resolution
22	standards relating to payment stablecoins; and
23	"(G) any other material topic.
24	"(2) Significant differences.—In accord-
25	ance with section 5169(c)(3)(A) of the Revised Stat-

1	utes, in determining capital and leverage require-
2	ments applicable to a depository institution that has
3	no material assets other than required payment
4	stablecoin assets under this section—
5	"(A) the depository institution shall not be
6	subject to section 171 of the Financial Stability
7	Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5371); and
8	"(B) the appropriate Federal banking
9	agencies shall take into account the significant
10	differences between the risks of the assets of
11	the institution and those of depository institu-
12	tions with assets that consist primarily of com-
13	mercial or consumer loans.
14	"(m) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
15	tion may be construed as—
16	"(1) preventing a State bank supervisor from
17	imposing additional or more strict regulatory stand-
18	ards on a bank permitted to issue payment
19	stablecoins;
20	"(2) superseding any requirement of State law
21	relating to money transmitting businesses operating
22	in that State, other than for payment stablecoin
23	issuers under this section; or
24	"(3) limiting the authority of an insured deposi-
25	tory institution to engage in activities permissible

1	pursuant to applicable State and Federal law, in-
2	cluding accepting or receiving deposits represented
3	on a distributed ledger or any similar analogue.
4	"(n) Definitions.—In this section:
5	"(1) Depository institution.—The term 'de-
6	pository institution' has the meaning given the term
7	in section 19(b)(1) of the Federal Reserve Act (12
8	U.S.C. 461(b)(1)) and includes—
9	"(A) an insured depository institution; or
10	"(B) a depository institution operating
11	under subsection (c) of section 5169 of the Re-
12	vised Statutes (12 U.S.C. 27), or a substan-
13	tially similar State law, which is exclusively en-
14	gaged in issuing payment stablecoins, providing
15	safekeeping, trust or custodial services, or ac-
16	tivities incidental to the foregoing.
17	"(2) Payment stablecoin.—The term 'pay-
18	ment stablecoin' has the meaning given the term in
19	section 9801 of title 31, United States Code.
20	"(3) Segregated balance account.—The
21	term 'segregated balance account' includes an ac-
22	count of a depository institution with a Federal Re-
23	serve bank or a foreign central bank to which only
24	required payment stablecoin assets are credited.".

1	SEC. 702. TREATMENT OF ENDOGENOUSLY REFERENCED
2	CRYPTO ASSETS.
3	(a) Definition.—As used in this section,
4	"endogenously referenced crypto asset" means a crypto
5	asset that—
6	(1) its originator has represented will be con-
7	verted, redeemed, or repurchased for a fixed amount
8	of monetary value, or a mechanism exists or is pro-
9	vided to achieve any of the preceding; and
10	(2) one of the following:
11	(A) The crypto asset relies solely on the
12	value of another crypto asset to maintain the
13	fixed amount of monetary value.
14	(B) The crypto asset relies on algorithmic
15	means to maintain the fixed amount of mone-
16	tary value.
17	(C) A combination of subparagraphs (A)
18	and (B).
19	(b) Legal Classification.—Endogenously ref-
20	erenced crypto assets are hybrid instruments, as defined
21	in section 1a of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C.
22	1a).
23	(c) Prohibition on Use of Term Stablecoin.—
24	Endogenously referenced crypto assets shall not use the
25	term "payment stablecoin" or "stablecoin" in advertising
26	or marketing materials.

1	SEC. 703. CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY TO COMMENCE
2	BANKING.
3	Section 5169 of the Revised Statutes (12 U.S.C. 27)
4	is amended—
5	(1) in subsection (a), in the third sentence, by
6	striking "to those of a trust company and activities
7	related thereto." and inserting the following: "to—
8	"(1) those of a trust company and fiduciary ac-
9	tivities related thereto; or
10	"(2) those of a depository institution required
11	to maintain assets valued at not less than 100 per-
12	cent of the deposits of the institution, for the pur-
13	poses of issuing a payment stablecoin (as defined in
14	section 9801 of title 31, United States Code) and
15	activities related thereto consistent with subsection
16	(c) of this section and without the requirement to
17	maintain deposit insurance under the Federal De-
18	posit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1811 et seq.)."; and
19	(2) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(c)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
21	a National Bank Association described in subsection (a)
22	may not engage in maturity transformation or facilitate
23	consumer lending through third parties.
24	"(2) Restrictions on affiliate transactions applicable
25	for insured depository institutions shall apply to such de-
26	pository institutions.

1	"(3) The Comptroller of the Currency, in close con-
2	sultation with the Board of Governors of the Federal Re-
3	serve System and State bank supervisors, shall develop the
4	following:
5	"(A) A simplified capital framework based on
6	the following:
7	"(i) Payment system risk.
8	"(ii) The greater of—
9	"(I) all projected costs of receivership;
10	or
11	"(II) 3 years of projected operating
12	expenses.
13	"(B) Appropriate standards for the depository
14	institution to develop a community contribution
15	plan, which may include consumer education, finan-
16	cial literacy, charitable donations, volunteerism, job
17	training and internships or similar involvement.
18	"(C) A tailored recovery and resolution plan
19	that would permit the orderly resumption of a safe
20	and sound operation or the orderly wind-down of op-
21	erations relating to a payment stablecoin in the
22	event of distress.
23	"(D) Tailored holding company supervision, as
24	specified by section 15 of the Bank Holding Com-
25	pany Act of 1956.

1	"(4) In designing the simplified capital frame-
2	work required by paragraph (3)(A), the Comptroller
3	of the Currency—
4	"(A) shall not subject depository institu-
5	tions to the standards of section 171 of the Fi-
6	nancial Stability Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5371);
7	and
8	"(B) shall take into account the significant
9	differences between the risks of the assets of
10	the institution and those of depository institu-
11	tions with assets that consist primarily of com-
12	mercial or consumer loans.
13	"(d) The Comptroller of the Currency may promul-
14	gate rules to carry out this section.".
15	SEC. 704. HOLDING COMPANY SUPERVISION OF COVERED
16	DEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS.
17	The Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C.
18	1841 et seq.) is amended—
19	(1) in section 2(c) (12 U.S.C. 1841(c)), by
20	striking paragraph (2) and by inserting the fol-
21	lowing:
22	"(2) Exceptions.—The term 'bank' does not
23	include a covered depository institution subject to
24	tailored holding company supervision under section
25	15."; and

1	(2) by adding at the end the following:
2	"SEC. 15. HOLDING COMPANY SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN
3	DEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS.
4	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
5	"(1) Appropriate banking supervisor.—
6	The term 'appropriate banking supervisor' means
7	the Comptroller of the Currency, a State bank su-
8	pervisor, in the case of a State member bank, the
9	Board, or in the case of an insured bank, the Fed-
10	eral Deposit Insurance Corporation, as applicable.
11	"(2) Controlling interest.—The term 'con-
12	trolling interest' means a circumstance when a per-
13	son, directly or indirectly, or acting through or in
14	concert with 1 or more persons—
15	"(A) owns, controls, or has the power to
16	vote 25 percent or more of any class of voting
17	securities of a covered depository institution;
18	"(B) controls in any manner the election of
19	a majority of the directors of the covered depos-
20	itory institution; or
21	"(C) has the power to exercise a control-
22	ling influence over the management or policies
23	of the covered depository institution.
24	"(3) Covered Depository Institution.—
25	The term 'covered depository institution' means a

1 depository institution operating under subsection (c) 2 of section 5169 of the Revised Statutes (12 U.S.C. 3 27), or a substantially similar State law, other than a bank, as defined in section 2 of the Bank Holding 4 5 Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841), or an in-6 sured depository institution, as defined in section 3 7 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 8 1813), which is exclusively engaged in issuing pay-9 ment stablecoins, providing safekeeping, trust or 10 custodial services, or activities incidental to the fore-11 going. 12 "(b) Controlling Interest.—A person with a 13 controlling interest in a covered depository institution shall— 14 15 "(1) submit annual audited financial statements 16 and other information as otherwise reasonably re-17 quired by the appropriate banking supervisor; and 18 "(2) provide a description of all affiliated or 19 parent entities and their relationships with the insti-20 tution, including annual updates. 21 "(c) Tax Allocation Agreement.—The appro-22 priate banking supervisor may require a legal entity with 23 a controlling interest in a covered depository institution to execute a tax allocation agreement with the institution 25 that—

1	"(1) expressly states that an agency relation-
2	ship exists between the person and the institution
3	with respect to tax assets generated by the institu-
4	tion, and that the assets are held in trust by the
5	person for the benefit of the institution and will be
6	promptly remitted to the institution; and
7	"(2) may provide that the amount and timing
8	of any payments or refunds to the institution by the
9	person should be no less favorable than if the insti-
10	tution were a separate taxpayer.
11	"(d) Prohibition on Controlling Interests.—
12	A person that is a commercial firm, as defined in section
13	602 of the Bank and Savings Association Holding Com-
14	pany and Depository Institution Regulatory Improvements
15	Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 1815 note), shall not obtain a
16	controlling interest in a covered depository institution.
17	"(e) Public Interest.—If the appropriate banking
18	supervisor finds that it is in the public interest and has
19	reasonable cause to believe it is necessary to protect the
20	customers of a covered depository institution, the super-
21	visor may—
22	"(1) conduct an examination of a legal entity
23	with a controlling interest in a covered depository in-
24	stitution or otherwise require information from the
25	person; and

1	"(2) require a person with a controlling interest
2	in a covered depository institution to divest or sever
3	their relationship with the institution, if necessary to
4	maintain safety and soundness.".
5	SEC. 705. CODIFYING CUSTODIAL PRINCIPLES FOR FINAN-
6	CIAL INSTITUTIONS.
7	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
8	(1) The laws surrounding custody of financial
9	assets is largely customary, uncodified, and poorly
10	understood.
11	(2) Lack of uniformity amongst various juris-
12	dictions' laws relating to custody has largely not
13	been addressed by regulators, can contribute to risk,
14	and is producing uncertainty for innovators.
15	(3) Codifying basic principles around custody of
16	financial assets will reduce systemic risk, clearly de-
17	fine the rights and duties of both custodian and cus-
18	tomer, and contribute to a more uniform and effec-
19	tive banking system.
20	(b) Definition.—In this section, the term "cus-
21	tody" means the safekeeping, servicing and management
22	of customer financial assets, including currency, securities
23	and commodities, on an off-balance sheet basis.
24	(c) Custody.—

1 (1) In general.—Except as provided in para-2 graph (2), custody of financial assets is accom-3 plished by a bailment and established by a written 4 customer agreement. Custody shall not be a fidu-5 ciary or trust activity unless the custodian is pro-6 viding substantial discretionary services with respect 7 to an account, including through investment advice 8 or investment discretion, and the custodian owes a 9 customer a higher standard of care or duty with re-10 spect to the customer of that account.

- (2) EXCEPTION.—A custodian and customer may establish a legal relationship other than a bailment pursuant to a written customer agreement.
- (d) Proper Documentation.—A custodial account shall be properly documented in a customer agreement, with a clearly defined legal relationship between the custodian and customer. Custodial assets shall be properly identified and segregated from the assets of the custodian, with proper documentation of asset segregation.

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20 (e) NOT ASSETS OR LIABILITIES.—Assets properly
21 held in a custodial account under this section are not as22 sets or liabilities of the custodian and shall be maintained
23 on an off-balance sheet basis, including for the purpose
24 of accounting treatment for the custodian, notwith25 standing the form in which the assets are maintained.

- 1 (f) APPLICABILITY.—This section shall apply to all
- 2 depository institutions, as defined in section 19(b)(1) of
- 3 the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 461(b)(1)), and non-
- 4 depository trust companies chartered under section 5169
- 5 of the Revised Statutes (12 U.S.C. 27).
- 6 SEC. 706. IMPLEMENTATION RULES TO PRESERVE ADE-
- 7 QUATE COMPETITION IN PAYMENT
- 8 STABLECOINS.
- 9 (a) In General.—The application of a non-deposi-
- 10 tory trust company or the holder of a State license that
- 11 only persons engaged in crypto asset activities may obtain,
- 12 which was chartered or issued under the laws of a State
- 13 or the National Bank Act before the date of enactment
- 14 of this Act, to receive a charter as a depository institution
- 15 and to operate under subsection (c) of section 5169 of the
- 16 Revised Statutes (12 U.S.C. 27), as added by section 703
- 17 of this Act, shall be decided upon by the Comptroller of
- 18 the Currency before an application for a charter to operate
- 19 under that section from another entity that is filed on or
- 20 after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 21 (b) APPLICATION.—The application of a covered de-
- 22 pository institution, as defined in section 15(a) of the
- 23 Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1853(a)),
- 24 chartered before the date of enactment of this Act to be-
- 25 come a State member bank in the Federal Reserve System

- 1 or for access to Federal Reserve services under section
- 2 11A of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 248a) shall
- 3 be decided upon by the Board of Governors of the Federal
- 4 Reserve System, or a Federal Reserve bank, as applicable,
- 5 before any application to become a State member bank
- 6 or for Federal Reserve services from any other entity
- 7 which seeks to operate as a covered depository institution
- 8 and which is filed on or after the date of enactment of
- 9 this Act.
- 10 (c) Decision.—The applications described in sub-
- 11 sections (a) and (b) of this section shall be decided upon
- 12 by the appropriate Federal banking agency (as defined in
- 13 section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C.
- 14 1813)) or Federal Reserve bank, as applicable, before an
- 15 insured depository institution in operation before the en-
- 16 actment date of this Act may issue a payment stablecoin
- 17 in accordance with section 722A of the Gramm-Leach-Bli-
- 18 ley Act, as added by section 601 of this Act.
- 19 SEC. 707. STUDY ON USE OF DISTRIBUTED LEDGER TECH-
- 20 NOLOGY FOR REDUCTION OF RISK IN DEPOS-
- 21 **ITORY INSTITUTIONS.**
- Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
- 23 of this Act, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve
- 24 System shall complete a study and submit to the Com-
- 25 mittee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the

1	Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of the
2	House of Representatives a report regarding the manner
3	in which distributed ledger technology may reduce risk for
4	depository institutions, as defined in section $19(b)(1)$ of
5	the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 461(b)(1)), including
6	settlement risk, operational risk and capital requirements.
7	SEC. 708. CLARIFYING APPLICATION REVIEW TIMES WITH
8	RESPECT TO THE FEDERAL BANKING AGEN-
9	CIES.
10	Section 343 of the Riegle Community Development
11	and Regulatory Improvement Act of 1994 (12 U.S.C.
12	4807) is amended by striking subsections (a) and (b) and
13	inserting the following:
14	"(a) Final Action.—
15	"(1) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
16	'completed application'—
17	"(A) means the information requested by
18	the Federal banking agency at the outset of an
19	application through application forms or similar
20	means; and
21	"(B) does not include supplemental infor-
22	mation requested by the agency after filing of
23	an application.
24	"(2) Action.—Each Federal banking agency,
25	including Federal Reserve banks, shall take final ac-

1 tion on any application to the agency before the end 2 of the 1-year period beginning on the date on which 3 a completed application is received by the agency. 4 "(b) Report.—Each Federal banking agency, in-5 cluding the Federal Reserve banks, shall annually report to Congress a list of the applications that have been pend-6 ing for 12 months or longer since the date of the initial 8 application filed by an applicant, and the date on which 9 a completed application was received. Such list— 10 "(1) shall disclose the reason why the applica-11 tion has not yet been approved or denied by the 12 Federal banking agency; and 13 "(2) shall not contain confidential supervisory 14 information. 15 "(c) Waiver by Applicant Authorized.—Any person submitting an application to a Federal banking 16 17 agency may waive the applicability of subsection (a) with 18 respect to such application at any time.". 19 SEC. 709. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS. 20 (a) Federal Deposit Insurance Act.—Section 21 12 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1822) 22 is amended by adding at the end the following: 23 "(g) Appointment of Receiver.— "(1) Definition.—In this subsection, the term 24

'covered depository institution' has the meaning

25

1	given the term in section 15(a) of the Bank Holding
2	Company Act of 1956.
3	"(2) Appointment.—The Corporation may be
4	appointed as receiver of a covered depository institu-
5	tion, as defined in section 15(a) of the Bank Hold-
6	ing Company Act of 1956.
7	"(3) Premiums.—A covered depository institu-
8	tion may not be charged deposit insurance premiums
9	for the purpose of this subsection, but the Corpora-
10	tion may use the capital of the covered depository
11	institution to fund the costs of the receivership.
12	"(4) Rules.—The Corporation may promul-
13	gate rules to carry out this subsection, which shall—
14	"(A) be substantially consistent with the
15	rules for receivership of an insured depository
16	institution; and
17	"(B) account for the limited activities, cap-
18	ital, and the required tailored recovery and res-
19	olution plan of the covered depository institu-
20	tion.".
21	(b) Federal Reserve Act.—The Federal Reserve
22	Act (12 U.S.C. 221 et seq.) is amended—
23	(1) in section $19(b)(1)(A)$ (12 U.S.C.
24	461(b)(1)(A))—

1	(A) in clause (vi), by striking "and" at the
2	end;
3	(B) in clause (vii), by striking the period
4	at the end and inserting "; and"; and
5	(C) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(viii) a covered depository institution,
7	as defined in section 15(a) of the Bank
8	Holding Company Act of 1956."; and
9	(2) in the first undesignated paragraph of sec-
10	tion 9 (12 U.S.C. 321), in the first sentence, by in-
11	serting ", covered depository institutions, as defined
12	in section 15(a) of the Bank Holding Company Act
13	of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1853(a))," after "Plan banks".
14	TITLE VIII—RESPONSIBLE
15	TAXATION OF CRYPTO ASSETS
16	SEC. 801. DE MINIMIS GAIN FROM SALE OR EXCHANGE OF
17	CRYPTO ASSETS.
18	(a) In General.—Part III of subchapter B of chap-
19	ter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended
20	by inserting after section 139I the following new section:
21	"SEC. 139J. DE MINIMIS GAIN FROM SALE OR EXCHANGE
2122	"SEC. 139J. DE MINIMIS GAIN FROM SALE OR EXCHANGE OF CRYPTO ASSETS.
22	OF CRYPTO ASSETS.

31, United States Code), unless the sale or exchange is 2 for— 3 "(1) cash or cash equivalents, 4 "(2) any property used by the taxpayer in the 5 active conduct of a trade or business, or 6 "(3) any property held by the taxpayer for the 7 production of income (as described in section 8 212(2)). 9 "(b) Limitation.— 10 "(1) In General.—Subsection (a) shall not 11 apply in the case of any sale or exchange for 12 which— 13 "(A) the total value of such sale or ex-14 change exceeds \$200, or 15 "(B) the total gain which would otherwise 16 be recognized with respect to such sale or ex-17 change exceeds \$200. 18 "(2) AGGREGATION RULE.—For purposes of 19 this subsection, all sales or exchanges which are part 20 of the same transaction (or a series of related trans-21 actions) shall be treated as one sale or exchange. 22 "(c) Inflation Adjustment.—In the case of any 23 taxable year beginning in a calendar year after 2024, each dollar amount in subsection (b)(1) shall be increased by 25 an amount equal to—

1	"(1) such dollar amount, multiplied by
2	"(2) the cost-of-living adjustment determined
3	under section 1(f)(3) for the calendar year in which
4	the taxable year begins, determined by substituting
5	'calendar year 2023' for 'calendar year 2016' in sub-
6	paragraph (A)(ii) thereof.
7	Any increase determined under the preceding sentence
8	shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of \$10.".
9	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
10	for part III of subchapter B of chapter 1 of the Internal
11	Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting after the
12	item relating to section 139I the following new item:
	"Sec. 139J. De minimis gain from sale or exchange of crypto assets.".
13	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
14	this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
15	December 31, 2024.
16	SEC. 802. INFORMATION REPORTING REQUIREMENTS IM-
17	POSED ON BROKERS WITH RESPECT TO
18	CRYPTO ASSETS.
19	(a) Clarification of Definition of Broker.—
20	(1) In general.—Section 6045(c)(1)(D) of the
21	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended to read
22	as follows:
23	"(D) any person who (for consideration)
24	stands ready in the ordinary course of a trade

1	or business to effect sales of crypto assets at
2	the direction of their customers.".
3	(2) Effective date.—The amendment made
4	by this subsection shall apply to returns required to
5	be filed and statements required to be furnished
6	after December 31, 2025.
7	(b) Reporting of Crypto Assets.—
8	(1) Applicable date.—Section 6045(g)(3) of
9	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended—
10	(A) in subparagraph (B)(iv), by striking
11	"digital asset" and inserting "crypto asset",
12	(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking
13	clause (iii) and inserting the following:
14	"(iii) January 1, 2025, in the case of
15	any specified security which is a crypto
16	asset, and", and
17	(C) by striking subparagraph (D) and in-
18	serting the following:
19	"(D) CRYPTO ASSET.—The term 'crypto
20	asset' has the meaning given such term in sec-
21	tion 9801 of title 31, United States Code.".
22	(2) Furnishing of information.—Section
23	6045A(d) of such Code is amended to read as fol-
24	lows:

1	"(d) Return Requirement for Certain Trans-
2	FERS OF CRYPTO ASSETS NOT OTHERWISE SUBJECT TO
3	REPORTING.—Any broker, with respect to any transfer
4	(which is not part of a sale or exchange executed by such
5	broker) during a calendar year of a covered security which
6	is a crypto asset (as defined in section 9801 of title 31,
7	United States Code) from an account wholly controlled
8	and maintained by such broker to an account which is not
9	maintained by, or an address not associated with, a person
10	that such broker knows or has reason to know is also a
11	broker, shall make a return for such calendar year, in such
12	form as determined by the Secretary, showing the infor-
13	mation otherwise required to be furnished with respect to
14	transfers subject to subsection (a). Information reported
15	by brokers under this section shall be limited to customer
16	information that is voluntarily provided by the customer
17	and held by the broker for a legitimate business purpose.".
18	(3) Delayed effective date for certain
19	INFORMATION REPORTING CHANGES; REVERSAL OF
20	CERTAIN ADDITIONS TO 6050I.—
21	(A) In General.—Section 6050I(d) of
22	such Code is amended—
23	(i) in paragraph (1), by adding "and"
24	at the end,

1	(11) in paragraph (2), by striking ",
2	and" and inserting a period, and
3	(iii) by striking paragraph (3).
4	(B) Delayed effective date.—Section
5	80603(c) of the Infrastructure Investment and
6	Jobs Act is amended by striking "December 31,
7	2023" and inserting "December 31, 2025".
8	(4) Effective dates.—
9	(A) The amendments made by paragraphs
10	(1) and (2) shall apply to returns required to
11	be filed and statements required to be furnished
12	after December 31, 2025.
13	(B) The amendments made by paragraph
14	(3) shall take effect as if included in the enact-
15	ment of section 80603 of the Infrastructure In-
16	vestment and Jobs Act.
17	SEC. 803. SOURCES OF INCOME.
18	(a) In General.—Paragraph (2) of section 864(b)
19	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by re-
20	designating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (D) and
21	by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following new
22	subparagraph:
23	"(C) Crypto assets.—
24	"(i) In general.—Trading in crypto
25	assets through a resident broker, commis-

1	sion agent, custodian, crypto asset ex-
2	change, or other independent agent.
3	"(ii) Trading for taxpayer's own
4	ACCOUNT.—Trading in crypto assets for
5	the taxpayer's own account, whether by the
6	taxpayer or the taxpayer's employees or
7	through a resident broker, commission
8	agent, custodian, crypto asset exchange, or
9	other agent, and whether or not any such
10	employee or agent has discretionary au-
11	thority to make decisions in effecting the
12	transactions. This clause shall not apply in
13	the case of a dealer in crypto assets.
14	"(iii) Definitions.—For purposes of
15	this subparagraph—
16	"(I) CRYPTO ASSET EX-
17	CHANGE.—The term 'crypto asset ex-
18	change' means a centralized or decen-
19	tralized platform which facilitates the
20	transfer of crypto assets.
21	"(II) CRYPTO ASSET.—The term
22	'crypto asset' has the meaning given
23	such term in section 9801 of title 31,
24	United States Code.

1	"(iv) Limitation.—This subpara-
2	graph shall apply only if the crypto assets
3	are of a kind customarily dealt in on a
4	crypto asset exchange and if the trans-
5	action is of a kind customarily con-
6	summated at such exchange.".
7	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Subparagraph (D)
8	of section 864(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of
9	1986, as redesignated by subsection (a), is amended by
10	striking " $(A)(i)$ and $(B)(i)$ " and inserting " $(A)(i)$, $(B)(i)$,
11	and (C)(i)".
12	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
	this section shall apply to toyable years beginning often
13	this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
	the date of enactment of this Act.
14	the date of enactment of this Act.
14 15	the date of enactment of this Act. SEC. 804. TAX TREATMENT OF CRYPTO ASSET LENDING
14151617	the date of enactment of this Act. SEC. 804. TAX TREATMENT OF CRYPTO ASSET LENDING AGREEMENTS AND RELATED MATTERS.
14151617	the date of enactment of this Act. SEC. 804. TAX TREATMENT OF CRYPTO ASSET LENDING AGREEMENTS AND RELATED MATTERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 1058 of
1415161718	the date of enactment of this Act. SEC. 804. TAX TREATMENT OF CRYPTO ASSET LENDING AGREEMENTS AND RELATED MATTERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 1058 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking
141516171819	the date of enactment of this Act. SEC. 804. TAX TREATMENT OF CRYPTO ASSET LENDING AGREEMENTS AND RELATED MATTERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 1058 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "(as defined in section 1236(c))".
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	the date of enactment of this Act. SEC. 804. TAX TREATMENT OF CRYPTO ASSET LENDING AGREEMENTS AND RELATED MATTERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 1058 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "(as defined in section 1236(c))". (b) FIXED TERM.—Paragraph (1) of subsection (b)
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	the date of enactment of this Act. SEC. 804. TAX TREATMENT OF CRYPTO ASSET LENDING AGREEMENTS AND RELATED MATTERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 1058 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "(as defined in section 1236(c))". (b) FIXED TERM.—Paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of section 1058 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	the date of enactment of this Act. SEC. 804. TAX TREATMENT OF CRYPTO ASSET LENDING AGREEMENTS AND RELATED MATTERS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 1058 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "(as defined in section 1236(c))". (b) FIXED TERM.—Paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of section 1058 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting ", including a fixed-term transfer

- 1 (c) Basis.—Subsection (c) of section 1058 of the In-
- 2 ternal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the
- 3 end the following: "All appropriate basis adjustments to
- 4 an agreement under subsection (b) shall be made, as de-
- 5 termined by the Secretary, including upon the return of
- 6 the lent securities to the taxpayer.".
- 7 (d) Securities.—Section 1058 of the Internal Rev-
- 8 enue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the
- 9 following new subsections:
- 10 "(d) Securities.—For purposes of this section, the
- 11 term 'securities' has the meaning given such term by sec-
- 12 tion 1236(c), except that such term includes any crypto
- 13 asset (as defined in section 9801 of title 31, United States
- 14 Code) and, with respect to a crypto asset, does not require
- 15 a call option.
- 16 "(e) INCOME.—An amount equal to the income which
- 17 would otherwise accrue to the lender but for a lending
- 18 transaction under this section shall be included in the
- 19 gross income of the lender.".
- 20 (e) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 21 tion, or any amendments made by this section, shall be
- 22 construed to create any inference with respect to the clas-
- 23 sification of any crypto asset as a security under the Secu-
- 24 rities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et seq.) or the Securities
- 25 Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.).

1	(f) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of the
2	Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) may adopt rules to
3	implement the amendments made by this section, includ-
4	ing the application of the amendments made by this sec-
5	tion to forks, airdrops, and similar subsidiary value.
6	(g) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
7	this section shall apply to sales and exchanges in taxable
8	years beginning after the date of enactment of this Act.
9	SEC. 805. LOSS FROM WASH SALES OF CRYPTO ASSETS.
10	(a) In General.—Section 1091 of the Internal Rev-
11	enue Code of 1986 is amended to read as follows:
12	"SEC. 1091. LOSS FROM WASH SALES OF SPECIFIED ASSETS.
13	"(a) Disallowance of Loss Deduction.—
14	"(1) In general.—No deduction shall be al-
15	lowed with respect to any loss claimed to have been
16	sustained from any sale or other disposition (includ-
17	ing any termination) of specified assets where it ap-
18	pears that, within a period beginning 30 days before
19	the date of such sale or other disposition and ending
20	30 days after such date, the taxpayer has—
21	"(A) acquired (by purchase, by an ex-
22	change on which the entire amount of gain or
23	loss was recognized by law, or by entering into)
24	substantially identical specified assets, or

1	"(B) entered into a contract or option to
2	acquire, or long notional principal contract in
3	respect of, substantially identical specified as-
4	sets.
5	"(2) Exception for dealers.—Paragraph
6	(1) shall not apply if—
7	"(A) the taxpayer is a dealer in specified
8	assets,
9	"(B) the loss is sustained in a transaction
10	made in the ordinary course of its business as
11	a dealer, and
12	"(C) the acquisition (or the entering into
13	of the contract or option to acquire or long no-
14	tional principal contract) which (without regard
15	to this paragraph) would have resulted in the
16	non-deductibility of the loss was similarly made
17	in the ordinary course of such business.
18	"(b) Specified Assets Acquired Less Than
19	Specified Assets Sold.—If the amount of specified as-
20	sets acquired (or covered by the contract or option to ac-
21	quire or long notional principal contract) is less than the
22	amount of specified assets sold or otherwise disposed of,
23	then the particular specified assets the loss from the sale
24	or other disposition of which is not deductible shall be de-
25	termined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

1	"(c) Specified Assets Acquired Not Less Than
2	Specified Assets Sold.—If the amount of specified as-
3	sets acquired (or covered by the contract or option to ac-
4	quire or long notional principal contract) is not less than
5	the amount of specified assets sold or otherwise disposed
6	of, then the particular specified assets the acquisition of
7	which (or the entering into of the contract or option to
8	acquire or long notional principal contract of which) re-
9	sulted in the non-deductibility of the loss shall be deter-
10	mined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary.
11	"(d) Adjustment to Basis in Case of Wash
12	Sale.—
13	"(1) In general.—The basis of the specified
14	asset acquired (or the contract, option, or long no-
15	tional principal contract entered into) shall be in-
16	creased by the amount of the deduction disallowed
17	under subsection (a) (reduced by any amount of
18	such deduction taken into account under this sub-
19	section to increase the basis of any specified asset
20	previously acquired or any contract, option, or long
21	notional principal contract previously entered into).
22	"(2) Rules with respect to certain acqui-
23	SITIONS.—
24	"(A) In General.—In any case in
25	which—

1	"(i) the taxpayer enters into a con-
2	tract or option to acquire, or long notional
3	principal contract in respect of, substan-
4	tially identical specified assets (within the
5	period specified in subsection (a)), and
6	"(ii) the taxpayer also acquires (with-
7	in the period specified in subsection (a))
8	substantially identical specified assets and
9	such acquisition would, but for the enter-
10	ing into of the contract, option, or long no-
11	tional principal contract described in clause
12	(i), have triggered a disallowance under
13	subsection (a),
14	then, subject to such exceptions as the Sec-
15	retary may prescribe, paragraph (1) shall apply
16	to the substantially identical specified assets de-
17	scribed in clause (ii) and not to the contract,
18	option, or long term principal contract de-
19	scribed in clause (i).
20	"(B) Special rule for contracts and
21	OPTIONS.—Subject to such exceptions as the
22	Secretary may prescribe, if the acquisition of
23	any substantially identical specified asset is
24	pursuant to a contract or option described in
25	subparagraph (A)(i), then, notwithstanding

1	whether such asset was acquired within the pe-
2	riod specified in subsection (a), paragraph (1)
3	shall apply to the substantially identical speci-
4	fied asset acquired pursuant to the contract or
5	option and not to the contract or option.
6	"(e) Certain Short Sales of Specified Assets
7	AND CONTRACTS TO SELL.—Rules similar to the rules of
8	subsection (a) shall apply to any loss realized on the clos-
9	ing of a short sale of (or the sale, disposition, or termi-
10	nation of a contract or option to sell or a short notional
11	principal contract in respect of) specified assets if, within
12	a period beginning 30 days before the date of such closing
13	and ending 30 days after such date, another such short
14	sale of (or contract or option to sell or short notional prin-
15	cipal contract in respect of) substantially identical speci-
16	fied assets was entered into by the taxpayer.
17	"(f) Cash Settlement.—This section shall not fail
18	to apply to a contract or option to acquire or sell specified
19	assets solely by reason of the fact that the contract or
20	option settles in (or could be settled in) cash or property
21	other than such specified assets.
22	"(g) Specified Asset.—For purposes of this sec-
23	tion, the term 'specified asset' means any of the following:
24	"(1) Any security (as defined in section
25	475(c)(2)).

1	"(2) Except as otherwise provided by the Sec-
2	retary—
3	"(A) any crypto asset (as defined in sec-
4	tion 9801 of title 31, United States Code)
5	which is actively traded (within the meaning of
6	section $1092(d)(1)$,
7	"(B) any notional principal contract with
8	respect to any crypto asset described in sub-
9	paragraph (A), and
10	"(C) any evidence of an interest in, or a
11	derivative instrument in, any crypto asset de-
12	scribed in subparagraph (A) or (B), including
13	any option, forward contract, futures contract,
14	short position, and any similar instrument in
15	such a crypto asset.
16	Such term shall, except as provided in regulations, include
17	contracts or options to acquire or sell, or notional principal
18	contracts in respect of, any specified assets.
19	"(h) Exception for Business Needs and Hedg-
20	ING TRANSACTIONS.—
21	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in regu-
22	lations prescribed by the Secretary, in the case of a
23	specified asset to which this subsection applies, sub-
24	section (a) shall not apply to the extent that both
25	the sale or other disposition of such asset and the

1	acquisition of (or the entering into of the contract
2	or option to acquire or long notional principal con-
3	tract in respect of) are—
4	"(A) directly related to the business needs
5	of a trade or business of the taxpayer (other
6	than the trade or business of trading specified
7	assets described in subsection (g)(2)), or
8	"(B) part of a hedging transaction (as de-
9	fined in section $1221(b)(2)$ or $988(d)(2)$.
10	"(2) Specified asset to which this sub-
11	SECTION APPLIES.—To the extent provided by the
12	Secretary, this subsection applies to assets described
13	in subsection $(g)(2)$.
14	"(i) Regulations.—The Secretary shall prescribe
15	such regulations or other guidance as may be necessary
16	to carry out the purposes of this section, including regula-
17	tions or other guidance for determining whether specified
18	assets are substantially identical.".
19	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
20	(1) Section 1223(3) of the Internal Revenue
21	Code of 1986 is amended—
22	(A) by striking "stock or securities" the
23	first place it appears and inserting "specified
24	assets (as defined in section 1091(g))",

1	(B) by striking "stock or securities" the
2	second and third place it appears and inserting
3	"specified assets (as so defined)", and
4	(C) by striking "(or the contract or option
5	to acquire which)" and inserting "(or the enter-
6	ing into of a contract or option to acquire or
7	long notional principal contract in respect of
8	which)".
9	(2) Section $6045(g)(2)(B)$ of such Code is
10	amended—
11	(A) in clause (i)(I)—
12	(i) by striking "security (other than
13	stock" and inserting "covered security
14	(other than stock", and
15	(ii) by striking "stock sold or trans-
16	ferred" and inserting "covered security
17	sold or transferred", and
18	(B) in clause (ii)—
19	(i) by striking "stock or securities"
20	and inserting "specified assets", and
21	(ii) by striking "identical securities"
22	and inserting "identical specified assets (as
23	defined in section 1091(g))".
24	(3) The table of sections for part VII of sub-
25	chapter O of chapter 1 of such Code is amended by

- 1 striking the item relating to section 1091 and insert-
- 2 ing the following new item:
 - "Sec. 1091. Loss from wash sales of specified assets.".
- 3 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 4 this section shall apply to sales, dispositions, and termi-
- 5 nations in taxable years beginning after the date of enact-
- 6 ment of this Act.

7 SEC. 806. MARK-TO-MARKET ELECTION.

- 8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 475(e)(2)(A) of the Inter-
- 9 nal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting "(as
- 10 defined in section 1a of the Commodity Exchange Act (7
- 11 U.S.C. 1a))" after "commodity".
- 12 (b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
- 13 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
- 14 the date of enactment of this Act.
- 15 SEC. 807. FORKS, AIRDROPS, AND SUBSIDIARY VALUE.
- 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Part II of subchapter B of chap-
- 17 ter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended
- 18 by inserting before section 72 the following new section:
- 19 "SEC. 71. FORKS, AIRDROPS, AND SUBSIDIARY VALUE.
- 20 "(a) In General.—In the case of any applicable
- 21 asset received by a taxpayer for which the taxpayer has
- 22 taken affirmative steps relating to control of such asset,
- 23 the value of such asset shall be included in gross income
- 24 for the taxable year in which such asset is sold or other-
- 25 wise disposed of by the taxpayer.

- 1 "(b) Character of Income.—For purposes of this
- 2 subtitle, the amount included in gross income under this
- 3 section shall be treated as ordinary income (as defined in
- 4 section 64).
- 5 "(c) Applicable Asset.—For purposes of this sec-
- 6 tion, the term 'applicable asset' means—
- 7 "(1) a crypto asset fork,
- 8 "(2) a crypto asset airdrop, or
- 9 "(3) any other similar form of subsidiary value
- relating to a crypto asset (as defined in section 9801
- of title 31, United States Code).
- 12 "(d) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 12 months after
- 13 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall pre-
- 14 scribe such regulations or other guidance as may be nec-
- 15 essary to carry out the purposes of this section.".
- 16 (b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of sec-
- 17 tions of part II of subchapter B of chapter 1 of the Inter-
- 18 nal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting before
- 19 the item relating to section 72 the following new item:
 - "Sec. 71. Forks, airdrops, and subsidiary value.".
- (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 21 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
- 22 the date of enactment of this Act.

1 SEC. 808. CRYPTO ASSET MINING AND STAKING.

- 2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 451 of the Internal Rev-
- 3 enue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the
- 4 following new subsection:
- 5 "(l) Deferral of Income Recognition for
- 6 Crypto Asset Activities.—In the case of a taxpayer
- 7 who conducts crypto asset mining or staking activities, the
- 8 amount of income relating to such activities shall not be
- 9 included in the gross income of the taxpayer until the tax-
- 10 able year of the sale or other disposition of the assets pro-
- 11 duced or received in connection with the mining or staking
- 12 activities.".
- 13 (b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
- 14 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
- 15 the date of enactment of this Act.
- 16 SEC. 809. CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS AND QUALIFIED
- 17 APPRAISALS.
- 18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 170(f)(11)(A)(ii)(I) of the
- 19 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting
- 20 "actively traded crypto assets (as defined in section 9801
- 21 of title 31, United States Code)," before "and any quali-
- 22 fied vehicle".
- (b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
- 24 this section shall apply to contributions made in taxable
- 25 years beginning after the date of enactment of this Act.

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1	TITLE IX—RESPONSIBLE
2	INTERAGENCY COORDINATION
3	SEC. 901. TIMELINE FOR INTERPRETIVE GUIDANCE ISSUED
4	BY FEDERAL FINANCIAL AGENCIES.
5	(a) In General.—Title 31, United States Code, is
6	amended by adding after chapter 98, as added by section
7	101(a) of this Act, the following:
8	"CHAPTER 99—RESPONSIBLE
9	INTERAGENCY COORDINATION
	"Sec. "9901. Timeline for interpretive guidance issues by Federal financial agencies.
10	"§ 9901. Timeline for interpretive guidance issues by
11	Federal financial agencies
12	"(a) In General.—In this section:
13	"(1) FEDERAL FINANCIAL REGULATOR.—The
14	term 'Federal financial regulator' means—
15	"(A) Board of Governors of the Federal
16	Reserve System and the Federal Reserve banks;
17	"(B) Commodity Futures Trading Com-
18	mission;
19	"(C) Department of the Treasury;
20	"(D) Federal Deposit Insurance Corpora-
21	tion;
22	"(E) Federal Housing Finance Agency;
23	"(F) National Credit Union Administra-
24	tion;

1	"(G) Office of the Comptroller of the Cur-
2	rency;
3	"(H) Consumer Financial Protection Bu-
4	reau; and
5	"(I) Securities and Exchange Commission.
6	"(2) REQUESTING PERSON.—The term 're-
7	questing person'—
8	"(A) means any entity that is required to
9	be chartered, licensed, supervised or registered
10	by that agency; and
11	"(B) includes State agencies, a customer
12	protection and market integrity authority, and
13	any other entity delegated regulatory and dis-
14	ciplinary authority by a governmental agency.
15	"(b) Response.—Not later than 180 days after fil-
16	ing a written request for individualized interpretive guid-
17	ance with respect to the application of a statute, rule or
18	policy under the jurisdiction of a Federal financial regu-
19	lator, the agency shall provide a final, complete and writ-
20	ten response to the requesting person. This subsection
21	shall not apply to requests for guidance that the Federal
22	financial regulator determine lack substance.
23	"(c) Other Matters.—With respect to matters del-
24	egated or otherwise under the jurisdiction of a customer
25	protection and market integrity authority or other entity

1	delegated regulatory and disciplinary authority by a gov-
2	ernment agency, including national securities exchanges
3	and boards of trade, the entity shall be subject to the same
4	requirements as a Federal financial regulator under this
5	section.".
6	SEC. 902. STATE MONEY TRANSMISSION COORDINATION
7	RELATING TO CRYPTO ASSETS.
8	(a) In General.—In order to increase uniformity,
9	reduce regulatory burden, and enhance consumer protec-
10	tion, the States, through the Conference of State Bank
11	Supervisors and the Money Transmission Regulators As-
12	sociation, shall, not later than 2 years after the date of
13	enactment of this Act, ensure uniform treatment of crypto
14	assets for the purposes of State money transmission laws
15	on the following matters:
16	(1) Whether crypto assets are subject to money
17	transmission licensing requirements, as appropriate
18	which shall include the exchange of crypto assets for
19	legal tender.
20	(2) Treatment of payment stablecoins.
21	(3) Non-applicability to persons or software
22	that engage in validation of transactions, non-custo-
23	dial wallet providers, or software or hardware devel-
24	opment.

1 (4) Tangible net worth and permissible invest-2 ment requirements. 3 (5) Disclosures, reporting, and recordkeeping. 4 (6) Common examination and examiner training 5 standards, including common customer identifica-6 tion, anti-money laundering, and sanctions best 7 practices developed in consultation with the Finan-8 cial Crimes Enforcement Network and the Office of 9 Foreign Assets Control. 10 (b) REGULATIONS.—If the Director of the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection determines that a State 11 does not have the requirements of subsection (a) in effect 12 by law (including regulations) that are substantively consistent with the requirements of the several States on the 14 15 date that is 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Director shall adopt rules applicable to that 16 17 State that achieve the purposes of subsection (a) and that are consistent with the standards adopted in the States 18 19 that have the requirements of subsection (a) in effect. The 20 Director may extend the deadline under this section for 21 not more than 1 year if a State has shown a good faith 22 effort towards implementation. The Director may promulgate regulations to monitor State compliance with this subsection.

1	SEC. 903. INFORMATION SHARING AMONG FEDERAL AND
2	STATE FINANCIAL REGULATORS.
3	Subtitle C of title VII of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act
4	(Public Law 106–102; 113 Stat. 1470), as amended by
5	section 701 of this Act, is amended by adding at the end
6	the following:
7	"SEC. 722B. INFORMATION SHARING AMONG FEDERAL AND
8	STATE FINANCIAL REGULATORS.
9	"(a) Confidentiality.—Notwithstanding any other
10	provision of law, any requirement under Federal or State
11	law regarding the privacy or confidentiality of any infor-
12	mation or materials exchanged among financial regulators
13	and any privilege arising under Federal or State law (in-
14	cluding the rules of any Federal or State court) with re-
15	spect to such information or material, shall continue to
16	apply to such information or material after the informa-
17	tion or material has been disclosed to any State or Federal
18	financial regulator.
19	"(b) Non-Applicability of Certain Require-
20	MENTS.—Information or material that is subject to privi-
21	lege or confidentiality under subsection (a) shall not be
22	subject to—
23	"(1) disclosure under any Federal or State law
24	governing the disclosure to the public of information
25	held by an officer or an agency of the Federal Gov-
26	ernment or the respective State; or

1	"(2) subpoena or discovery, or admission into
2	evidence, in any private civil action or administrative
3	process, unless with respect to any privilege held by
4	the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and
5	Registry or the Director with respect to such infor-
6	mation or material, the person to whom such infor-
7	mation or material pertains waives that privilege, in
8	whole or in part, based on the discretion of such per-
9	son.
10	"(c) Coordination With Other Law.—Any State
11	or Federal law, including any State open records law, re-
12	lating to the disclosure of confidential supervisory infor-
13	mation or any information or material described in sub-
14	section (a) that is inconsistent with subsection (a) shall
15	be superseded by the requirements of such provision to
16	the extent the State or Federal law provides less confiden-
17	tiality or a weaker privilege.
18	"(d) Conference of State Bank Supervisors.—
19	The Conference of State Bank Supervisors shall be consid-
20	ered the agent of the State financial regulators for the
21	purposes of sharing information under this provision.
22	"(e) Definition.—In this section, the term 'finan-
23	cial regulator' means—
24	"(1) the Board of Governors of the Federal Re-
25	serve System and the Federal Reserve banks;

1	"(2) the Commodity Futures Trading Commis
2	sion;
3	"(3) the Department of the Treasury, including
4	the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network and the
5	Office of Foreign Assets Control;
6	"(4) the Federal Deposit Insurance Corpora
7	tion;
8	"(5) the Federal Housing Finance Agency;
9	"(6) the National Credit Union Administration
10	"(7) the Office of the Comptroller of the Cur
11	rency;
12	"(8) the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protec
13	tion;
14	"(9) the Securities and Exchange Commission
15	and
16	"(10) State agencies that regulate, supervise, or
17	license banks, trust companies, credit unions, con
18	sumer credit, consumer protection, money trans
19	mission, securities, commodities, and similar areas."
20	SEC. 904. REPORT ON ENERGY CONSUMPTION IN CRYPTO
21	ASSET MARKETS.
22	(a) In General.—Not later than December 31 of
23	each year, the Administrator of the Energy Information
24	Administration shall submit to the Committees on Energy
25	and Natural Resources and Environment and Public

Works of the Senate and the Committees on Energy and 2 Commerce and Natural Resources of the House of Rep-3 resentatives, and make publicly available in a machinereadable format, a report containing an analysis of the fol-4 5 lowing topics with respect to crypto assets: 6 (1) Energy consumption for mining and staking 7 of crypto asset transactions in the financial services 8 industry. 9 (2) The effect of energy consumption described 10 in paragraph (1) on national, regional, and local en-11 ergy prices. 12 (3) The effects of mining and staking of crypto 13 asset transactions on baseload power levels. 14 (4) The use of renewable energy sources or non-15 renewable energy sources for powering crypto asset 16 mining operations that would otherwise be expended. 17 (5) A comparison of crypto asset market energy 18 consumption with the energy consumption of the fi-19 nancial services industry and economy as a whole. 20 (6) The sources and reliability of the data used 21 to analyze the topics described in paragraphs (1) 22 through (5). 23 (b) Consultation.—The Administrator of the Energy Information Administration shall prepare the report 25 under subsection (a) in consultation with the Commodity

1	Futures Trading Commission and the Securities and Ex
2	change Commission.
3	SEC. 905. ANALYSIS OF ENERGY CONSUMPTION BY DIS
4	TRIBUTED LEDGER TECHNOLOGIES.
5	(a) AGREEMENT.—The Director of the National In
6	stitute of Standards and Technology shall seek to enter
7	into an agreement with the National Academies of
8	Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine (in this section re
9	ferred to as the "National Academies") to conduct the
10	analysis under subsection (b) and submit the report under
11	subsection (e).
12	(b) Analysis.—Under an agreement between the Di
13	rector and the National Academies entered into pursuant
14	to subsection (a), the National Academies shall conduc
15	an analysis of matters relating to energy consumption by
16	distributed ledger technologies, including analysis of the
17	following topics as they pertain to such technologies:
18	(1) Evidence-based analysis of energy consump
19	tion by proof of stake and proof of work consensus
20	mechanisms relating to distributed ledger technology
21	generally.
22	(2) Industry best practices to reduce energy
23	consumption using proof of stake and proof of work
24	consensus mechanisms.

1	(3) Recommendations for legislative or adminis-
2	trative action to reduce energy consumption and
3	incentivize energy efficiency across related indus-
4	tries.
5	(c) Report.—Under an agreement entered into be-
6	tween the Director and the National Academies under
7	subsection (a), the National Academies shall, not later
8	than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act,
9	submit to the Director, the Secretary of Energy, the Com-
10	mittee on Energy and Natural Resources and the Com-
11	mittee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate,
12	and the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the
13	Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Rep-
14	resentatives a report containing the findings of the Na-
15	tional Academies with respect to the analysis under sub-
16	
16	section (b) and a detailed description of such analysis.
17	section (b) and a detailed description of such analysis. SEC. 906. REPORT ON DISTRIBUTED LEDGER APPLICA-
17	SEC. 906. REPORT ON DISTRIBUTED LEDGER APPLICA-
17 18	SEC. 906. REPORT ON DISTRIBUTED LEDGER APPLICATIONS IN ENERGY.
17 18 19	SEC. 906. REPORT ON DISTRIBUTED LEDGER APPLICATIONS IN ENERGY. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
17 18 19 20	SEC. 906. REPORT ON DISTRIBUTED LEDGER APPLICATIONS IN ENERGY. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy
17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 906. REPORT ON DISTRIBUTED LEDGER APPLICATIONS IN ENERGY. (a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the Committees on Energy and Natural
17 18 19 20 21 22	SEC. 906. REPORT ON DISTRIBUTED LEDGER APPLICATIONS IN ENERGY. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the Committees on Energy and Natural Resources and Environment and Public Works of the Sen-

1	(1) an analysis of, with respect to distributed
2	ledger technology in energy—
3	(A) existing, developing, and potential use
4	cases of distributed ledger technology in energy
5	development and transmission, and related top-
6	ics, as determined by the Secretary; and
7	(B) industry best practices to implement
8	distributed ledger technology; and
9	(2) recommendations for any necessary guide-
10	lines for the usage of distributed ledger technology.
11	(b) Consultation.—The Secretary of Energy shall
12	prepare the report under subsection (a) in consultation
13	with the National Institute of Standards and Technology
13 14	with the National Institute of Standards and Technology and the Secretary of Commerce.
14	and the Secretary of Commerce.
14 15	and the Secretary of Commerce. SEC. 907. PERMITTING FEDERAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOY-
14 15 16	and the Secretary of Commerce. SEC. 907. PERMITTING FEDERAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOY- EES TO GAIN EXPERIENCE WITH CRYPTO
14 15 16 17	and the Secretary of Commerce. SEC. 907. PERMITTING FEDERAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOY- EES TO GAIN EXPERIENCE WITH CRYPTO ASSET TECHNOLOGIES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Solely for the purposes of section
14 15 16 17	and the Secretary of Commerce. SEC. 907. PERMITTING FEDERAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOY- EES TO GAIN EXPERIENCE WITH CRYPTO ASSET TECHNOLOGIES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Solely for the purposes of section
14 15 16 17 18	and the Secretary of Commerce. SEC. 907. PERMITTING FEDERAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOY- EES TO GAIN EXPERIENCE WITH CRYPTO ASSET TECHNOLOGIES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Solely for the purposes of section 2640.202 of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations, or any
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	and the Secretary of Commerce. SEC. 907. PERMITTING FEDERAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOY- EES TO GAIN EXPERIENCE WITH CRYPTO ASSET TECHNOLOGIES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Solely for the purposes of section 2640.202 of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor regulation, crypto assets listed for traded on a
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	and the Secretary of Commerce. SEC. 907. PERMITTING FEDERAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOY- EES TO GAIN EXPERIENCE WITH CRYPTO ASSET TECHNOLOGIES. (a) In General.—Solely for the purposes of section 2640.202 of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor regulation, crypto assets listed for traded on a crypto asset exchange registered under the Commodity
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	and the Secretary of Commerce. SEC. 907. PERMITTING FEDERAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOY- EES TO GAIN EXPERIENCE WITH CRYPTO ASSET TECHNOLOGIES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Solely for the purposes of section 2640.202 of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor regulation, crypto assets listed for traded on a crypto asset exchange registered under the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. et seq.) shall be considered to

1	(b) LEGAL OPINIONS.—The legal advisories issued by
2	the Office of Government Ethics entitled "Guidance for
3	Reporting Virtual Currency on Financial Disclosure Re-
4	ports" (LA-18-06; issued June 18, 2018) and "Applica-
5	tion of the Securities and Mutual Fund Exemptions to
6	Cryptocurrency, Stablecoins, and Related Investments'
7	(LA-22-04; issued July 5, 2022) shall have no force or
8	effect to the extent that either such advisory is incon-
9	sistent with subsection (a).
10	SEC. 908. ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON FINANCIAL INNOVA
11	TION.
12	(a) Establishment.—There is established the Advi-
13	sory Committee on Financial Innovation (in this section
14	referred to as the "Committee").
15	(b) Membership.—
16	(1) Composition.—The Committee shall be
17	composed of 11 members, as follows:
18	(A) 2 members appointed by the President
19	from the financial technology industry.
20	(B) 4 members appointed by the President
21	with specializations in consumer protection
22	consumer education, financial literacy, or finan-
23	
23	cial inclusion.

1	(C) The Director of the Office of Financial
2	Innovation of the Commodity Futures Trading
3	Commission.
4	(D) The Director of the Office of Financial
5	Innovation of the Securities and Exchange
6	Commission.
7	(E) A member of the Board of Governors
8	of the Federal Reserve System, as voted upon
9	by the Board.
10	(F) A State banking supervisor, as des-
11	ignated by the Conference of State Bank Super-
12	visors.
13	(G) A State securities regulator, as des-
14	ignated by the National Association of State
15	Securities Administrators.
16	(2) POLITICAL AFFILIATION.—Not more than 4
17	of the members of the Committee shall be from the
18	same political party.
19	(3) APPOINTMENT DATE.—The appointments of
20	the members of the Committee shall be made not
21	later than 60 days after the date of enactment of
22	this Act.
23	(4) Period of appointment; vacancies.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—A member of the Com-
25	mittee shall be appointed for a term of 4 years.

1	(B) Vacancies.—A vacancy in the Com-
2	mittee—
3	(i) shall not affect the powers of the
4	Committee; and
5	(ii) shall be filled in the same manner
6	as the original appointment.
7	(5) Meetings.—
8	(A) Initial meeting.—Not later than 60
9	days after the date on which all members of the
10	Committee have been appointed, the Committee
11	shall hold its first meeting.
12	(B) Frequency.—The Committee shall
13	meet at the call of the Chair.
14	(C) Quorum.—A majority of the members
15	of the Committee shall constitute a quorum, but
16	a lesser number of members may hold hearings.
17	(6) Chairperson.—The members described in
18	subparagraphs (C) and (D) of paragraph (1) shall
19	alternate, on a yearly basis, as Chairperson of the
20	Committee, with the member described in such sub-
21	paragraph (D) serving as the Chair for the 1-year
22	period following establishment of the Committee.
23	(c) Duties.—
24	(1) Matters studied.—The matters studied
25	by the Committee shall include—

1	(A) crypto assets;
2	(B) consumer education and financial lit-
3	eracy;
4	(C) innovations in the securities and com-
5	modities markets;
6	(D) innovations banking, payments, and
7	settlement;
8	(E) consumer credit;
9	(F) financial inclusion, including reducing
10	the cost of financial services for all people of
11	the United States and promoting access to
12	those services;
13	(G) efficiency in the financial system;
14	(H) reduction of systemic risk;
15	(I) competition in financial services; and
16	(J) the State-Federal partnership in finan-
17	cial services regulation.
18	(2) Report.—On an annual basis, or as other-
19	wise determined necessary by the Chair of the Com-
20	mittee, the Committee shall report to the President
21	and to Congress on, and provide recommendations
22	for legislation, regulation, and supervision relating
23	to innovation in, the matters studied under para-
24	graph (1).
25	(d) Powers.—

1	(1) Hearings.—The Committee shall hold not
2	less than 2 hearings per calendar year to hear from
3	interested parties and to discuss the work of the
4	Committee.
5	(2) Information from federal agencies.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Committee may
7	secure directly from a Federal department or
8	agency such information as the Committee con-
9	siders necessary to carry out this section.
10	(B) Furnishing information.—On re-
11	quest of the Chair of the Committee, the head
12	of the department or agency shall furnish the
13	information to the Committee.
14	(3) Postal services.—The Committee may
15	use the United States mails in the same manner and
16	under the same conditions as other departments and
17	agencies of the Federal Government.
18	(e) Compensation.—
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—All members of the Com-
20	mittee shall serve without compensation in addition
21	to that received for their services as officers or em-
22	ployees of the United States, and all other members
23	of the Committee shall serve without compensation.
24	(2) Travel expenses.—Each member of the
25	Committee may be allowed travel expenses, including

per diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with sections 5702 and 5703 of title 5, United States Code, while away from their homes or regular places of business in performance of services for the Council.

(f) Staff.—

(1) In General.—The Chair of the Committee may, without regard to the civil service laws (including regulations), appoint and terminate an executive director and such other additional personnel as may be necessary to enable the Committee to perform its duties, except that the employment of an executive director shall be subject to confirmation by the Committee.

(2) Compensation.—The Chair of the Committee may fix the compensation of the executive director and other personnel without regard to chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, relating to classification of positions and General Schedule pay rates, except that the rate of pay for the executive director and other personnel may not exceed the rate payable for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of that title.

- 1 (g) Detail of Government Employees.—A Fed-
- 2 eral Government employee may be detailed to the Com-
- 3 mittee without reimbursement, and such detail shall be
- 4 without interruption or loss of civil service status or privi-
- 5 lege.
- 6 (h) Procurement of Temporary and Intermit-
- 7 TENT SERVICES.—The Chair of the Committee may pro-
- 8 cure temporary and intermittent services under section
- 9 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, at rates for individ-
- 10 uals that do not exceed the daily equivalent of the annual
- 11 rate of basic pay prescribed for level V of the Executive
- 12 Schedule under section 5316 of that title.
- 13 (i) Termination.—Section 14 of the Federal Advi-
- 14 sory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to
- 15 the Committee.

16 TITLE X—EQUIPPING AGENCIES

- 17 TO PROTECT CONSUMERS
- 18 AND PROMOTE RESPONSIBLE
- 19 **INNOVATION**
- 20 SEC. 1001. EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT APPRO-
- 21 PRIATIONS.
- 22 (a) Office of Science and Technology Pol-
- 23 ICY.—For the purposes of hiring specialist positions with-
- 24 in the Office of Science and Technology Policy to coordi-
- 25 nate Federal activities and advise the President on mat-

- 1 ters of research and development relating to crypto assets,
- 2 distributed ledger technology, artificial intelligence and
- 3 other innovative financial technologies, including funding
- 4 the position created by section 10671 of 136 Stat. 1688
- 5 and coordinating the national research and development
- 6 strategy required by section 5913 of 136 Stat. 2395, there
- 7 is authorized to be appropriated to the Executive Office
- 8 of the President the following:
- 9 (1) \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2023, to remain
- available until September 30, 2024.
- 11 (2) \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2024, to remain
- available until September 30, 2025.
- 13 (3) \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2025, to remain
- available until September 30, 2026.
- 15 (4) \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2026, to remain
- available until September 30, 2027.
- 17 (5) \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2027, to remain
- available until September 30, 2028.
- 19 (b) National Economic Council.—For the pur-
- 20 poses of hiring specialist positions within the National
- 21 Economic Council to coordinate Federal activities and ad-
- 22 vise the President on matters of financial and economic
- 23 policy relating to crypto assets, distributed ledger tech-
- 24 nology, artificial intelligence and other innovative financial

1 technologies, there is authorized to be appropriated to the

2	Executive Office of the President the following:
3	(1) \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2023, to remain
4	available under September 30, 2024.
5	(2) \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2024, to remain
6	available until September 30, 2025.
7	(3) \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2025, to remain
8	available until September 30, 2026.
9	(4) \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2026, to remain
10	available until September 30, 2027.
11	(5) \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2027, to remain
12	available until September 30, 2028.
13	SEC. 1002. FINANCIAL CRIMES ENFORCEMENT NETWORK
14	APPROPRIATIONS.
14	All Horitanions.
15	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—For the
15	(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the
15 16	(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the purposes of developing policy relating to crypto assets, ac-
15 16 17	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—For the purposes of developing policy relating to crypto assets, acquiring information technology resources, establishing the
15 16 17 18	(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the purposes of developing policy relating to crypto assets, acquiring information technology resources, establishing the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network Innovation Lab-
15 16 17 18 19	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—For the purposes of developing policy relating to crypto assets, acquiring information technology resources, establishing the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network Innovation Laboratory and enforcement of the laws within its jurisdiction
15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—For the purposes of developing policy relating to crypto assets, acquiring information technology resources, establishing the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network Innovation Laboratory and enforcement of the laws within its jurisdiction relating to crypto assets, there is authorized to be appro-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—For the purposes of developing policy relating to crypto assets, acquiring information technology resources, establishing the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network Innovation Laboratory and enforcement of the laws within its jurisdiction relating to crypto assets, there is authorized to be appropriated to the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network of
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—For the purposes of developing policy relating to crypto assets, acquiring information technology resources, establishing the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network Innovation Laboratory and enforcement of the laws within its jurisdiction relating to crypto assets, there is authorized to be appropriated to the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network of the Department of the Treasury the following:

1	(2) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2024, to remain
2	available until September 30, 2025.
3	(3) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2025, to remain
4	available until September 30, 2026.
5	(4) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2026, to remain
6	available until September 30, 2027.
7	(5) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2027, to remain
8	available until September 30, 2028.
9	(b) Incentive Premium for Highly Qualified
10	Individuals.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
11	law or regulation, the Director of the Financial Crimes
12	Enforcement Network of the Department of the Treasury
13	may pay an annual incentive premium of not more than
14	20 percent of the annual rate of basic pay for a position
15	if necessary to attract highly qualified individuals for posi-
16	tions that the Director has certified to the Director of the
17	Office of Personnel Managements reflect the needs of the
18	Financial Crimes Enforcement Network.
19	SEC. 1003. COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION
20	APPROPRIATIONS.
21	(a) Office of Financial Innovation.—
22	(1) In general.—There is established within
23	the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (re-
24	ferred to in this subsection as the "Commission")

1	the Office of Financial Innovation (referred to in
2	this subsection as the "Office").
3	(2) DIRECTOR.—The Commission shall appoint
4	a Director of the Office—
5	(A) to manage the duties of the Office; and
6	(B) to serve as the principal advisor to the
7	Commission on matters relating to responsible
8	financial innovation.
9	(3) Duties.—The duties of the Office shall
10	be—
11	(A) to coordinate the activities of the Com-
12	mission with respect to responsible financial in-
13	novation, including protection of consumers;
14	(B) to ensure the global competitiveness of
15	the United States financial system;
16	(C) to conduct research; and
17	(D) to carry out any other duties as other-
18	wise provided by law.
19	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—
20	(1) In general.—There is authorized to be
21	appropriated to the Commodity Futures Trading
22	Commission \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years
23	2023 through 2027 for the purposes of—
24	(A) implementing this Act and the amend-
25	ments made by this Act;

1	(B) developing policy relating to crypto as
2	sets;
3	(C) establishing the Office of Financial In
4	novation under subsection (a);
5	(D) hiring experts;
6	(E) rulemaking;
7	(F) administrative and shared services
8	and
9	(G) acquiring information technology re
10	sources relating to crypto assets.
11	(2) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts made available
12	pursuant to paragraph (1) shall remain available for
13	a period of 1 fiscal year.
14	(3) Limitations.—Amounts made available
15	pursuant to paragraph (1)—
16	(A) with the exception of appropriations
17	made available for fiscal year 2024, shall not be
18	available until a customer protection and mar
19	ket integrity authority has been registered
20	under section 9809 of title 31, United States
21	Code; and
22	(B) may not be used for enforcement ac
23	tivities, unless otherwise provided by law.

1	SEC. 1004. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AP-
2	PROPRIATIONS.
3	(a) Office of Financial Innovation.—
4	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established
5	within the Securities and Exchange Commission (re-
6	ferred to in this section as the "Commission") the
7	Office of Financial Innovation (referred to in this
8	section as the "Office") to coordinate the activities
9	of the Commission with respect to responsible finan-
10	cial innovation, including—
11	(A) with respect to the protection of con-
12	sumers; and
13	(B) by—
14	(i) conducting research;
15	(ii) ensuring the global competitive-
16	ness of the financial system of the United
17	States; and
18	(iii) performing duties as otherwise
19	provided by law.
20	(2) DIRECTOR.—The Commission shall appoint
21	a Director—
22	(A) to—
23	(i) manage the duties of the Office
24	and

1	(11) serve as principal advisor to the
2	Commission on matters relating to respon-
3	sible financial innovation; and
4	(B) who shall be accountable to the Com-
5	mission.
6	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Subject
7	to subsection (c), for the purposes of implementing this
8	Act, developing policy relating to crypto assets, estab-
9	lishing the Office, appointing individuals who are experts
10	in their fields, conducting rulemakings, carrying out ad-
11	ministrative and shared services, and acquiring informa-
12	tion technology resources within the jurisdiction of the
13	Commission relating to crypto assets, there is authorized
14	to be appropriated to the Commission the following:
15	(1) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2023, to re-
16	main available until September 30, 2024.
17	(2) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2024, to re-
18	main available until September 30, 2025.
19	(3) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2025, to re-
20	main available until September 30, 2026.
21	(4) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2026, to re-
22	main available until September 30, 2027.
23	(5) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2027, to re-
24	main available until September 30, 2028.

1	(c) Limitations.—With respect to amounts that are
2	appropriated pursuant to the authorization under sub-
3	section (b), those amounts—
4	(1) except with respect to amounts that are
5	made available for fiscal year 2024, shall not be
6	available until a customer protection and market in-
7	tegrity authority has been registered under section
8	9809 of title 31, United States Code, as added by
9	section 601; and
10	(2) may not be used for enforcement activities,
11	unless otherwise provided by law.
12	SEC. 1005. FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION APPROPRIA
13	TIONS.
1314	TIONS. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
14	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
14 15	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:(1) It is important that the United States re-
141516	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:(1) It is important that the United States remains a leader in innovation.
14151617	 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: (1) It is important that the United States remains a leader in innovation. (2) Crypto assets and distributed ledger tech-
14 15 16 17 18	 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: (1) It is important that the United States remains a leader in innovation. (2) Crypto assets and distributed ledger technology are driving innovation and providing con-
141516171819	 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: (1) It is important that the United States remains a leader in innovation. (2) Crypto assets and distributed ledger technology are driving innovation and providing consumers with increased choice and convenience.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: (1) It is important that the United States remains a leader in innovation. (2) Crypto assets and distributed ledger technology are driving innovation and providing consumers with increased choice and convenience. (3) The use of crypto assets and distributed
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: (1) It is important that the United States remains a leader in innovation. (2) Crypto assets and distributed ledger technology are driving innovation and providing consumers with increased choice and convenience. (3) The use of crypto assets and distributed ledger technology is likely to increase in the future.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: (1) It is important that the United States remains a leader in innovation. (2) Crypto assets and distributed ledger technology are driving innovation and providing consumers with increased choice and convenience. (3) The use of crypto assets and distributed ledger technology is likely to increase in the future. (4) The Federal Trade Commission is response.

1	(5) The Federal Trade Commission has pre-
2	viously taken action against unscrupulous companies
3	and individuals that committed unfair or deceptive
4	acts or practices involving crypto assets.
5	(6) To bolster the ability of the Federal Trade
6	Commission to enforce against unfair or deceptive
7	acts or practices involving crypto assets, the Com-
8	mission should ensure staff have appropriate train-
9	ing and resources to identify and pursue such cases.
10	(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the
11	purposes of executing the duties set forth in subsection
12	(c) of this section, there is authorized to be appropriated
13	to the Federal Trade Commission the following:
14	(1) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2023, to remain
15	available until September 30, 2024.
16	(2) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2024, to remain
17	available until September 30, 2025.
18	(3) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2025, to remain
19	available until September 30, 2026.
20	(4) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2026, to remain
21	available until September 30, 2027.
22	(5) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2027, to remain
23	available until September 30, 2028.

1	(c) Purposes.—The Federal Trade Commission
2	shall use the funds appropriated under subsection (b) for
3	the following purposes:
4	(1) Enforcement relating to unfair or deceptive
5	acts or practices by persons in the crypto asset in-
6	dustry which are not currently supervised by a Fed-
7	eral or State financial regulator.
8	(2) Highlighting best practices by lawful crypto
9	asset businesses.
10	(3) Promoting responsible innovation.
11	(4) Consumer education relating to fraudulent
12	crypto asset activity.
13	(5) Investigating unlawful restraints of trade in
14	the crypto asset industry.
15	(6) Operations of the Office of Crypto Asset
16	Consumer Protection, as specified by subsection (d).
17	(d) Office of Crypto Asset Consumer Protec-
18	TION.—There is created within the Federal Trade Com-
19	mission the Office of Crypto Asset Consumer Protection.
20	The Office shall conduct consumer education relating to
21	crypto assets and develop best practices for consumer pro-
22	tection for the crypto asset industry, and recommend en-
23	forcement action, as appropriate, to the Division of En-
24	forcement of the Commission.

1	(e) Report to Congress.—Not later than Sep-
2	tember 30 of each year for which an appropriation was
3	made available under subsection (a), the Federal Trade
4	Commission shall provide a report of activities conducted
5	pursuant to subsection (b) of this section to the following
6	committees of Congress:
7	(1) The Committee on Commerce, Science, and
8	Transportation of the Senate.
9	(2) The Committee on Appropriations of the
10	Senate.
11	(3) The Committee on Energy and Commerce
12	of the House of Representatives.
13	(4) The Committee on Appropriations of the
14	House of Representatives.
15	SEC. 1006. ADVISORY COMMISSION ON FINANCIAL INNOVA-
16	TION APPROPRIATIONS.
17	To carry out the duties of the Advisory Committee
18	on Financial Innovation created by section 908 of this Act,
19	there is appropriated:
20	(1) \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2023, to remain
21	available until September 30, 2024.
22	(2) \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2024, to remain
23	available until September 30, 2025.
24	(3) \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2025, to remain
25	available until September 30, 2026.

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1	(4) \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2026, to remain
2	available until September 30, 2027.
3	(5) \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2027, to remain
4	available until September 30, 2028.